Second Edition

Newport Daily News.

Second Edition

ESTABLISHED 1846 NEWPORT, R. I., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1911.—TEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

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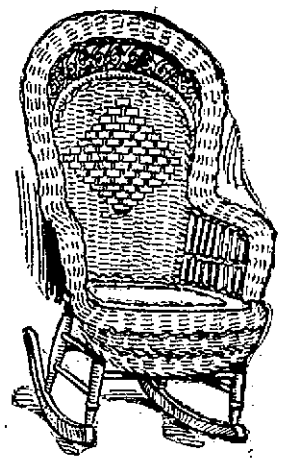

A radical departure from "cut and dried" designs in the weaving will be observed in the back and also below the front edge. The rocker is only one of many from a great stock, but it is

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Antique Finish 44in. Top 20.00 now 10.50

CHAIRS.

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Quartered Oak Leather seats, 3.00 to 4.00 now 1.50 to 2.25
Quartered Oak Arm chairs, 11.00 now 4.50
Oak, richly carved Leather backs and seats, 10.00 now 5.50
Arm chairs same pattern 13.50 now 6.50
Several other styles, with leather upholstery, 7.50 to 12.50 now 3.50 to 6.90

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Cherry Finish Buffet Bev. mirror ..... 30.00 now 11.98
Quartered Oak Buffet Bev. Mirror ..... 35.00 now 16.98
Oak China Cabinets ..... 17.50 to 25.00. now 11.98 to 18.50.

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It is worth knowing how the careful buyers have watched this sale and how they enjoy the advantage of it.

See our goods and compare with any kind of so called bargain which you have seen elsewhere.

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A SUCCESS FOR REVOLUTIONISTS.

Occupation of Juarez by Federals Called a Victory.

Orozco's Plans Drawn from Confederate Movements During Civil War.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The occupation of Juarez by federal troops under General Navarro spelled victory, not defeat, for the Mexican revolutionists in the opinion of Gustavo A. Madero, brother of the head of the provisional government, and confidential agent in Washington for the insurrectionists. He credits General Orozco, commander of the revolutionary troops, with a deep laid plan of military strategy drawn from a study of confederate movements in Northern Virginia during the Civil war, and declares that Navarro fell into a trap when he marched to the relief of Juarez.

"A study of the map of Northern Mexico would show why Orozco made his demonstration against Juarez," said Madero last night. "His real purpose was to draw away from the vicinity of the state capital, Chiguahua, the entire federal forces located there. To do this his only hope lay in menacing Juarez, to whose rescue he knew Navarro and Rabago would come, rather than let the customs house fall into insurgent hands. You will notice that practically no obstacles were placed in the way of the rescuing expedition. Today Orozco is on his way southward, stronger than ever. There he will control all railway communication between Navarro and the capital. It will now be impossible for Navarro or Rabago to get any more men, unless some are permitted to come through United States territory.

"Orozco never had any idea of taking Juarez. I know that he remarked in English to a close friend that he intended to make an 'early movement' and added that he hoped it would be more successful than the original one. I heard of this conversation some time ago before the demonstration before Juarez and admit that I studied over it a long time. By mere chance, a few days later, I mentioned the incident to an intimate friend of mine, a veteran of the Civil war. He said Orozco must have referred to the raid of General Early in 1863, and that commander's demonstration against Washington, a movement which caused the withdrawal of a large body of federal troops in readiness to march on Richmond."

Senor Madero said that General Orozco had about 900 cavalry and that there was another force west of Chihuahua, consisting of about 1,000 cavalry and another column to the northwest of about 600 more.

MEXICAN FEDERALS REPULSED

Governor Vega of Lower California Reported Mortally Wounded.

CALEXICO, Cal., Feb. 17.—Screened by the smoke of a burning railroad bridge and smouldering mesquite bushes, the insurrectos began a movement yesterday evidently meant as a return attack upon the Mexican Federals. In the judgment of the United States officers, Governor Vega's men were repulsed Wednesday and apparently it is the intention of the rebel leaders, Generals Bertholdt and Leyva, to turn their advantage into a decisive victory.

Governor Vega of Lower California was in command of the attacking force. He is reported as mortally wounded, but this has not been verified.

The rebels had all the advantage of position, Bertholdt and Leyva having placed 300 armed and unarmed men in a zigzag line across the arroyos leading to the New river. From this position they poured a heavy fire into Vega's troops. The latter displayed much daring. Once they charged the rebel position, but, being outnumbered, were easily driven back. It was in this charge that the Federals suffered their heaviest losses.

The insurgents have a further advantage in the attendance of American army surgeons and the civilian physicians of Calexico. The Federals are believed to be without medical aid.

General Bertholdt, the American Socialist, second in command of the rebel force holding Mexicali, blew up one railroad bridge and fired another to the eastward of Mexicali. This was done, he said, to impede the progress of the Federals, who were believed to be coming to Mexicali by way of Yuma. The rebel commander was somewhat resentful of what he terms the evident intention of the government at Washington to grant the Federal troops advantages not enjoyed by the insurrectos. General Tasker H. Bliss, U. S. A., commanding the Department of California, arrived yesterday. A request was made on him by officials of the California Development Company, which supplies irrigation waters to the Imperial Valley, to send soldiers to safeguard their property. General Bliss telegraphed to Washington for instructions and received the response that not a single American soldier was to cross the boundary line without direct instructions from Washington.

WIRES AT MEXICALI DOWN.

Vega Makes Unsuccessful Attack on the Insurrecto Forces.

MEXICALI, Mexico, Feb. 17.—Under a Red Cross flag a newspaper correspondent traversed the scene of yesterday's battle, and though Leyva reported 11 federals slain, he saw only four dead, three regulars and a volunteer. General Leyva, chief of the insurrecto forces here, when asked regarding the battle said: "We could have held Mexicali against 1,000 men. Vega is no soldier. If he were he would not have attacked us from the south."

Prior to the battle the insurgents cut the telegraph lines connecting Mexicali with Algodones and Andrade, near Yuma. Permission was given yesterday to repair the line, but after workmen had been over from Calexico, Leyva received information that the Mexican regulars were nearing Yuma and he forthwith sent out a detachment to chase the electricians to the American side again. As a result

Continued on Ninth Page.

TWO CLERKSHIPS PASS THE SENATE.

Third Likely to be Approved by Same Vote, 19 to 9.

Democratic Committee Members Offer to Serve Without Pay.

[Special despatch to The News.]

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 17.—The senate spent several hours today in debating the question of whether or not three committees with little work should employ clerks at an expense to the state of $1,500. The Republican majority decided that they should, despite all that has been said about the unfairness to the state and the fact that a member of each of the committees in question offered his services free as clerk of his committee. Graft was not charged openly, though the veiling was very thin, and when one of the Democrats suggested that the Republicans were holding up the state treasury like highwaymen he was called to order by Lieutenant Governor Bliss and told that he could not speak his mind if it ran that way.

Other than this there was not much done in the legislature, and interest was centered there by the members of the house and politicians in general. It has been charged that during the past two days a great deal of work has been done to whip certain Republicans into line, and there were more than the usual number of absentees when an important subject is up. There were three pairs in each case, it was represented because of important matters. Senator Lawton of Tiverton was paired with Senator Bowen of Scituate, Senator Sanborn with Senator Munroe of Providence, and Senator Arnold of Westerly, who was very anxious to be present, was paired with Senator Mowry of South Kingston.

At 2:30 o'clock, at the end of just two hours' fighting, clerks for the militia and charities and corrections committees had been approved. While the ground was all being gone over again in discussing the desirability of a clerk for the committee on pardons and was likely to take some time, it was agreed that the result on roll-call would be the same, 19 for the employment of the clerk and 9 against.

The only work in the Senate was the reception of two acts introduced by Senator McKenna, regarding the June elections in Cumberland, which were referred to the judiciary committee.

In the debate on the clerkships, Senator Munroe told what he knew about the committee on militia and expressed his willingness to serve free, as he did last year. Senator Mowry also offered his services for the charities and corrections committee on the same terms, and Senator Johnson of East Providence, a lawyer, said he would give the state such time as it required for service as secretary on the committee on pardons. It was denied in toto that there was need of a paid clerk for either committee.

Senator Johnson, in the debate on his committee's clerkship, said he did not know much about graft but he did know that a while ago in Philadelphia the politicians had ordered a chair for $500 which cost $20. He desired to know what is the difference between the $20 chair and the clerkship in this state, where the clerkship value is actually 50 cents per hour.

Mr. McKenna of Cumberland failed to use such a roundabout argument and said the paying of clerks for these committees under authorization by the senate would be like the act of a highwayman putting his hands in some one's pocket. Lieutenant Governor Bliss called the speaker to order.

In the house Mr. Baldwin presented a bill to compel street railways to provide seats for regular patrons. Referred to the committee on judiciary.

Mr. Quinn of Pawtucket introduced an act requiring the police authorities of the various cities and towns to give one day a week off to all policemen. Referred to the judiciary committee.

Mr. Hughes of Pawtucket introduced an act providing graduated pay, from $100 to $800 per annum, for clerks of committees of the legislature. Referred to the judiciary committee.

Mr. Cutler of Providence introduced an act providing for the payment of persons hurt while employed. Referred to the judiciary committee.

Mr. West of Providence presented the petition of Edward Mulvaney and others for the abolishment of the property qualification. Referred to the committee on special legislation.

The committee on judiciary reported back the Canadian reciprocity resolution. Placed on the calendar.

From the calendar were taken and passed resolutions providing for the publication of volume 31 of Rhode Island Reports, and requesting the Rhode Island Senators and Congressmen to promote the passage of the Sulloway pension bill.

LOBSTER LAW IN COURT.

Arguments on Constitutionality Heard in Newport Greek Cases.

[Special despatch to the News.]

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 17.—Arguments on five complaints, brought by Deputy Commissioner Luth against five Newport Greeks—Constantine Kafines, Thorn Christopoulos, James Raftha, Starat Deanotres and Sader Saderas—were presented to the full bench of the supreme court in this city today, the issue being on sections 1 and 2 of chapter 437 of the Public Statutes, known as the lobster law.

Walter H. Barney of Providence and Theodore P. Irons of Boston appeared for the defendants, arguing that the statute is in conflict with the constitution of Rhode Island, in that the law gives arbitrary rights to the commissioners of inland fisheries to refuse licenses to citizens of the state, and to aliens of more than one year's residence in the state; that the law abridges the privileges of citizens of the United States, in that it prohibits them from manual labor as servants of proprietors of fishing, and that it prohibits proprietors from employing whatever servants they desire.

R. W. Lyman, attorney for Commissioner Luth, argued that the law does not make these restrictions in violation of the constitution. The court held the case for advisement.

KILLS THE MOVE FOR ANNEXATION.

House Committee Decides Against Resolutions.

Administration Afraid of the Effect on Reciprocity

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—To offset the Canadian annexation talk, which the administration feared might affect the reciprocity agreement, the House committee on foreign affairs today, by a vote of 9 to 4, reported adversely on the resolutions introduced yesterday by Representative Bennett of New York, for the opening of negotiations with Great Britain looking to the annexation of Canada. Mr. Bennett was the only member of the committee who voted for the resolutions and the action followed conferences of Chairman Foster of the committee and Acting Chairman McCall of the ways and means committee with President Taft today.

One of the Bennett resolutions asked the President to report to the House for its information all the facts concerning any negotiations now pending with the Canadian or British governments, and also whether any negotiations are now pending looking to Canadian annexation. The other resolution, a concurrent one, requested the President "to enter upon and to prosecute from time to time such negotiations with the British government as he may deem expedient for the annexation of the Dominion of Canada to the United States.

Chairman Tawney of the appropriations committee yesterday suggested to Chairman Foster of the foreign affairs committee that the committee be called together and hear Secretary Knox, with a view to meeting the annexation talk. The meeting was called, but it was deemed unnecessary for Mr. Knox to appear.

ENGLISHMEN DISTURBED.

Bennett Resolution to be Subject of Inquiry in Parliament.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—Even, if as is suspected in some quarters, Congressman Bennett of New York has no more sinister motive than to embarrass the reciprocity forces in his own country, there is no room for doubt that his Canadian annexation resolution introduced in the House yesterday, has greatly disturbed certain minds on this side of the Atlantic. So seriously is the matter taken by the imperial preference party that it will be made a subject of interpellation of the government in the House of Commons February 21. Premier Asquith will be asked at that time if he intends to send any communication on the subject to the United States government. The flurry caused by Representative Champ Clark's declaration that he hoped to see the day when the American flag would float over the British North American possessions had scarcely passed when the cable brought Mr. Bennett's resolution, asking the President to enter upon such negotiations with the Dominion government as he might deem expedient for the annexation of the Dominion of Canada to the United States. At once the dying agitation in opposition to the United States Canada reciprocity agreement was revived. The Liberal press refuses to take either the speech of the future Speaker of the House or Mr. Bennett's resolution seriously, but a portion of the tariff reform press is making the most of both for its own used.

Again No Quorum.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 17.—On the twenty-seventh joint ballot for United States Senator today there was no quorum.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

New York, Feb. 17, America, from Napels.

New York, Feb. 17, President Lincoln, from Hamburg.

PRICES STILL VERY LOW.

Leg Mutton	12c
Fore Mutton	06c
Rib Roast Beef	11c to 18c
Small Native Pork	14c
Small Roasting Chickens	20c
Large Roast Chickens	22c to 25c
Fresh Turkeys	27c
Fresh Cod	20c
Fresh Shoulder Hams	13c
Fresh Trip	2 lbs for 25c
Bacon (By the strip)	18c
Grape Fruit	40c doz

MARLBOROUGH MARKET.

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A. B. Commerford,

IMPORTING TAILOR,

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From $100 up to $750.

BUY NOW.

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Wm. E. Brightman,

164 Believue Ave.

Phone 5.

BARGAINS

—FOR—

Friday and Saturday

Legs Mutton	.14
Forequarters Mutton	.08
Legs Lamb	.18
Mutton Chops	2 lbs. for .25
Loins Pork	.14
Short Steak	.20
Roasting Chickens	.22
Fowls	.20

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Edward A. Brown Co.,

274 Thames Street.

George E. Vernon & Co.,

Cabinet Makers, Upholsterers and Decorators.

91 JOHN STREET,

Newport, R. I.

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THE NEWPORT JOURNAL AND WEEKLY NEWS.

ASKER, MERRALL & CONDIT CO.,

299-301 Thames St. Phones 186 and 187

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY SPECIALS.

Best Tub Butter	per lb.,	32c
North's Small Sugar Cured Hams, 7 to 9 lbs.	per lb.,	16c
Amoshat Catsup, pint bottles		20c
Mrs. Kidd's Pin Money Pickles, pint bottles		28c
Heinz Dill Pickles, glass jars		35c.
Rock Candy, white or brown strings, 15c. per lb.	2 for	25c.
Harvard Bock Beer	per doz.	$1.00
Harvard Ale	" "	1.00
1 Gal. Jugs Special Calf Port	each	1.00
1 " " " " Sherry	each	1.00
Turkish Fig Paste	per lb.	50c.
Week End Special Chocolates and Bon Bons	" "	29c.

Are you thinking up some way of giving your husband a change of meat for dinner?

Sort of perplexed about what would prove the most economical?

A visit to our market will solve the question.

F. B. Coggeshall,

2 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

Telephone 714.

The Bee Hive.

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ADVANCE STYLES

—IN—

Spring SUITS.

A record that is unparalleled in the history of any store was made this year by us when we made a clean sweep of our entire stock of winter suits. Proud of this fact we are in duty bound to compensate the buying public by offering you the newest spring suits thus early in the season. While other stores are trying to force sales of past season suits this store with its clean record is offering new spring suits at prices as low as other stores' old winter stock. Of course we do not claim, as yet, such a complete variety as this store usually carries, but we have enough styles and prices to interest the buying public There is no wisdom in buying an old winter suit when the "BEE HIVE" exclusively offers you brand new ones.

Prices $11.75, $13.50 and $16.50.

HESS-LEYS CO.

EXECUTOR ASKS INJUNCTION.

Desires Court to Halt Suit of Christian Science Founder's Sons.

CONCORD, N. H., Feb. 16.—A bill in equity, having the intent of enjoining George W. Glover from proceeding further in his legal action to have declared void the will of his mother, the late Mrs. Mary Baker Glover Eddy, founder of the Christian Science Church, was filed in the superior court here late today by counsel for Henry M. Baker, executor of the estate of the late Mary Baker G. Eddy and descendant, and a hearing was asked on the bill for February 21.

The bill is asked on the ground that George W. Glover, with Dr. Foster Eddy, previous to their mother's death, signed an agreement to forego all rights to any part of Mrs. Eddy's property on her death in returnu for a considerable sum paid to them at the time.

Following Mrs. Eddy's death, however, proceedings were brought in their name to have the will declared illegal inasmuch as it gave the residue of the estate to the Christian Science Church, the amount being, it was claimed, far beyond the $2,000 or $2,500 annual revenue permitted in such bequests by law.

MIDDLETOWN.

Funeral Services for William James Anthony—Women's Auxiliary Branch Organized.

[Regular correspondence of The News.]

The funeral services for William James Anthony of Providence was held Thursday afternoon at the Methodist Episcopal Church, conducted by Rev. Edward S. Ninde of the Mathewson Street Methodist Episcopal Church, Providence. The casket was preceded down the aisle by Rev. Mr. Ninde, who recited "I am the Resurrection and the Life." Scriptural readings were followed by prayer, and Mrs. Ida Brown, of the church choir, sang as a solo "Face to Face," accompanied by Miss Sadie E. Peckham. In Rev. Mr. Ninde's eulogy he spoke especially of the sustaining faith of the Christian religion, both to those who pass through helplessness and suffering and death as well as to those who remain. In closing he read the poem by Adelaide Proctor, "The Coming of the Lord." Prayer and the benediction concluded the service in the church.

The body was laid in the Truman Congdon lot in the adjoining cemetery, Rev. Mr. Ninde reading the committal service at the grave. The bearers were William J. Peckham, a cousin of the deceased; John Peabody, Elisha A. Peckham and Arthur Sisson. The casket was covered with flowers, among the tributes being a deep wreath of magnolia leaves with side decoration of pink roses, fastened with broad white satin ribbon, bearing in raised gold letters the word, "Father"; sprays of carnations from the church, the Epworth League, the Women's Christian Temperance Union; cluster of roses, calla lilies and tulips.

After a short stop in Newport, Mrs. Anthony, Mr. Edward Hyde Anthony and Miss Lucille Anthony returned to Providence. Mr. and Mrs. LaMont Anthony left Thursday evening for their home in New Haven.

A Middletown branch of the Women's Auxiliary of the Protestant Episcopal Church of Rhode Island was organized at Holy Cross guild house Thursday afternoon. Luncheon was served at 1 o'clock. Mrs. Winslow Upton, secretary of foreign missions, of Providence, was the speaker of the afternoon. She was to have been accompanied by Mrs. George I. Arnold, who was detained at the last moment. Mrs. Winslow, who was a clear and interesting speaker gave a summary of the work of the Auxiliary for the past 40 years and explained in detail the different departments of the mission work. Her remarks were followed by a brief address by the rector, Rev. F. W. Goodman, after which many questions were asked concerning the work and the methods used in the various departments.

The election of officers resulted in the appointment of the following: President, Mrs. J. Alton Barker; first vice president, Mrs. Willard Chase; second vice president, Mrs. Phoebe E. T. Manchester; secretary and treasurer, Mrs. Clarence C. Thurston; secretary of united offering, Mrs. Harold Chase. At the close of the business a meeting of the officers was held and plans formed to meet with the president, Mrs. Barker, early in March. The churches of St. Mary's and Holy Cross were represented.

Mrs. Stephen Congdon has been suffering the past week from a severe attack of rheumatism of the nerves of her arm and side. Her mother, Mrs. Sarah Smith is with her.

The Frances E. Willard memorial meeting to have been held this evening under the auspices of the Women's Christian Temperance Union have been postponed, owing to the Methodist Social Union.

The Newport Ice Company began cutting this morning on Hillside pond, about 20 teams being in operation. The ice ranges from eight to 42 inches, but is somewhat covered by snow.

CHANGED TO SARATOGA.

Substitution Will Give Name of Cruiser New York to One of the New Battleships.

It is announced by Secretary Meyer that cruiser New York will hereafter be known as the Saratoga. The name Manhattan was considered, but did not meet with favor. First, it is the name of a borough, and the law says that names of rivers, cities, towns and villages only shall be used in naming this class of vessels. Secondly, the name is rather too famous in connection with a certain brand of cocktail. This had influence in the selection of Saratoga. Mr. Meyer said Saratoga was more historic than Manhattan. The change in name is to give the name of the metropolis to one of the new battleships authorized at the last session.

The old Texas, the name to be given to the other new battleship, will become known as the San Marcos.

THE ACTUAL HAMLET.

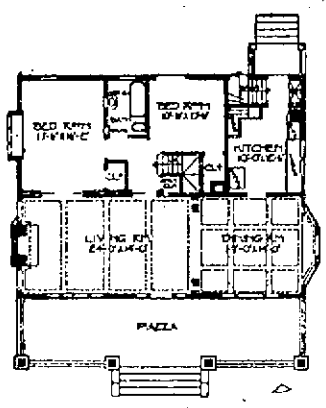
[William Winter in the Century.]

No Shakespearean student is warranted in assuming that Hamlet is a victim of "maniacal-depressive insanity" and in need of a straitjacket, or, with all due respect to the ingenious arguments of Dr. Connolly, that Shakespeare intended the character as "a study in madness." There is no reason to believe that the poet possessed exceptional scientific, physiological or medical knowledge, or that when he wrote "Hamlet" he wrote as an alienist. There is some reason to believe that he built "Hamlet" on the basis of an earlier and bad play on the French "Hystorie of Hamblet," contained in Belleforest's "Histoire Tragique," of which there was an English translation accessible in his time. It is certain, from the testimony of all his works, that he thoroughly knew human nature. In Hamlet he exhibited a representative image of pathetic experience, common in a greater or less degree to the human race, and the human race has therefore continuously manifested intense interest in it.

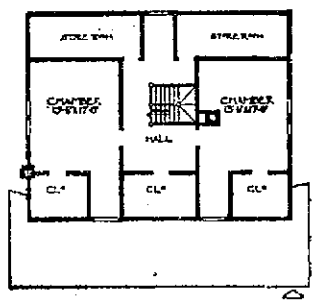
SUBSTANTIAL AND COMFORTABLE.

Design E, by Glenn L. Saxton, Architect, Minneapolis, Minn.

PERSPECTIVE VIEW—FROM A PHOTOGRAPH.



First Floor Plan.



Second Floor Plan.

The gable roof, running parallel to the street, extends out over a broad plaza and is broken by two small dormers. The wide cornice is supported by heavy sawed brackets and is further ornamented by wide sawed barge boards. The exterior has a massive and substantial appearance, and yet suggests comfort. The arrangement of the rooms is complete, practical and home-like. The stairway is not made a prominent feature in this design, being approached from a small hall. The living and dining rooms can be prettily finished in oak, the balance of first story in birch and the second story in white enameled pine. Size of house, 40 feet wide and 32 feet deep.

Glenn L. Saxton.

FATE OF OLD ASTOR HOUSE.

Landmark Will Come Down if Subway Runs Under Foundations.

Many Celebrated Men Have Stayed at the Famous Hostelry During its Long Existence.

[New York Evening Post.]

Should the city decide to build the Tri-borough subway the Astor House will be pulled down. After examining the hotel's foundations the conclusion has been reached that it would not be feasible to underpin the structure while a subway was being built under it. For this reason the Astors already have discussed possibilities that lie in the development of this valuable site, the oldest and most prominent of the family's realty possessions. The improvement depends upon the selection of the Tri-borough route or any other that would involve a disturbance of the hotel foundations, and it is likely that the old landmark will stand for five years more. Inasmuch as that length of time will probably elapse before subway contractors begin to bore at that point.

After completing its plans for the Tri-borough route, the public service commission arranged foundations for a 20-story structure on the Astor House site, but subsequent investigations by the Astors showed that it would be practicable to erect a building of from 35 to 40 stories, and it may be ultimately decided to construct a considerably higher structure.

Astor holdings at this point comprise the entire Broadway frontage from Vesey street to Barclay, a distance of 201.2 feet, facing the square on which fronts the postoffice. Permanent light is also assured by reason of the existence of St. Paul's churchyard, which occupies the block south of the Astor House. This would give the Vesey Street side of the proposed structure exceptional lighting facilities, perhaps unequalled by any location to the south of Chambers street. William Waldorf Astor, through recent purchases, has extended the Astor House plot so that on Vesey street there is a frontage of 232 feet, while on Barclay street the property runs back from Broadway 240 feet.

When the time comes for the improvement of this property it will be necessary, on account of the large area, and the massive character of the structure, to carry the foundations down to bed rock. This presents a difficult engineering problem, owing to the fact that quicksands exist in this part of the city. The time for building is so remote, however, that only preliminary plans have been discussed. The plan of a prominent firm of architects, which may be finally selected, is one which would utilize the street floor for store purposes and entrances. The second to the fifth floors might be utilized as a hotel, while the remaining stories would hold offices. All plans are tentative, and merely form the basis of discussions between agents of John Jacob and William Waldorf Astor, ownership of the hotel being vested in the two branches of the family they represent.

Nicholas Biddle, a trustee of the John Jacob Astor estate, said that in the event of the Astor House being demolished, a ground lease might be arranged. Mr. Biddle added that recent leases had been made with some of the store tenants for two years, and negotiations for a renewal of the hotel leas, held by A. H. Thurston, the present tenant, for an additional period of five years were progressing.

Saying farewell to the old Astor House would come hard to people who know their New York. So many famous hostelries of former days have been torn down to make room for new wonders of steel construction that one might almost expect the city to take the loss of one more landmark as a matter of course. Not so with the Astor House. Its passing would leave a void that no skyscraper could fill. The old graystone building on Broadway, between Vesey and Barclay streets, has outlived so many rumors of its end that people have come to look upon it as a fixture—something that would remain untouched forever, like Trinity Church, or St. Paul's. If only these people who deal in real estate could be moved by sentiment. But they never have been. If they had, perhaps there never would have been any Astor House. For when they built the hotel, it wiped out of existence a landmark of Knickerbocker days, the original Bull's Head Tavern or Drover's Inn, probably the first clubhouse on Manhattan. There were spreading trees in the yard then, and the honest burghers used to sit in the shade smoking their pipes and drinking their schnapps.

Long ago, the Astor House ceased to be the hotel in New York. One by one its uptown rivals began to win that distinction away. But with people who do not yearn for the glitter and splurge of the modern hostelry, it has never lost favor. In these days, it bears all the ear marks of a fine old country hotel. There are coils of rope in the rooms upstairs, with directions how to use them in case of fire. The halls are dark, and the floor slopes in places where the house has settled into its foundations. There are elevators, of course, but these are frills of comparatively recent acquisition. When they built it in the early thirties, it was the last word in hotels, and it hasn't changed very much since then.

There are men who have taken their luncheons in the Astor House rotunda—the famous rotunda, with its stools and its circular counters—for years and years. They even tell of two old men who have not missed a luncheon there in 40 years. But the memory of its oldest patrons does not go back to the days when there was no rotunda in the Astor House. The rotunda is only 52 years old. The space it occupies was originally an open garden, with trees and flower beds and gravel paths, and a fountain playing in the centre. No doubt, it was all very pretty, this garden, but the Astor House would not have earned the reputation it now has, had it not been for the rotunda.

Only once in its history has the Astor House closed its doors, and then only for a short time. It was in 1875, under the proprietorship of Charles A. Stetson, a man whose fault was that he cared more for his friends than for the financial success of his hotel. The auctioneer took possession of the furnishings one fine day, and all the old patrons cleared out. A few months later, the doors were opened once more. When Allen & Dam re-opened it they spent $250,000 in improvements. Allen and Dam were not like the easy-going Mr. Stetson. They started out to make Astor House pay. They reduced the number of rooms to about 200, and turned part of the second and all of the third floor into offices. These rooms have since been converted again into living rooms and dining halls.

The new proprietors took no chances. They ran the hotel on a strictly cash basis. Every morning the chef was sent around to market, with enough money to buy provisions for that one day. He was not permitted to run up bills; nobody in the hotel was. Guests and those who came for meals paid on the spot. There was no "hanging up"

[Continued on Eighth Page.]

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BEN HUR, PILLSBURY
—AND—
DANIEL WEBSTER FLOUR.
NEWPORT PAPER & GROCERY CO.
WHOLESALE ONLY.

Champion's Line,
NAPTHA LAUNCHES, SAIL AND ROW BOATS TO LET BY HOUR, DAY OR WEEK.
Kinsley's Wharf, foot of Pelham St.

A RETIRED OFFICER.

Medical Director Edward Strong Bogert of the Navy Dies at Home in New York.

Medical Director Edward Strong Bogert, U. S. N., (retired), died Thursday at his home in New York of a complication of diseases. He was born in Geneva, N. Y., May 7, 1836, was educated in Brooklyn, and later was graduated from the medical department of teh University of the City of New York. Having entered the navy as assistant surgeon during the Civil war, he took a part in the Mississippi River campaigns.

In 1864 he was on duty at the naval hospital in New York, after being promoted to the rank of passed assistant surgeon. At the close of the war he was relieved from special service and returned to the New York naval hospital laboratory, remaining there from 1867 until 1870, when he was assigned to the Congress. After serving at the marine barracks, Brooklyn, for four years he served on board the Monongahela during Asiatic cruises.

He was promoted to fleet surgeon of the Asiatic squadron in 1883, later was detailed to the Brooklyn navy yard and in 1889 was appointed president of the New York medical examining board. After again serving at the naval hospital he was placed on teh retired list May 17, 1898, but later was on active duty again as recruiting officer at New York and the Boston navy yard.

Dr. Bogert was a member of the Medical Society, of Alumni of Bellevue Hospital, of the St. Nicholas and Holland societies and ranked as rear admiral in the navy retired list.

Alteration Sale
Specials.

Ladies' Rain Coats.
Made of fine quality rubber cloth in tans and greys: A popular slip-on coat for stormy weather. All sizes. Regular price $3.98.
Sale Price $2.98.

Children's Rain Capes.
Those capes come in four colors, red, blue, tan and grey, in ages from 8 to 14. Lined hoods and best materials. Regular price $2.25 and $2.75.
Sale Price $1.69.

Black Silk Petticoats.
A limited number of our $4.00 Taffeta Silk Skirts, made with tailored ruffle and of a splendid quality taffeta silk. Not a cheap skirt, but one with unusual merit. While they last
Sale Price $2.98.

Bradley Mufflers.
The celebrated Bradley Muffler with V neck in white, grey and light blue. Always sold at 50c.
Sale Price 39c.

Ladies' Hosiery.
We have some special values in hosiery for this sale.
Ladies' Medium-Weight Cotton Hose, full fashioned. Regular price 25c.
Sale Price 19c a pair.
Ladies' Gauze Lisle Hose, with garter top and high spliced heels worth 25c per pair.
Sale price 15c a pair.

Long Kimonas.
Kimonas of Serpentine Crepe in various colors. Formerly $1.50. To clean up
Sale price 98c.

Children's Dresses.
Our entire line of 98c dresses in ginghams, percales, Linene, etc., in many styles.
Sale Price 79c each.

Remnants.
Special lot of remnants for this sale, ginghams, white goods and odds and ends from our wash goods stock, in pieces from 3 to 6 yards.
Sale price 8c a yard.

WM. B. SHERMAN, JR.,
145 Thames Street.
Tel. 985.

THE ENTERPRISE.
HART, SCHAFFNER & MARX
—AND—
THE WASHINGTON CO.
SUITS AND OVERCOATS
AT $15.
In these few words
We give you the whole story.
Former Prices $25, $27.50, $30.
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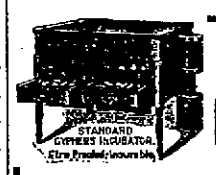

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Incubators and Brooders.
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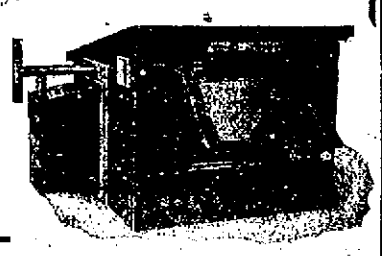
Used in most of the Government Experimental Stations in the country.
All sizes in stock.

Wm. B. Scott & Co.,
8 & 10 Broadway.

ABSOLUTE CLEARANCE SALE
OF ALL TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED HATS.
25 Trimmed Dress and Street Hats, were $10.00 and $15.00, now - - - - - $4.98
15 Children's Trimmed Hats, were $2.98 and $3.98, now - - - - - 98c
25 Beaver Hats, black and colors, were $5.50 and $6.50, now - - - - - $2.98
40 Velvet Turbans, mostly black, trimmed with fancy feathers, were as high as $9.50, now $2.98
All Untrimmed Hats at 98c. and - - $1.98
Bon Ton Millinery,
231 THAMES STREET. PHONE 627

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$1.00 "THE VACO" $1.00
EVERY MAN'S BOTTLE
Keeps liquids hot 24 hours, cold 72 hours.
The only difference between the "Vaco" at $1.00 and other temperature bottles at three and four times the price is in the less expensive case. Every bottle guaranteed and money refunded if not satisfactory.
HORSE BLANKETS.
All grades for street and stable at reduced prices while they last.
"PRAIRIE STATE" INCUBATORS and BROODERS.
All sizes in stock. These machines are easily the best made. They batch strong healthy chicks and take care of them afterwards.
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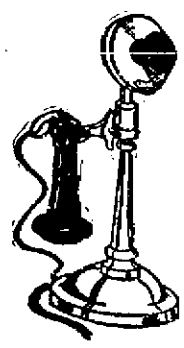
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Manufactured by J. B. Pendegress & Co.
It stops the ache and pain and is a safe, prompt, efficient and sure remedy for corns and callouses.
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The most reliable Prescription Service. The purest drugs and chemicals and Courteous Treatment Prompt Delivery.
NEWPORT, R.I.
WRIGHT & HAY,
Registered Pharmacists.
22 Wash. Sq. Telephone 38

ATTENTION!
Progress toward perfect health cannot even begin without having a healthy stomach and the system must be free from all blood disorders.
Downing's Dyspepsia Tablets
Make pure blood and relieve all troubles arising from a disordered stomach by digesting the food.
A LARGE PACKAGE FOR 25c.
DOWNING BROTHERS,
Pharmacists.
42 and 44 BROADWAY.

YELLOW PINE AND MAPLE FLOORING.
A. & H. G. HAMMETT.
Lumber, Hardware, Sewer Pipe, Cement, Brick, etc.
319-321 Thames Street.

SOME NEW FRENCH HATS.

Novelties in Models of Straw Braid Combined With Ribbon and Many Velvet Flowers.

[Millinery Trade Review.]

A Louison model, made almost entirely of velvet forget-me-nots in tones of deep blue velvet, has centres in these flowers a chain of beaded of small roses rather deep pink in color, each rose having a folded arrangement of Dresden ribbon encircling it. Dark blue chiffon gives a note of strong color. The top of another hat is a novelty straw cloth having a suggestion of cross bars, the ground being a mossy green and the indefinite lines blue and dull red. The hat is faced with blue velvet and trimmed with pink moss roses, moss and green velvet ribbon, the green being an indefinite grayish green, with an ornament of platinum and rhinestones.

A Mme. Tore hat is a beautiful lace trimmed model with small roses and a Delange is a flower hat which is in the exquisite Revenelle shades. A Blanche Vassour model is a beautifully colored turban, somewhat reminiscent of the peach basket shape, of a fancy Jap braid in a rich, purplish red. The shape is practically collapsible and trimmed at the back, with ostrich, three tips in all, in harmonious shades of red, dull green and purple. A box plaited band of ombre taffeta crosses the crown, and on this is applied one of the novelty head bands that are a feature of the present season. Another Delange design is a large pressed hat of black hemp faced with pink and trimmed across the low crown with a full black willow, along the quill of which is a double row of pink roses is applied.

A Suzanne Sr. de Barault novelty is a draped turban made of a cobalt blue manila plateau with an unique arrangement of ribbon at the back. Black velvet ribbon over blue taffeta a little wider, so that there is a blue border on either side of the black, is used for the full bow. The line of the hat, accentuated by the bow, raises toward the back. A knot of blue velvet forget-me-nots centred by a rose is used toward the front instead of around, the only trimming being a cluster of cherries fastened just over the left eye. The crown is formed to fit over the head like a skull cap and is a confirmation of the rumor that coiffures will be simpler and conform more to the shape of the head.

Another Delange model is a black pressed hat. It is profusely trimmed with white vulture aigrettes and has on its upturned brim a decorative band of the new "milk beads" that are one of the season's novelties. A curious little theatre cap from Carlile is made of gray straw and ribbon, the ribbon being used as a piping between the braid, which is sewn up and down. A Paulette and Berthe model of black hemp has irregular velvet binding and trimming of white lilacs and velvet. A hat by Mme. Vasselin Villelard, in brilliant blue, is a turban made from a hood, and trimmed in coronet effect with miniature cornflowers, and a bow of blue ribbon which crosses the back, there being three loops at either side, those at the left being much longer and wired to follow the outline of the hat.

A turban by Lambert Bernheim is a flexible affair of gray-blue straw with large made wings on either side, of purple violets. A twisted band of crème velvet introduced on one of the wings, and drawn from the under side crosses the wing to within a half inch of its edge. A notable large hat, from Royant, is of black braid; its wide brim, wider at the black than elsewhere, turns sharply from the face, the edge of the upturned portion being undulated. Almost the entire top of the hat is banked with medium-size crush roses, and a wide band of velvet introduced on the upper brim, extends to the roses.

From Germaine is a medium-size hat of fine white hemp with star ornament of white silk cord and milk beads, and a cascade effect of lace relieved by the introduction of pink roses. Suzanne Talbot is responsible for a huge, flat violet trimmed hat, the color scheme is a rich purple, the materials French crepe, with mohair braid facing, and crown of English violets with soft ribbon all in monotone. A striking feature is the flatness of this model. The brim is slashed over the eye at one side and the hat is given a slight tilt by the introduction of a violet banked bandeau.

From Louison is a gray hemp hat, the coloring Frenchy, to say the least, being a combination of gray, pink and blue, the blue being introduced in silbred velvet which partially bands the base of the crown with a band hardly more than an inch in width. A pyramid of soft pink roses is poised over the crown at the side.

PORTSMOUTH.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Miss Elizabeth Greene of Stone Bridge entertained the Z. Z. Club at a valentine party. The dining room had been decorated with hearts, Cupids, and red pinks and a collation was served. Later games were played, in which prizes were won by Mrs. Emma Hall of Providence, Mrs. Clara Grinnell, Mrs. Frank W. Greene, Mrs. Charles A. Hambly, Jr., Mrs. Clarence E. Hambly, Mrs. Annie Grinnell and Mrs. Robert Lake.

Mrs. John M. Eldredge went to Providence Wednesday to visit her sick aunt, Mrs. George Kilton and remained over night.

Mr. Joseph T. Borden was recently Mr. David B. Anthony's antagonist in a pool game which stood 99 for Anthony and 19 for Borden.

Mr. and Mrs. George Gibbs of Fall River, formerly old-time neighbors and friends of Mr. William J. Anthony, came to Middletown to attend his funeral, later visiting with a friend in Newport.

Eureka Lodge, A. F. and A. M., will celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of its founding, by a supper, February 27, entertaining a large number.

Mr. John Springer of Paquonnoc, Conn., is spending a week in town.

The boys of Holy Trinity Church were entertained last evening by the rector, Rev. James H. Dennis, at "Willow Brook."

Mrs. Frank Hillard, who has been with her daughter, Mrs. Walter Pierce of Little Compton, for a long time, has returned to her home near Willow Brook lane.

A large number of young men and women are having a fine time coasting evenings on Church lane hill.

Mr. William F. Tallman had a large number of men at work Thursday on his lands near the Portsmouth railway station, storing his two houses with ice, eight inches thick.

Mr. Charles Grinnell had 15 men in his employ, storing in.

The Ladies' Aid of the Christian Union held an all-day meeting with Mrs. Charles Carr, Jr., Thursday. Seventy were present. Dinner was served.

Mr. Clifford Neill of Providence is a guest of Mrs. Pardon Gray and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Pardon Gray and family, who moved to this town from Providence about a year and a half ago, will return to their old home in Providence in March. They had always spent the same house with Mrs. Gray's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Greene, and find the separation not agreeable.

Mrs. Francis P. Conway and Miss Rachel Peckham have gone to Providence to spend a few days with Mr. Clinton D. Sellew, while his daughter, Miss Emily Lellew, goes to the hospital for treatment.

Mrs. Frederick A. Cooke, who has been spending some weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Anthony, has returned to her home in Jersey City.

GRANTED HOTEL LICENSE.

The Marston Company Will Open the Stone Bridge Cottage for Business at Once.

The Marston Hotel company has been granted a hotel liquor license for the Stone Bridge Cottage, at the special meeting of the police commissioners of Tiverton. The hotel and bar license was granted, and it is believed that the place will be opened for business before the week is out. The hotel was sold January 12 by William Gadsby, the owner, to Lawrence L. Holden of Fall River. The sale included the stables and land adjacent to the hotel. The consideration was not made public, but is said to be about $40,000.

The Marston Hotel company is chartered, Charles A. Marston, Henry N. Curtegher and Cornelius J. Sullivan all of Fall River, and well known because of their connection with the Wilbur, were named as incorporators. The capital stock was placed at $7,500, divided into shares of $5 each. Under the provisions of its charter the company could buy and sell food products, tobacco, cigars, drugs and druggists' supplies; buy, sell import and export and manufacture beers, wines, distilled liquors; conduct a restaurant and hotel business; acquire and dispose of personal and real estate; buy, sell, make, store and repair automobiles and conduct a garage business. An agreement as to the conditions of a seven years' lease of the hotel was reached January 20 between Mr. Marston and Lawrence L. Holden of Fall River and Dr. Charles H. Bryant of Tiverton. The owners.

Mr. Marston is planning extensive improvements in the famous hostelry. Steam heat is to be installed whereby the hotel can be conducted all the year round. Included in the property rights was the use of a pier in the river opposite the hotel. The new lessee proposes to have a more suitable landing place for motor boats. Many other improvements are under discussion, and when the plans have been carried out, this hostelry in its various aspects will be one of the best equipped of its kind to be found anywhere in this section of New England.

Mr. Marston has long been identified with the hotel business and is regarded as an excellent man to take up this proposition to build up the patronage of the hostelry to the extent which a hotel with all its natural advantages merits. Mr. Marston has been in the hotel business for the past 30 years.

CROSBY HALL RE-CONSTRUCTED.

Crosby Hall, one of the last surviving relics of mediaeval London, which was pulled down some time ago, has now been re-constructed and stands, in its ancient state, upon the banks of the Thames, at Chelsea. Every stone of the old building has been religiously placed in the same relative position in the new structure; the windows are re-produced, and notably the beautiful oriel window, extending from floor to roof and terminating in richly decorated stone vaulting, on which the Crosby arms ar carved. This, indeed, is the most beautiful feature of the hall. The old wooden roof over the main structure of the hall also reappears. This roof is ceiled, and not open to the rafters, as is the case with most roofs of the period. There is, however, no question, that it is part of the original hall, and its unusual construction merely indicates that the architect of Crosby Hall took his own time and to some extent forestalled later expedients for securing increased warmth and comfort. Warmth, indeed, must always have been difficult to secure in these great rooms of mediaeval times. Crosby Hall is furnished with a louvre for a central open fire, and also with a large fireplace; both are ancient, but it is not considered certain that the fireplace was a feature of the original design. The Musicians' Gallery, which was noticeable in the hall before its removal, has not been reproduced, as it was unquestionably of very late work, being inserted when the hall was restored in the middle of the last century. Standing clear of other buildings, and lighted at night by electricity, the hall now shows its fine proportions to greater advantage than amid its former surroundings.

PERSONALS.

....Cardinal Gibbons has been appointed by President Taft a member of the board of Indian commissioners, in place of the late Archbishop Ryan.

....Formal announcement is made of the engagement of Jay Gould to Miss Annie Douglas Graham. Jay Gould is the second son of George Gould. Miss Graham was a bridesmaid at the Gould-Decies wedding recently.

....In the presence of a great assembly of educators from many parts of the country, Miss Virginia Gildersleeve Thursday received the keys of Barnard College, and by her acceptance of those symbols became the dean and head of that institution for the higher education of women. Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia, delivered the address of induction.

....Henry Richardson Chamberlain, London correspondent of the New York Sun since 1892, is dead, having long been ill with heart trouble. Mr. Chamberlain was born in Illinois in 1859, was educated in Boston and for several years before going to London was engaged in newspaper work in that city and New York. He was at one time managing editor of the New York Press and subsequently occupied a similar position on the Boston Journal. He was the author of several publications.

....Mrs. Alice Morse Earle, author of numerous books on life in New England during the Colonial period, died Thursday at the home of her son, Mr. Alexander Morse Earle, in Hempstead, Long Island. Death was due to a general breakdown of the system, which set in after Mrs. Earle, who was a passenger two years ago on the Republic, was rescued from the water after she had fallen overboard from a boat. She was born in Worcester, Mass., April 27, 1853, became a student of the early history of New England and when a young woman began to write for magazines. Some of her best known books are "The Sabbath in Puritan New England," "Customs and Fashions in Old New England," "Life of Margaret Winthrop," "Diary of a Boston School Girl," "Costume of Colonial Times," "Colonial Dames and Good Wives," "Old Narragansett," "Colonial Days in New York," "Sun Dials and Roses of Yesterday," "Historic New York" and "Stage Coach and Tavern Days."

LOVERS.

[Theodosia Garrison.]

I think perhaps my heart would be less sore
If I need not look on lovers any more;
If winter only lasted all the year,
And one could sit alone in thoughtless peace
Beside the chimney-place, and only hear
The wind-voice in the open sing and cease,
And gaze toward the frosted pane to know
That all beyond was loneliness and snow.

But O, the springtime, hewn the birds are rife
And all our little village wakes to life,
And everywhere Spring bids them come again,
As it does roses—all the lovers new,
The stalwart lads who bear themselves like men,
The wistful little maids, half women too.
I wish it were not mine to watch them meet,
And note the lingering hands, the halting feet.

I wish I might not guess what words they say,
Nor what her eyes mean as he turns away,
I wish I did not know how all day long,
Busied about her little household cares,
Her thoughts are music and her heart a song—
A harmony of all Love dreams and dares.
I wish I might not think, when day grows late,
How she will lean and listen at the gate.

God knows I would not have their happiness
A lesser thing or strive to make it less;
Only I wish it were not mine to dwell
So close without the gates of Paradise;
Only I wish I did not know so well
The tenderness that springs in meeting eyes.
I think perhaps my heart would be less sore
If I need not look on hearts any more.

FANCIES.

She—Are you against long hatpins for women?

He—Well, I have been several times.—[Yonkers Statesman.

Knicker—Books tell your what to do before the doctor comes.

Bocker—But none tells you what to do after he comes.—[Judge.

Teacher—And did you make out a list of the nine greatest men in the history of the world, as I told you?

Willie—Almost. I can't pick out the best catcher, though, to save my neck.—[Puck.

She—They say that to scratch a match at the wrong end is a sure sign of disappointment. Do you believe it?

He—Certainly—if you expect it to ignite.—[Boston Transcript.

"Avoid de man dat borrows trouble," said Uncle Eben, "He ain't good company fob de reason dat he's allus lookin' fob a chance to pay some of it back."—[Washington Star.

Editor—In your story of the fire you refer do the chief as "our invincible old fire-fighter."

Reporter—Yes, sir.

Editor—And yet in your next paragraph you say he was "licked by the flames."—[Boston Transcript.

"I won't defend a man whom I believe to be guilty."

"My boy, you mustn't set your judgment up against that of the majority. I have defended plenty of men whom I believed to be guilty, but the jury decided otherwise."—[Louisville Courier Journal.

A little miss of five years who had been allowed to stay up for an evening party was told about 8:30 to go to bed. Very, very slowly, she moved toward the stair. An aunt seeing her reluctance, asked: "Helen, can I do anything to help you?"

"No," replied Helen, "I will get there altogether too soon as it is."—[Judge's Library.

RETIRED ON A PENSION.

Captain J. R. Bibber of the New England Navigation Company, who has been serving on Sound steamers for 30 years, has been retired on a pension. He was last in command of freighter New Haven on the New Bedford line to New York. Several years ago he was in charge for a short time of a Providence line freight steamer, and was last summer master of one of the company's steamers which took Sunday excursions from New London.

PORTSMOUTH PROBATE NOTICES.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Probate Court of the Town of Portsmouth, Administrator of the estate of **Byron Dimon Hoyd** late of said Portsmouth, deceased, and has given bond according to law.

All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to file the same in the office of the clerk of said court within six months from the date of the first advertisement hereof.

HARRY I. HOYD.
Portsmouth, R. I.
February 16th, 1911.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Probate Court of the Town of Portsmouth, Administrator of the estate of **Albertie Scott Dennis** late of said Portsmouth, deceased, and has given bond according to law.

All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to file the same in the office of the clerk of said court within six months from the date of the first advertisement hereof.

LEANDER W. COGGESHALL,
Portsmouth, R. I.
February 16th, 1911.

Probate Court of the Town of Portsmouth.
February 13th, 1911.

Estate of Herbert W. Borden.

Charles H. Borden Administrator of the estate of Herbert W. Borden late of said Portsmouth, deceased, presents his first and final account with the estate of said deceased, for allowance; and the same is received, and referred to the Thirteenth day of March at 1 o'clock P. M. at the Probate Court Room in said Portsmouth, for consideration and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days once a week, in the Newport Daily News.

GEORGE R. HICKS, Clerk.

Probate Court of the Town of Portsmouth.
February 16th, 1911.

Estate of Martha W. Allen.

Augustus L. Wilbur, Conservator of the estate of Martha W. Allen, Portsmouth presents his first and final account with the estate of said deceased, for allowance; and the same is received, and referred to the Thirteenth day of March at 1 o'clock, P. M., at the Probate Court Room, in said Portsmouth, for consideration, and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the Newport Daily News.

GEORGE R. HICKS, Clerk.

SEABURY'S FEBRUARY SHOE SALE

NOW TAKING PLACE

Cash Prices Rule on all Safe Goods.

—AT—

The T. M. Seabury Co.'s.

NEWPORT PROBATE NOTICES.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Probate Court of the City of Newport, Administrator de bonis non with the will annexed of the estate of **Gideon Lawton**, late of said Newport, deceased and has given bond according to law.

All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to file the same in the office of the clerk of said court within six months from the date of the first advertisement hereof.

Newport, February 3rd, 1911.
Alfred G. Langley.

Probate Court of the City of Newport.
February 9th, 1911.

Estate of John D. Dennis.

William T. Dennis, Guardian of the person and estate of John D. Dennis, of full age, of said Newport, presents his petition in writing, representing that said ward is seized and possessed of certain Real Estate, situate in said Newport, being an undivided sixth part of that certain lot or parcel of land with buildings and improvements thereupon, bounded Southwesterly on Everett Street about sixty four feet, Northwesterly on land formerly of Ella F. Rankin about one hundred feet, Northeasterly on land of the estate of Jacob R. Brown about sixty four feet, and Southeasterly on land of A. M. Little about one hundred feet, or however otherwise said real estate may be described it being the premises of which the late Sarah B. Dennis died seized and possessed; and praying for reasons therein stated that he may be authorized and empowered to sell said ward's interest in said Real Estate at private sale, for the purpose of making a better and more advantageous investment of the proceeds of such sale; and said petition is received and referred to the Twenty-seventh of February instant at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Court Room in said Newport, for consideration, and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the Newport Daily News.

Duncan A. Hazard, Clerk.

JAMESTOWN PROBATE NOTICES.

Probate Court of the Town of Jamestown, R. I.
February 10th, 1911.

Estate of Ruth Ellwood Nason.

Harry E. Nason, Guardian of the person and estate of Ruth Ellwood Nason, minor, presents a petition in writing, representing that said minor is seized and possessed of certain Real Estate, situate in said Jamestown, being a certain lot or parcel of land. Bounded and described as follows: viz:—

Beginning at a point on the easterly side of the North Main Road at the southwesterly corner of the lot of land conveyed by John M. Douglass to Elijah Anthony by deed dated December 4th, 1801, and recorded in Land Evidence of Jamestown R. I. in Vol. 11 at page 405, and on the same day conveyed by said Elijah Anthony to Amy A. Douglass by deed recorded in Vol. 11 at page 406 of said Land Evidence, thence running easterly to the land of the Jamestown Land Company, bounded northerly by land of said Amy A. Douglass, thence running southerly to the land of Susan C. Clarke et al, bounded easterly by land of the Jamestown Land Company and by land formerly of the Estate of George W. Carr, thence running westerly to the northwest corner of the land of Susan C. Clarke et al, thence running southerly to Narragansett Avenue, bounded southerly and easterly by land of said Susan C. Clarke, thence running westerly to the southeast corner of the "Town Cemetery," bounded southerly by said Narragansett Avenue, thence running northerly to the northeast corner of said Cemetery, thence running westerly to the North Main Road bounded westerly and southerly on said Cemetery, thence running northerly to the point of beginning, bounded westerly on the North Main Road.

Including all buildings and appurtenances thereto belonging. And praying for reasons therein stated, that he may be authorized and empowered to sell said minor's interest in said Real Estate at private sale, for the support of said minor, and for the purpose of making a better and more advantageous investment of the proceeds of such sale; and said petition is received and referred to the 27th day of February A. D. 1911 at 1-30 o'clock P. M., at the Probate Court Room in said Jamestown for consideration, and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the Newport Daily News and Newport Daily News, Newport, R. I.

WM. H. SEVERANCE, Clerk.

MIDDLETOWN PROBATE NOTICES.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Susan E. Nye.

The subscriber hereby gives notice that in and by the will of Susan E. Nye, widow, late of Middletown, R. I., deceased, he is appointed the sole Executor thereof; that said will has been proved, allowed and admitted to record by the Court of Probate of said Middletown; that he has given bond to said Court as required and is now duly qualified to act as such executor.

All persons having claims against the estate of said Susan E. Nye are hereby notified to file the same in the Office of the Clerk of said Court, within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted to said estate will make payment to the undersigned.

HENRY C. SHERMAN, Executor.
Middletown, R. I., February 10, 1911.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Estate of Mary Elizabeth Woodhull Perry.

The undersigned hereby give notice, that in and by the will of Mary Elizabeth Woodhull Perry, widow, late of Middletown, R. I., deceased, they are appointed Executors thereof; that said will has been proved, allowed and admitted to record by the Probate Court of said Middletown, that they have each given bond to said Court as required and are now duly qualified to act as such Executors.

All persons having claims against the estate of said Mary Elizabeth Woodhull Perry, are hereby notified to file the same in the office of the Clerk of said Court, within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted to said estate will make payment to the undersigned. And the undersigned George E. Bullard, who resides in Brookline, Mass., and the undersigned Louis Curtis, who resides in Boston, Mass., further hereby give notice, that they have appointed as their Agent in the State of Rhode Island, Clark Burdick, whose Post Office Address is over 201 Thames Street, Newport, R. I.

GEORGE E. BULLARD.
LOUIS CURTIS,
CLARK BURDICK,
Executors.
January 27, 1911.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of James C. Heath.

The undersigned hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Middletown, R. I., Administrator on the estate of James C. Heath, late of said Middletown, deceased; that he has given bond to said Court, as required and is now duly qualified to act as such Administrator.

All persons having claims against the estate of said James C. Heath, are hereby notified to file the same in the Office of the Clerk of said Court, within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted thereto, will make payment to the undersigned.

SAMUEL W. Heath, Administrator.
Middletown, R. I., January 27, 1911.

The Newport Journal
AND WEEKLY NEWS.
is especially adapted for mailing.

NEWPORT PROBATE NOTICES.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

The undersigned, Executor of the Last Will and Testament of **Robert Hudson**, late of the City of Newport, deceased, which Will has been admitted to probate by the Probate Court of the City of Newport, hereby gives notice that she has accepted said trust and has given bond according to law.

All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to file the same in the office of the clerk of said court within six months from the date of the first advertisement hereof.

Adele Alice Hudson.
Newport, February 16th, 1911.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

The undersigned, Executor of the Last Will and Testament of **Annie Elizabeth Caswell**, late of the City of Newport, deceased, which Will has been admitted to probate by the Probate Court of the City of Newport, hereby gives notice that he has accepted said trust and has given bond according to law.

All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to file the same in the office of the clerk of said court within six months from the date of the first advertisement hereof.

John Rose Caswell.
Newport, February 17th, 1911.

Probate Court of the City of Newport.
February 16th, 1911.

Estate of Gideon Lawton.

Alfred G. Langley, Administrator de bonis non with the will annexed of the estate of Gideon Lawton, late of said Newport, deceased, presents his first and final account with the estate of said deceased, for allowance; and the same is received, and referred to the Sixth day of March next at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the Probate Court Room, in said Newport for consideration, and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the Newport Daily News.

Duncan A. Hazard, Clerk.

Probate Court of the City of Newport.
February 13th, 1911.

Estate of Florence K. Howland.

An instrument in writing purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Florence K. Howland, late of said Newport, deceased, is presented for Probate, and request in writing is made by George Howland and Marian H. Townsley that they may be appointed Administrators with the will annexed of the estate of said deceased; and the same is received and referred to the Sixth day of March next at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the Probate Court Room, in said Newport, for consideration; and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the Newport Daily News.

Duncan A. Hazard, Clerk.

Probate Court of the City of Newport.
February 13th, 1911.

Estate of Anne Flower Paul.

Girard Trust Company, William Paul Morris and Frederick Wistar Morris, Jr., Executors of the will of Anne Flower Paul, late of said Newport, deceased, present their first and final account with the estate of said deceased, for allowance; and the same is received, and referred to the Sixth day of March next at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the Probate Court Room, in said Newport, for consideration, and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the Newport Daily News.

Duncan A. Hazard, Clerk.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

The undersigned, Executor of the Last Will and Testament of **William T. Libby** late of the City of Newport, deceased, which Will has been admitted to probate by the Probate Court of the City of Newport, hereby gives notice that she has accepted said trust and has given bond according to law.

All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to file the same in the office of the clerk of said court within six months from the date of the first advertisement hereof.

Ellen Frances Libby.
Newport, February 10th, 1911.

Probate Court of the City of Newport.
February 10th, 1911.

Estate of Sarah P. Stevens.

An instrument in writing purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Sarah P. Stevens, late of said Newport, deceased, is presented for probate, and the same is received and referred to the Twenty-seventh day of February instant at 10 o'clock, A. M. at the Probate Court Room, in said Newport, for consideration; and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the Newport Daily News.

Duncan A. Hazard, Clerk.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

The undersigned, Executor of the Last Will and Testament of **John S. Langley**, late of the City of Newport, deceased, which Will has been admitted to probate by the Probate Court of the City of Newport, hereby gives notice that he has accepted said trust and has given bond according to law.

All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to file the same in the office of the clerk of said court within six months from the date of the first advertisement hereof.

Alfred G. Langley.
Newport, February 10th, 1911.

Probate Court of the City of Newport.
January 30th, 1911.

Estate of Nathaniel Ray Chace.

Request in writing is made by James E. Chace, of Providence, Rhode Island, brother of Nathaniel Ray Chace, late of said Newport, deceased, intestate, that Marshall W. Hall of said Newport, or some other suitable person, may be appointed Administrator of the estate of said deceased; and said request is received and referred to the Twentieth day of February instant at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Court Room, in said Newport, for consideration; and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the Newport Daily News.

Duncan A. Hazard, Clerk.

Probate Court of the City of Newport.
February 1st, 1911.

Estate of George W. Taylor.

Request in writing is made by Sarah H. Taylor, of Providence, Rhode Island, a legatee under the Will of George W. Taylor, late of said Newport, deceased, testate, that Grant P. Taylor, of said Newport, or some other suitable person, may be appointed Administrator de bonis non with the will annexed of the estate of said deceased; and said request is received and referred to the Twentieth day of February instant at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Court Room, in said Newport, for consideration; and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the Newport Daily News.

Duncan A. Hazard, Clerk.

Probate Court of the City of Newport.
February 1st, 1911.

Estate of Edward Easton Taylor.

An instrument in writing, purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Edward Easton Taylor, late of said Newport, deceased, is presented for probate, and the same is received and referred to the Twentieth day of February instant at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the Probate Court Room, in said Newport for consideration; and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days once a week, in the Newport Daily News.

Duncan A. Hazard, Clerk.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

The undersigned, Executor of the Last Will and Testament of **Henry Audley Clarke**, late of the City of Newport, deceased, which Will has been admitted to probate by the Probate Court of the City of Newport, hereby gives notice that it has accepted said trust and has given bond according to law.

All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to file the same in the office of the clerk of said court within six months from the date of the first advertisement hereof.

Industrial Trust Company.
By J. M. Addeman, Vice President.
Newport, February 3rd, 1911.

ROLLED OATS in bulk.

Self-Raising Buckwheat.

New Prunes.

25 B'way, Peles Bryer, 11 Spring St.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS. GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

The Postoffice Square Market

"The store that satisfies"

FOR SATURDAY.

Fancy Legs Lamb	18c lb
Boston Roll	16c lb
Loin Mutton Chops	18c lb
Spice Cured Corn Beef	8c lb
Fresh Fowl	20c-22c lb
Fores Mutton	7c lb
Island Sausage Meat	18c lb
Ribs Corn-Fed Roast Beef	14c-16c-18c lb

—ALSO—

100 Fresh Eggs for $1.00
15 Large Navel Oranges 25c

W. C. SCOTT, Phone 543.

Cure that cough and cold

WITH

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE COD LIVER OIL.

$1.00 bottle for 65c.
.50 " " 35c.

—AT—

JAMES A. EDDY'S,

Cash Grocery and Market,

237 Thames St.

Where you always get good BUTTER.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

FRESH ASPARAGUS.

Green Beans	Green Peas
New Beets	New Carrots
New Leeks	Mushrooms
Green Peppers	Cucumbers
Artichokes	Kohl Rabi
Celery Knobs	Endive
Chicory	Romaine
Tomatoes	Brussels Sprouts

—AT THE—

SEA SIDE MARKET.

A&P Pure Food Daily Bulletin for week commencing Monday, Feb. 13.

We Lead in Bargains.

Iona Tomatoes	3 cans 25c
Stringless Beans	3 cans 25c
Pancake Flour,	pkge., 10c
Pearl Tapioca	2 lb., 6c
Sultana Pears,	can, 20c
Sultana Apricots,	can, 15c
Fat Norway Mackerel,	each, 5c
Flaked Fish	a pkge., 5c

EXTRA STAMPS WITH TEAS.

20 Stamps with 1 lb. Tea at	35c
25 Stamps with 1 lb. Tea at	40c
40 Stamps with 1 lb. Tea at	50c
50 Stamps with 1 lb. Tea at	60c

EXTRA STAMPS WITH COFFEE.

25 Stamps with 1 lb. El Ryad at	35c
20 Stamps with 1 lb. Plaza at	30c
15 Stamps with 1 lb. Sultana at	25c

10 Stamps Free

With any of the following goods:

1 pkg. Macaroni or Spaghetti	10c
1 pkg. A&P. Seeded Raisins	10c.
1 pkg. A&P. Jelly Powder	10c
1 can Old Dutch Cleanser	10c.
1 pkg. Fluffy Ruffles Starch	10c.
2 cans A&P Table Syrup ea.	10c.
2 cans Sultana Peas each	12c.
1 can Asparagus Tips	25c
1 pkg. A&P Currants	12c.

FLOUR.

Barrel $6.30; 1-8 Sack 80c

Finest Creamery Butter	31c a lb
Eggs - - - -	per doz. 17c
Cheese, per lb., - - - -	17 c

THE GREAT ATLANTIC & PACIFIC TEA CO.,
121-123 Thames Street.
Phone 850. Free Delivery.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

Mellin's Food, large, 59c.
Benger's Food 55c.
Nestle's Food 45c.
Eskay's Food, large, 67c.
Robinson's Barley Food, small, 15c.; large, 25c.
Horlick's Malted Milk, small, 42c.; large, 80c.
Bovinine, small, 45c.; large, 72c.
Liquid Peptonoids 87c.
Scott's Emulsion, small, 40c.; large, 75c.
Father John's Medicine, small, 40c.; large, 75c.
Wampole's Tasteless Preparation of Cod Liver Oil 75c.
Maltine Preparations, all 87c.
Beef, Iron and Wine 35c.
Lydia Pinkham's Compound 75c.
Phillips' Milk of Magnesia 42c.
Castor-Lax 25c.
Fletcher's Castoria 25c.
Paine's Celery Compound 75c.
Hood's Sarsaparilla 75c.
PIERCE'S GOLDEN MED. DISCOVERY 75c.
PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION 75c.
PIERCE'S PELLETS 18c.
LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS 18c.
QUININE PILLS, Park, Davis, 2 grain. Gelatine Coated, 100 in bottle, 25c.
BEECHAM'S PILLS, large, 20c.
BROMO SELTZER, 10c., 20c., 40c. and 75c.
WHITE PINE and TAR COUGH SYRUP, large bottle, 20c.
TOLU, TAR AND WILD CHERRY, large bottle, 20c.
BELL'S SYRUP OF CODEINE 45c.
BELL'S PA-PAY-AN DYSPEPSIA TABLETS, 30c.
SEIDLITZ POWDERS, full wt-tin box, 19c.
PACKER'S CHARM, small, 20c., large 40c.
HIND'S HONEY and ALMOND CREAM 42c.
SULPHO-NAPTHOL, 10c., 22c. and 42c.

—AT—

The Boston Grocery,

City Hall Square, Broadway,

O. F. Wilcox, Prop'r.

FOR SATURDAY.

Large Legs of Lamb -	14c
Fores of Lamb - -	8c
Fores of Mutton - -	6c
Chickens for Roasting -	22c
Fresh Fowl - -	20c

LAKESIDE FARM EGGS

Always Fresh.

Special sales in our Meat Department Saturday afternoon and evening.

T. FRED KAULL,

391-393 Thames St.

Tel. 476.

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS.
Published every afternoon except Sunday.
Office 297 Thames Street.
T. T. Pitman, Proprietor.
A Profit Sharing Paper.

News $6.00 a year. 12 cents a week.
Journal and Weekly News $2 a year.

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Business Office, down stairs, 5908
...or if that is busy, 17
Editorial and Reportorial Rooms
Upstairs, 782
or if that is busy, 783
Publisher's Residence,
18 High Street, 822

The Newport Journal contains the best matter in the Daily News each week and will be sent anywhere in the United States postage paid for two dollars a year in advance. Requests for change of address should give old address as well as new.

BACK NUMBERS.

Copies of the Daily News two weeks old three cents extra for each month or part of a month. Copies of the Newport Journal and Weekly News, one month old five cents extra for each month or part of a month.

Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week and are allowed fifty-two changes a year. Legal notices, auction sales, amusements, cards, wants, and lost and found are not included in space contract.

Advertisers using both the daily and weekly papers gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

Newport Daily News

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1911.

IN ORDER TO AVOID DELAYS ON ACCOUNT OF PERSONAL ABSENCE, LETTERS TO THE DAILY NEWS SHOULD NOT BE ADDRESSED TO ANY INDIVIDUAL CONNECTED WITH THE OFFICE BUT SIMPLY TO THE PAPER.

TEN PAGES.

REVISING THE CRIMINAL LAWS.

The special committee appointed at the last session of the legislature for the purpose of revising the criminal laws of the state is wisely taking plenty of time. It was expected to report at this session but has asked permission to continue its work, not having been able yet to give the matter all the attention which it considers that it deserves. It is an important work which has been committed to the charge of this special committee and it is much better that it should be slow about doing it than that it should hasten its report so much as to make it of comparatively little value. The criminal code of this state for some time has not been regarded by the courts and the members of the legal profession as up-to-date and there has been a strong demand for a revision of the laws, in the interest of justice and of those who are directly concerned with their interpretation. Any delay in this revision not absolutely necessary would for that reason be regretted, but if more time is really needed, as seems to be the case, it is wise to take that time and have the report trustworthy and valuable when it is presented.

Some idea of the amount of labor involved in this revision and of the scope and importance of the work to be done by the committee can be gained from the statement made to the legislature in connection with the request for further time for the performance of its duty. In the first place, the committee must review all the existing laws in order to remove the duplications and inconsistencies which have crept in through the piecemeal process of amendment. This is no small task in itself, as there is a large amount of matter to be passed upon, codified and correlated to bring it to date in its correct form. In addition to this revision, the committee has also as part of its duty the preparation of new laws which will make the whole system of criminal legislation in the state modern, progressive and in consonance with similar codes in other states.

Of primary importance in this connection is the adoption of some system by which can be obviated the delays in the enforcement of laws now so common through resort to technicalities, with the object of making justice more speedy of realization, more certain of attainment and less costly to litigants. Another feature to which the committee desires to give attention is the advisability of establishing a state police force and the creation of a staff of district attorneys. Both these matters were advocated by the governor in his inaugural message to the legislature and are approved by many who have business with the courts and the administration of justice. The proposal for the restoration of a law providing for capital punishment is another subject which the committee is anxious to consider at length. This is a measure which is likely to provoke strong opposition if it is recommended, as there is a wide difference of opinion among the people with regard to it. More stringent laws for deserting and non-supporting husbands and the payment of a portion of the earnings of prisoners to their families are other matters to be discussed by the committee. Reform of prisoners instead of mere punishment as the aim of the prison system is still another subject of much importance to which attention is to be given.

From this outline it is easy to understand that the work of this special committee is not a small one and that it will need plenty of time to consider well all these matters and many more which will be brought to the attention of the members as the task proceeds, and the force of the request for an extension of the time for making its report is evident. The state can much better afford to wait another year than to have the work poorly done through lack of time for sober and serious consideration of these measures. It is a task of great magnitude and moment and when it is done and the committee makes its report the legislators should be able to feel that it has been well done and not performed in a hasty and inefficient manner.

EXTENDING RECIPROCITY.

The meeting of the Pan-American conference was a natural occasion for remarks, interesting but not necessarily significant, regarding the possible extension of reciprocity to the countries south of us as well as to Canada. But for Argentine wool there would seem to be no serious difficulty in the way. We already have virtual reciprocity with Brazil. We are her largest customers for coffee and rubber, and she has lately increased from 20 to 30 per cent the tariff differential in favor of our flour and allows the 20 per cent differential on several other commodities. The reciprocity treaty negotiated with Argentine under the provisions of the Dingley tariff would have reduced moderately—by not more than 20 per cent—the duty on wool from that country and the combination of sheep owners in the far West and manufacturers in the far East, on which the President has spoken caustically on three occasions since the present tariff law was enacted, succeeded in defeating the treaty, as all the other reciprocity treaties of that era were defeated.

The Republicans have constantly professed great eagerness to increase our trade with South America but have been persistently opposed to reciprocity with Canada. The President has urged reciprocity with Canada—successfully in the House of Representatives—on the ground that economic conditions are much the same there and here. The Republican leaders have been opposing trade concessions with the Dominion for that identical reason. They said it might be advantageous to trade with a tropical or sub-tropical country, because it produces such different things, but that it would be ruinous to trade without restriction with a country in the same latitude and producing much the same sort of things we do.

As the Republican party is now in a fair way to accept reciprocity with Canada, reciprocity with South American countries would seem to be natural enough. In the meanwhile it is well enough to repeat the fact that our exports to Argentina have increased nearly four-fold in 10 years, and a New York shipping firm has compiled a list of 133 steamers which left New York for Argentine ports last year, 22 more than in 1909.

DR. AKED'S COMPLAINT.

Whether a church can become metropolitan or cosmopolitan by virtue of having Dr. Aked in the pulpit and Mr. Rockefeller in the pew is something of a question. The doctor thinks it can be if a proper location can be found, but he complains that the geography of New York city is against him. He makes the rather curious statement that Central Park creates "a great moral problem." Below the park everything is going into business. Above Fifty-ninth street the park separates the island into an east and a west side and in either the church would be "local, parochial, neighborhood;" it could not be "metropolitan and still less could it be cosmopolitan." One solution which does not seem to have occurred to the doctor is to go north of the park, where the Protestant Episcopal cathedral, Columbia University and Union Theological Seminary have gone.

Apart from this is the question whether location is the vital matter which Dr. Aked deems it. A communion which has ecclesiastical authorities, which has metropolitans, can by that very fact have a metropolitan church. It can have a cathedral, and can give one church official primacy over others. It is extremely doubtful if religious democracies like the Baptists, the Congregationalists and the Presbyterians could give any church a metropolitan character, except so far as it was created by the individual influence of the pastor. For the exercise of that influence location may be important, but it is not vital. It is only necessary that the building should be easily accessible to a large number of the people who would be likely to go to it. Everything beyond that would depend upon the minister himself. In the time of Henry Ward Beecher Plymouth church, Brooklyn, was more than metropolitan; if it was not cosmopolitan, it was at least national. It was a national force, but it did not owe this at all to its location; it owed it exclusively to Mr. Beecher. In the democratically organized communions it is the minister who will make any church metropolitan or cosmopolitan, if anything does.

The repudiated North Carolina bonds have again made their appearance. It is a little more than a year ago that an attempt was made to saddle them on Rhode Island, with the expectation that the state would make a demand for payment. This was thwarted, after a vigorous protest by the newspapers. Now the bonds, said to be worth from $600,000 to $1,000,000 have been offered to the Michigan State University, conditional only upon the use of the state's credit to guarantee them. As it will require an act of the legislature to sanction and validate the gift, it is not likely that this attempt to float the bonds will succeed. It ought to fail.

Russia's ultimatum to China, insisting upon compliance with her demands on pain of complete cessation of friendly relations, causes surprise in American diplomatic circles. Although it was known that sharp issues had arisen over conflicting claims of jurisdiction in Manchuria and relative to commercial privileges in Mongolia, the situation was not regarded as critical and it was generally believed that in view of the deplorable conditions existing in China as a result of the famine and the plague Russia would generously defer pressing her claims to the extreme at this time. It is expected that China will appeal to the powers for fair play, and that war will be averted. It is generally understood that China is totally unprepared to meet Russia in war at this time.

The city of Pittsburg has another graft sensation, the Voters' League having made an exposure of serious graft in the central board of education and sub-district school boards. The League says the ramifications of graft are so extensive that the prosecution of all offenders would clog the wheels of justice.

It is not at all certain that the Canadian reciprocity agreement will be approved by the Senate, but there is also no good ground for belief that it will fail and an extra session will be called to ratify that pact. President Taft is intensely interested in the agreement and it has many strong friends in the Senate, so that it is quite possible that it will finally pass.

Congressman Macon of Arkansas had some difficulty in finding an opportunity to deliver his speech attacking Commander Robert E. Peary. It would have been better for Mr. Macon if he had never found it. A more scurrilous adress has rarely been uttered in the halls of Congress.

The convocation of Canterbury, now sitting in Westminster Abbey, under the presidency of the Archbishop of Canterbury, is discussing a proposal to modify and shorten the Second, Fourth and Tenth commandments. Is not the present language explicit and forcible enough?

TO EXPLORE PATAGONIA.

Amherst College Preparing to Send Expedition to Collect Biological Material.

The biological department of Amherst College is to send an expedition to Patagonia to collect fossils and other biological material and for exploration. The party consisting of two undergraduates and Professor F. B. Loomis, will leave about July 1, and will be in the field through the summer and fall, returning in time for the second semester of college work about February 1, 1912.

The undertaking is under the auspices of the class of 1896, which has its fifteenth reunion next Commencement. This class celebrated its tenth anniversary by sending out the 1906 biological expedition to western Nebraska and Wyoming, which brought back a fine series of extinct rhinoceros remains, and discovered in Sioux City, Neb., the camel (Stenomylus) quarry which has since become a classic locality because of the perfect and abundant remains of early camels there found. The same expedition collected a large amount of material from the prehistoric quarry sites of an unknown tribe of Indians located near Muddy Creek, Wyo.

This party will proceed first to Buenos Ayres, and thence either by coasting vessel or by rail to Port Desire in the province of Chubut, from which town it will begin its work, first in the region along the Desire river (Rio Deseado) and along the coast for some 50 miles northward; then inland in the region of Lake Colhue; after which they will work southerly on Rio Seco and Rio Salado, finally finishing near the Santa Cruz.

The country was first explored by Carlos Ameghino, who collected through Patagonia in the eighties, his material being described by his brother, Florentino Ameghino. Their publication showed a rich country and also that there are there a number of new and interesting geological and biological problems, their results being at wide divergence with ideas held in North America and Europe. For this reason it is considered important that there should be in the United States a series of the material on which the conclusions of Ameghino were founded and by which the students of North America may be guided. With this in mind Princeton University and the American Museum of New York sent a joint expedition to Patagonia in 1897-1900 which gathered a rich collection and did much to settle disputed questions for the region between the straits of Magellan and the Santa Cruz river.

The Amherst expedition plans to cover the country between the Santa Cruz and the Deseado river, in which area some of Ameghino's strangest forms were found and where the geological questions are most at variance with the ideas here. This will supplement the work already done, and offer a new and in most parts unexplored country for study. The fundamental aim of this expedition will be to collect vertebrate fossils and study the geological problems of the country.

The undergraduates of the party will be chosen from the biological classes on the basis of fitness, especially as shown by aptness for biology and knowledge to act as cook and horse wrangler.

EXERCISE PROLONGS LIFE.

[Dr. Woods Hutchinson, in Outing.]

Paradoxical as it may seem, those who work hardest are most in need of exercise. Some of our hardest working occupations show a high mortality from tuberculosis. Two of the most unmanageable and rapidly fatal cases of this disease that I have ever seen were in a frontier mail carrier who rode 40 miles on horseback every day, swimming from two to five streams en route whenever they happened to be in flood, and a timber cruiser, or field surveyor for a big lumber company, who was perpetually taking months-long trips through the most inaccessible regions, with monotonous and often scanty food supply. Neither of them could get any vacation and they half almost forgotten the meaning of the word amusement. It is hard to say which is the most powerful factor in producing a high death rate—excessive muscular work, or over confinement. Certainly, occupations for both men and women, which combine the two—domestic servants and unskilled laborers—show the shortest life and the heaviest death rate of all.

If a man wishes a long life and, what is more important, a happy one, he must plan to spend at least two and better three hours a day in the open air, in some light, active exercise of the nature of a game or sport, that gives him enjoyment.

AROUND RHODE ISLAND.

Immediate Curtailment Not Planned by Cotton Manufacturers.

Gas Engineers Inspecting New Providence Plant Delayed by Train Wreck and Tie-Up.

Immediate curtailment in the cotton manufacture is not planned by the leading Rhode Island manufacturers. In Fall River, however, a reduction to a four-day-a-week schedule went into effect Thursday and in New Bedford fine goods mills already have shortened time. Manufacturers are hopeful of being able to keep on until the demand improves, but see difficulties in doing so for many of the concerns. Robert Knight, head of B. B. & R. Knight; Robert H. I. Goddard of Goddard Brothers, and Senator-elect Henry F. Lippitt, general manager of the Manville Company, whose companies control a large majority of the cotton mills in this and many in adjoining states agree that they have no present intention of curtailment of production. Statements made Wednesday were reiterated Thursday at the offices of their companies, in the face of later announcement of reductions in working hours in other sections of the country. R. I. Gammell of Goddard Brothers said the situation was unchanged. At the office of the Manville Company it was reiterated that a curtailment was not yet in sight. At the offices of numerous smaller concerns in Pawtucket it was reported that the factories were running on full time, but many mill men admitted that the next few weeks might bring out a different phase of the situation.

One hundred and fifty gas men, members and guests of the New England Association of Gas Engineers, visited this city Thursday afternoon by invitation of the Providence Gas Company to inspect the recently completed gas coal plant at Sassafras Point. The trip was the closing feature for the three days' annual convention of the association, held in Boston. The party came to Providence from Boston in special cars and was received by President John W. Ellis of the Providence Gas Company. The new plant was reached at 5:40 p. m. by way of the Harbor Junction branch and the visitors, greeted by a marine salute of three blasts from the power house whistle, found luncheon awaiting them in the condenser house. Next a trip conducted by President Ellis was made to the condenser house, power house, meter house and chemical laboratory, while detachments inspected other features of the big plant.

A freight wreck in Auburn was the cause of a general tie-up on all the railroad lines leading to and from Providence Thursday afternoon. Some of the express trains were delayed more than two hours, the most aggravating case being that of the train which was running "special" between Providence and Sassafras Point by way of Auburn, with the members of the New England Gas Engineers' Association on board. As a result of the wreck the special was delayed two hours and a half and the gas men were compelled to cut down materially the time they had planned to give to the inspection of the plant. In attempting to cross from the next to the outside easterly track to the extreme western rail, the last car but one on the south-bound train split a switch, and while the car remained upright both trucks left the iron and blocked all trains except the eastern track until the wrecker cleared the road. No one was hurt, however. The freight was wrecked just after the Limited, which leaves Providence for New York at 2 o'clock, had left the station, and just before the other express which follows the Limited had arrived. As a result all trains in both directions were held up. The afternoon express was toured by way of Plainfield and New London, where it was transferred to the Shore line. For two hours after the wreck the Union station was congested by a long line of trains and hundreds of stranded passengers.

Frederick S. Martin, editor of the Warren Gazette and Barrington Call, published weekly, well known through Bristol county, died at his home in Warren Thursday evening. He had been ill for more than a year with lung trouble. Mr. Martin was in failing health for some time prior to last December, but at that time was obliged to give up active business life. He was a son of William H. Martin, who founded the Warren Gazette 25 years ago, and a typical old-time country newspaper man. Frederick Martin succeeded to the ownership and editorship of the paper at the time of his father's death, about five years ago. He was a native of Bristol and received his education in the public schools of his native town and in Warren, and was employed by the Cutler Manufacturing Company as a bookkeeper prior to his taking charge of the Gazette. Besides being known throughout the county as the editor of the Gazette, Mr. Warren was well known as a musician and singer. He formerly taught music and was for eight years the director of the choir at the First Baptist Church of Warren. He was a member of that church, as well as of the Washington Lodge of Masons of Warren and the Warren and Union Clubs of Warren.

A resolution adopted by the Providence board of aldermen provides for the beginning of the actual work of widening Eddy street in the near future, the resolution appropriating $85,000 for the purpose, and a second resolution directing the commissioner of public works to lay open the street from Dyer street to Point street, remove all obstructions and bring the street to grade and in good condition for public travel. The widening will change that part of Eddy street specified from a 40-foot to a 60-foot highway, and will be the culmination of negotiations between the city and the property owners thereabouts which have been under way for several months.

The board of contract and supply in Providence has voted to take up the options on two playground sites. One is in the North End, lying between Quaide, Babbitt and Hawes streets, which includes two lots of land with a total area of 26,541 square feet. The other is in the Fifth ward, lying between Dudley, Tanner and Somerset streets, and includes three plats, with a total area of 82,801 square feet.

A resolution instructing Rhode Island's representatives in Congress to work for the transfer of the old postoffice building on Weybosset street to the city of Providence was introduced in the house Thursday by Representative Cooney of Providence. The resolution urges the Senators and Representatives at Washington to work for the passage of the bill now pending before the Senate, which aims at having the property turned over to the city.

At a meeting of the Board of State Charities and Corrections Thursday it was voted to establish a system of profit-sharing at the Rhode Island state prison and Providence County jail. The plan is to eb under the supervision of the warden.

OF NICKNAMES.

[Boston Transcript.]

Kidder calls Collector Loeb "Julius," because he is the greatest of all the seizers.

Mrs. Lett calls her English lodger "Diogenes," because he spends so much time in his tub.

Mr. Sallow calls his best girl "Revenge," because the poet has said that revenge is sweet.

A notorious flirt is known in her set as "Miss Philanthropist," because she is a lover of men.

Pillsbury has been nicknamed "Hercules," because he is rarely seen away from his club.

Fogg calls his new shoes "Delirium tremens," because they are tight fits.

Mrs. Lushman calls her husband "Toast," because he is so often drunk.

Titelegh refers to his bed as his "chased couch," because he has to pursue it around the room nights before he can get into it.

A GOOD REASON.

[National Monthly.]

An old man, upon seeing a small barefooted lad playing in the street of a Western town one day, approached him and said: "Young man, why are you not attending school today, some day, when you grow up you will regret all this wasted time?"

"Well, I'll tell yer, mister," said the chap with a long drawn sigh, "Me mudder's sick, me brother Jimmy broke his arm yesterday, and baby's cutting teeth, and my oldest sister's getting married, and, besides there ain't any school terday, its teacher's convention day, and dat's the reason I ain't at school terday."

OLD CITY HALL NOVELTY SHOP.

500 pieces of Triple Coated Onyx Blue Enamel Ware

To be sold Thursday morning, Feb. 16. All large pieces and great values, worth from 50c. to 75c. each, all to be sold for 25c each.

These goods are manufactured by a Western firm who are fighting the Eastern Trust.

DANIEL E. SULLIVAN.
Telephone 665.

FOR SATURDAY.
FEB. 18, 1911.
Chocolate Nougatines,
Chocolate Jellies,
Chocolate Chews,
Chocolate Caramels,
Cream Walnuts,
Cream Dates,
Cocoanut Dips,
Mexican Kisses,
Assorted Kisses,
Peanut Brittle,
Chocolate Strings,
Assorted Lumps,
Molasses Fancies and Others at
20c per pound.
Don't forget your Coffee Cakes.
H. D. FRASCH,
Telephone 997. 170 Thames Street.

House Painting, Decorating, Paper Hanging.
WALL PAPER SAMPLES.
ALFRED H. CORNELL,
Contractor.
48 So. Baptist St. Phone 1896

300,000 Fine Pansy Plants,
At the low price of $10 per 1,000
Extra fine healthy plants; also all kinds of out flowers we sell below cost.
A. BRANDT, FLORIST,
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M. BIESEL,
Embroideries, Stamped Goods
And all Materials; Yarns, Wool, Hand-Made, Knit and Crochet Goods, Toys, Dolls, Notions, Stamping, Plaiting and Pinking, Beads.
180 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

Department of Highways and Bridges.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Office of the Street Commissioner, City Hall, on Tuesday, February 21st, 1911, at 5 o'clock, P. M., for furnishing Best Quality of Portland Cement, per barrel, in paper bags, to this department during the Municipal Year of 1911.

J. K. SULLIVAN,
Street Commissioner.

FOR RENT.
FOR THE WINTER
A Very Warm House
On a favorite corner on one of Newport's best streets. Apply
R. C. DERBY,
186 Bellevue Avenue.

Every Person
Who has been to the new Colonial Theatre has had a demonstration of our BECKER BROS. PIANOS.
We sold the BECKER BROS. PIANO used there.
Ask your MUSICIAN friends what they know about the BECKER BROS.
It's more than likely they have one.
If you are thinking of getting a piano, we want a chance to talk to you. Come in.
Chas. S. Plummer,
Music & Stationery.
opp. Government Landing.

THE WEATHER.

BOSTON, Feb. 17, 8 A. M.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity—Unsettled, probably rain this afternoon or tonight; warmer; Saturday generally fair, moderate to brisk southerly to southwesterly winds.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

There is much cloudiness in all sections of the country, except on the Pacific slope and in the Rocky mountain region. Rain is falling or has occurred during the past 24 hours in the Lake region and central valley, thence southwestward to New Mexico. In the extreme west and northwest fair weather prevails. The ridge of high pressure noted in northwestern New England Thursday morning has diminished slightly, and spread southeastward along the middle and south Atlantic coast. The barometer has fallen considerably in the Lake region, and a slight depression exists in northern Michigan. A trough of slight barometeric depression extends thence southwestward to western Texas. The pressure is high in northwestern states and the British northwest. The temperature is much higher in the Lake region and all northeastern districts, and is now generally above the normal in those sections. The lowest in New England is 16 degrees at Northfield, Vt. In New York at 8 a. m. it was 34, Washington 38, Jacksonville 56, St. Louis 54, Chicago 56, Kansas City 42, Des Moines 30, St. Paul 20, Denver 28, San Francisco 44 and Portland, Oregon 40.

J. W. Smith.
Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

	8 h	12 h	2 h
Temperature	35	37	37
Barometer	30.57	30.50	30.40
Wind	S W	S W	S W
Weather	Cloudy	Cloudy	Rain

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

Friday, February 17.
Sun rises 6 39. Sun sets 5 19.
Moon rises 10 p. m.
Day's length 10 hours 40 minutes.
Day's increase 1 hour 30 minutes.
High water 10 32 a. m.; 10 51 p. m.

Saturday, February 18.
Sun rises 6 38. Sun sets 5 20.
Moon rises 11 05 p. m.
Day's length 10 hours 42 minutes.
Day's increase 1 hour 32 minutes.
High water 11 18 a. m. 11 38 p. m.

Sunday February 19.
Sun rises 6 36. Sun sets 5 22.
Moon rises — —a. m.
Day's length 10 hours 46 minutes.
Day's increase 1 hour 36 minutes.
High water 12 07 a. m.; — —p. m.

Moon's Phases.
Last Quarter Feb. 20, 10 41 p. m.
New Moon Feb. 28, 7 28 p. m.
First Quarter, March 7, 5 58 p. m.
Full Moon March 14, 6 h 55 m p. m.

NEW TODAY.

[Only first insertions listed here.]

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Masonic Hall—Masquerade Ball	5
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Ports. Pro. Ct.—Borden Estate	3
Newport Coal Co.—Separator Coal	1
Newport Bakery—"Quality Tells"	5
Henry Bull, Jr.—Cottage for Sale	4

For Rent.
Lopez Wharf
(Next north of Government landing) and
Champlin's Wharf.
Herbert L. Dyer,
162 Bellevue Ave.,
Branch 64 Broadway.

COTTAGE FOR SALE.
Modern nine-room cottage, near Broadway and Whitehall street $4,500
Modern nine-room cottage, near Equality Park and east of Broadway $4,500
Henry Bull, Jr.,
Real Estate and Insurance,
183 Thames Street.

Country Dwelling
For sale on Turner's road, in Middletown, R. I. Dwelling and barn and lot of 5¼ acres.
For $3,800.
Particulars of
HENRY BULL, JR.,
Real Estate and Insurance,
183 Thames St.

Newport Transfer Express Co.
Baggage and Freight.
Main Office, - 320 Thames St.
(Fall River Line Ticket-Office.)
The only Express Company checking baggage from residence to destination.
Consignments of freight solicited.
Information in regard to baggage or freight cheerfully given.
Tel. 371. Call Us Up.
739. FRANK J. HUGHES.
1051. General Manager.
Branch offices: Stable, Marsh Street. Fall River Line Wharf.

The Newport Journal
AND WEEKLY NEWS,
is especially adapted for mailing.

Mrs. T. W. Freeborne,
228 SPRING STREET,
TEACHER OF PIANO.
Phone 122

PURCHASE THIS COTTAGE.
An absolutely new cottage, perfect order, hall, parlor, dining, kitchen pantries, 5 bed rooms, tiled bath room; hot water heat. Located between Broadway and Spring street. Inspection invited.
A. O'D. TAYLOR,
Real Estate Agt, 122 Bellevue Ave.
(Telephone 320.)

BORN.

WILKEY—In this city, February 16, 1911, a daughter, to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Wilkey.

BERNSTEIN—February 16, 1911, a son, to Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Bernstein.

DIED.

HOLL—In Portsmouth, R. I., February 16, 1911, Annie, wife of Anthony S. Holl and daughter of Patrick J. and the late Annie Hayes of this city, aged 27 years. Burial from Langley's Undertaking Rooms, to St. Mary's Church at 9 o'clock, Saturday, Feb. 18.

BROWN—In Providence, February 15, 1911, Edwin H. Brown, Jr., in his 37th year.

JOSLEN—In Providence, February 15, 1911, Ann Eliza A. Joslen, in her 87th year.

PEARSE—In Providence, February 15, 1911, Mary Niles, widow of Thomas Pearse, in her 84th year.

ROBERTS—In Providence, February 15, 1911, Nellie, wife of Louis Leon Roberts, in her 44th year.

SUMNER—In Providence, February 15, 1911, Annie Maud, daughter of the late Ossian Sumner.

EARLE—In Riverside, February 15, 1911, William H. Earle, in his 74th year.

MARTIN—In Warren, February 15, 1911, Frederick S. Martin, in his 39th year.

NEWBERRY—In Lafayette, February 15, 1911, Martin Newberry, in his 79th year.

Estate of
JOHN S. LANGLEY, Undertaking,
16 Franklin Street.
FRED'K E. LANGLEY, Mgr.
Telephones 879—1115.

SAMUEL W. MARSH,
Undertaker and Licensed Embalmer
101 Thames Street.
Night calls answered from residence, Cranston Ave. Office Tel. 1070. Res. 1069.

FOR SALE.
5-room cottage, off Wellington avenue, 2,000 sq. ft. of land $1,250
Two-tenement house, Willow street, over 4,000 sq. ft of land, annual $240, ... $2,000
8-room cottage, Friendship street, bath and toilet, city water, electric lights, 4,000 sq. ft. of land $2,700
Two-tenement house, Pond avenue, 7 rooms, bath and toilets, over ½ of land $3,000
7-room cottage Congdon avenue, improvements stable; lot 40x100 ..... $1,900
C. H. WRIGHTINGTON,
30 Bellevue Avenue. Telephone 77

EAT
LIBBY'S
Vienna,
French,
Cream,
Graham,
Rye
And Home-Made Bread
9 Broadway.

30 per cent Protein, 12 perct. fat.
That's the analysis of
AJAX FLAKES.
Feed it with our pure yellow corn meal and hominy and keep your stock in prime condition.
Our PLYMOUTH ROCK SCRATCH FEED
is the best scratch-feed ever made.
THE H. L. MARSH CO.

TOWN OF PORTSMOUTH.

Notice of Application for Transfer of Liquor Saloon.

The following named persons have made application to the Town Council of the Town of Portsmouth for transfer of liquor saloon under the provisions of the General Laws and public laws of the State of Rhode Island.

FAGAN, BERNARD—from the premises of James Howarth now occupied by him, to the premises of Mrs. Buckworth, both of said premises being on Park Avenue.

The Town Council of the Town of Portsmouth will be in session at the Town Hall in said Town on Monday, March 13th at one o'clock P. M. when hearing will be given persons both for and against said change of location.

Town Council of the Town of Portsmouth.

George R. Hicks, Clerk.

AUTOMOBILE PAINTING.
JAMES W. WILSON.
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Old Frames Re-Gilded.
FINE IMPORTED PRINTS.
WISEMAN,
112 Bellevue Avenue.

Henry Biesel & Son,
Saddle, Harness and Trunk Makers.
LEATHER GOODS.
TRAVELERS' SUPPLIES
DOG COLLARS.
256 Thames St. Tel. 365

SYMPHONIA ARTISTIQUE.

Combination of Dancing, Music and the Drama to Make a Novel Entertainment.

Next week Newport will see for the first time a combination of the three arts, dancing, music and the drama, which is the meaning of the name of the entertainment. The arts will be combined in one of the most novel programs yet offered since the rage for solo dancing began. The arrangement will lead the audience from the classic Grecian dance through the Middle Ages, which one of the intricate old court dances will illustrate, to the modern dance expressive of poetic emotion, and will include a dance of Hindu dancers to represent the East, and the wonderful Russian Wedding Dance, with its semi-barbaric costume and jewels, which joins the East and the West.

The dramatic interpretation to be introduced by Miss Maher will be a novelty, and a note which has hitherto been lacking in programs of dancers like Isadora Duncan, Maude Allen and the Comtesse Pierrefeu. This dramatic element is supplied by Ruth St. Denis in her Oriental settings and company of 40 or more Hindus. Americans have progressed so far as the continental Europeans, always accustomed to the ballet divertissement in the opera, and in these modern dance recitals something is needed besides the music to give color and atmosphere, which is the reason for the combination of arts in the coming Symphonia.

Isadora Duncan had no success with Anglo-Saxon audiences until she won her laurels in Germany, where they hung on every tree for true art. Then England welcomed her with enthusiasm, and lastly her own country accepted and acknowledged her achievements. It will be remembered that it was only about 10 years ago that she could not secure enough subscribers in Newport to warrant producing her arrangement of the Persian Garden with Liza Lehmann's music, and next week there will be many Newporters going to Boston especially to see her and paying $5 a seat for the privilege.

Virginia Tanner was a fellow-pupil with the Comtesse Pierrefeu, and while the latter has especially concentrated on the classic and emotional side of her art, to the exclusion of the historic, Virginia Tanner has been equally universal and has been especially successful in the portrayal of the meaning of the national folk dances.

MR GARRETTSON AND THE IMMIGRANT FAMILY.

On a cold night this week ex-Mayor Garrettson was coming from New York on the late train, on which was a family of Poles, man, wife and three small children, bound for Portsmouth. The latter purchased tickets in New York and were on a train not scheduled to connect with Portsmouth, everything being dark in that locality at that time of night. None could speak English, but before they reached their destination all appreciated that the family was in a plight.

Mr. Garrettson exercised himself in their interest and at first was disposed to bring them through to Newport and put them up in some comfortable place for the night. It was finally decided to have the train stop and see what could be done to assure their safety. It happened that a freight train was there and the family were left in the care of its conductor, who had time to look out for them. It was noticed that before they left the train Mr. Garrettson slipped into the hand of the immigrant that of which both knew the meaning, though neither could converse in words, and that which would assure a welcome in a strange place.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Miss Rheba Perkham is guest of her aunt, Mrs. William S. Jones.

—Mr. and Mrs. John B. Donnelly left Thursday night for a visit to New York.

—The committee on drinking fountain in the Second ward will hold a meeting this evening.

—Mr. J. M. Paulson of Gloucester is here in connection with the Independent Ice & Cold Storage Company.

—Fishing sloop St. Paul, from Block Island, is out at Williams & Manchester's for a general overhauling.

—Barge Laura of the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre line has arrived with a cargo of coal for the Perry Coal Company.

—Dr. S. Weir Mitchell of Philadelphia, formerly a prominent Summer visitor, celebrated his eighty-first birthday recently.

—Dr. Edward V. Murphy will leave Monday night for New York and will sail on steamer Cedric February 22 for Europe, where he will study internal medicine at Vienna and Berlin.

—The small boy and girl, in large number, had good sledding Thursday. They could be found all over town, but the group on Webster street, where there is a good and safe hill, seemed the largest.

—Messrs. W. E. Franklin, Leo McLuguer and T. T. Luguer of New York and Leo Luguer of Bedford, N. Y., were registered at the New Cliffs Friday, having come for attendance at the Mathie funeral.

—There was a field day in the district court this morning, when the celebrated Mirman-Berman cow case came up for another hearing. Spectators say it was better than a show. The final decision was not announced but it is reported that the unexpected happened and Berman lost.

—One of the horses of the Newport Coal Company drew a large crowd of spectators in front of Mr. R. S. Gash's store this morning. Despite the fact that he had sharp shoes he fell, and a crowd gathered before the driver had got on his feet. Some might think there is no snow or ice on Thames street; and there is not, in some parts.

"10 eggs $1." This is a sign which can be seen on Thames street; also, enough eggs to prove that more than one customer can call with a dollar and be supplied—and the eggs look pretty good. Of course they are not laid eggs, but the prices show how hen eggs have fallen in the last slump.

—A pleasant surprise was given Mr. and Mrs. Walter Pember at their home on Congdon avenue Thursday evening by a number of friends. There were games and dancing and several songs by Mr. and Mrs. Henry Snowden, Mr. and Mrs. William Barker and others, to the accompaniment on the piano of Miss Gertrude West and Mr. Walter Pember. A buffet supper was served at midnight.

—Terry's lighter is at work at Williams & Manchester's boat shops, removing the ways leading to the south slip on which the general hauling is done. These are to be carried out into deeper water and strengthened so that boats of good depth may be hauled at any stage of tide. The hauling apparatus is also to be improved, to facilitate the rapid handling of boats. The ways were originally put in by Terry and he has been engaged to make the improvements.

SEMI-ULTIMATUM MAY BE AMPLIFIED.

China Breaks Faith in the 1881 Treaty Stipulation.

Terms With Which Power Must Comply Not Specified by Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 17.—The Novoe Vremyra, in discussing today the announced purpose of Russia to make a military demonstration in Ili province, in Chinese Turkestan, describes the note presented at Pekin by Minister Korotovitz as a semi-ultimatum, as it does not specify the terms within which China must comply with the demands of St. Petersburg. The paper adds, however, that if the Chinese government fails to act before the lapse of a fortnight, the semi-ultimatum will be amplified.

When under the treaty of 1881 Russia withdrew from the Ili region, it was in consideration of certain political and trade concessions in that and the adjoining Chinese possessions. It is now asserted that China has not kept faith in the matter of the treaty stipulations. Hence the forthcoming return of Russian troops to Ili and a probable occupancy pending a new and more definite understanding between the two governments.

Russia's demands were set forth in a note which contains six points, as follows:

First—Russia's right to impose import and export duties unlimited, except in the 50-verst zone, which is duty free.

Second—That the extraterritorial rights of Russians in China shall not be infringed; that legal suits involving Russians and Chinese shall be considered by a mixed jurisdiction.

Third—That Russians shall enjoy special privileges of trade and duty-free commerce in Mongolia and the extra-wall provinces.

Fourth—That Russian Consulates can be immediately opened at Kobdo, Khami and Guchen.

Fifth—Due respect of the local authorities for Russian consuls.

Sixth—Russians to enjoy the right to acquire real estate and erect structures in Mongolia and the extra-wall provinces.

The treaty of 1881 will expire in August and Russia is desirous of recasting her relations with China in a new mold. But while the Russian government is anxious to revive the friendly relations of 15 years ago, China's standpoint has undergone a change. China denies violation of the treaty and, on the contrary, contends that Russia herself violated the far more important secret treaty of 1896. China is willing to refer this latter point to international arbitration, and says the United States government possesses all the data on this subject.

LATEST NAVAL NEWS.

Orders to Officers and Movements of Vessels Reported.

[Special despatch to The News.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The following orders to officers were announced by the Navy Department today:

Lieutenant Commander J. H. Rowen, detached from the naval station, Cavite, and ordered to the naval hospital, Mare Island, for treatment.

Ensign S. O. Grieg, detached from the Albany and ordered to the New Orleans.

Boatswain N. McIntire, ordered to the Rainbow.

The following movements of vessels were reported today to the department:

Arrived—Delaware at Rio Janeiro, Rocket at Norfolk, Culgoa at Guantanamo, Prairie at Boston.

Sailed—Ferry, from Norfolk for Key West; Vicksburg, from Amapala for Panama; North Carolina and Montana, from Guantanamo for New York; Lenoon, from Guantanamo for Hampton Roads; Hannibal, from Norfolk for Philadelphia.

Lord.

COMMANDER GATES DEAD.

Officer Expires in Washington of Apoplexy After a Month's Illness.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Commander Herbert G. Gates, U. S. N., died at the Naval Medical School Hospital here today of apoplexy. He was taken ill a month ago, while serving as executive officer of battleship Minnesota, engaged in battle practice at Guantanamo, Cuba. He was detached and brought to the United States on hospital ship Solace.

Commander Gates was born in Bay City, Mich., in 1867. He entered the Naval Academy September 4, 1884, and reached the grade of commander July 1, 1910. During the Spanish American war he was attached to gunboat Castine.

NO SIGNS OF SUBSIDIENCE.

Records in New York Show Many Deaths Occur from the Grip.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—The epidemic of grip here shows no signs of subsidience and health department records show a large increase in the number of deaths from grip and pneumonia over last year. Inclement and changeable weather is the cause of the unusual number of cases of grip. Records of the board of health made public today show that during the month of January there were 753 deaths in New York city from pneumonia, and 152 from grip. Last year in January grip caused 47 deaths and pneumonia 709.

STEAMERS REPORTED.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Kursk, from Libau for New York, 1,070 miles east of Sandy Hook at 8 a. m.; will dock about 9:30 a. m. Monday.

SIASCONSET, Mass., Feb. 17.—Atlanta, from Trieste, etc, for New York, reported by wireless telegraph, distance not given will dock about 9 a. m. Saturday.

SIASCONSET, Mass., Feb. 17.—Re D'Italia, from Genoa and Palermo for New York, 293 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6:40 a. m.; will dock about 9 a. m. Saturday.

SIASCONSET, Mass., Feb. 17.—Friederich Der Grosse, from Bremen for New York, 238 miles east of Sandy Hook at noon; will dock about 9 a. m. Saturday.

MR. JACKSON RESIGNS.

Boys' Secretary of the Y. M. C. A. to Leave May 1—Local Delegation Goes to Worcester.

Meetings of the corporation and board of directors of the Young Men's Christian Association were held Thursday evening, at the latter of which the resignation of Director of Boys' Work Ellis L. Jackson was received and accepted, to take effect May 1 next. At the meeting of the corporation several amendments to the by-laws were adopted and the thanks of the association were extended to Mr. Alfred G. Vanderbilt for his gift of a portrait of his father, the late Cornelius Vanderbilt, in whose memory the new building was erected.

In the directors' meeting after the committee on education had reported plans for instituting a course in gas engines, motors and aeroplanes, Mr. George W. Bacheller, Jr., made the annual report of the committee on boys' work and Mr. Joseph W. Blaine reported for the gymnasium committee. The directors remained in session during a greater part of the evening discussing various matters connected with the work of the association.

Mr. Jackson, who resigns as boys' work director, has been connected with the Association since January 8, 1910, coming here from the Springfield Training School. During the past year he has planned several new branches of work among the boys, has been specially interested in the Bible classes and done much for the moral training of the members of the boys' department. He has planned the work along lines which can be readily and advantageously followed by any one selected to take it up. Mr. Jackson has as yet no definite plans for the future, although he has several fields in view. He expects to continue in Association work.

This morning Secretary Jackson, with 10 of the boys, started for Worcester to attend the sessions of the annual convention of the Boys' Department of Massachusetts and Rhode Island, which will continue until Sunday evening. The Newport boys will return home Monday morning.

General Secretary Chapin returned Thursday evening from Providence, where he had been since Tuesday, attending the meetings of the Religious Education Association. He will give his impressions of this important gathering at a meeting to which men and women will be welcome.

Physical Director Slocum has arranged an athletic meet for the boys' department in the gymnasium on Washington's birthday. There will be six events—potato race, running high jump, pull-ups, 100-yard dash, standing high jump and relay race—for each of three classes, into which the boys will be divided according to weight. There will be three prizes in each class, in addition to first and second prizes for each event, and one for the largest number of points in all the events.

SEEN AND HEARD IN THE THEATRES.

In the vaudeville at the Colonial Charles A. Loder, in "Cobbler's Christmas," gives a pathetic rendering of a homely story and yet mingles with it comedy. "Bretma" the male prima donna," rendering such songs as "Garden of Roses," goes much farther than singing in good soprano voice, for he indulges in no less than five changes of costume, engages in a Spanish dance and generally conducts himself so much like a woman, that when he snatches off his wig at the end it seems to be as great a surprise as if he was not expected to do just this particular thing. The other act is by Grenier & LaFose, who are billed as sensational comedy acrobats. They do some rough tumbling about and cause one to wonder how they can take so many hard knocks and not be hurt. All the time they are making fun. A new bill of pictures accompanies the acts and an orchestra plays an almost continuous concert.

Mary Davis, character comedienne, at the Bijou Theatre, gives an entertaining act consisting of songs and a snappy monologue. Her changes are quickly made, and her last song, "The Dear Old Moonlight," is particularly well rendered. John Barrett & Company appear in a comedy sketch entitled "A Bit of Blarney," including several songs, dancing, and bagpipe playing. There is also a travel talk on "Winter Sports in Montreal" with accompanying hand-painted slides.

SUNDAY SCHOOL PARENTS' RECEPTION.

The Sunday School of the First Baptist John Clarke Memorial Church gave a parents' reception Thursday evening, under the direction of Mr. David A. Lawton, the superintendent, and Miss Elsie Wood. The program consisted of piano solos by Miss Jessie Hummell, Miss Nellie Gleason and Miss Alice Tollefson; a welcome speech by Parker Lawton, vocal selections by Edmund King and Miss Annie Littlefield, recitations by Ruth Hildreth and Frances Fullerton and a tableau from Mother Goose Rhymes by six small children. Members of Loder's mandolin orchestra played during the evening and refreshments were served at the close of the program. More than 100 were present, all registering their names in a book as they entered the Sunday School room.

RAIN, AFTER A LITTLE SNOW AND HAIL.

The weather predictions for this afternoon were rain. It looked at the start as though another mistake had been made. It was snow and hail at first, starting about 1 o'clock, and continuing in the shape of hail and some rain for an hour, when it switched to rain straight. The wind, from the southwest, seemed to increase some when the rain came and the men on Thames street were able to use squeegees without watering pots, nature doing the watering. The snow is going fast.

JAMESTOWN.

[Regular correspondence of The News.]

The members of the fire department's entertainment committee are arranging for a vaudeville to be given in March.

The lecture under the auspices of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union in Memorial hall was well attended and proved entertaining.

The members of whist Teams 3 and 4 entertained the players in the Boys' Club whist tournament Thursday evening at a roast-beef supper.

Tug Covington is tied up at Ferry wharf, awaiting better weather to take her tow outside.

Mrs. Ellen Cottrell and Miss Cottrell left today for Providence. They will visit several cities before their return.

One of the bungalows to be built for Dr. E. C. Bullard was raised Thursday.

Ice cutting, which was to have been commenced today, was not started, owing to weather conditions. On both the Carr and Clarke ponds a little work was done Thursday, in marking, but even this was discontinued on account of the thaw.

Buy Rubbers Today At Downing's.

Here you will find a fresh complete stock of all sizes, at little prices, to fit all styles of shoes for men, women and children.

B. F. DOWNING, 3d, 191 Thames St.

HARVESTING THE ICE.

Cutting Carried on at Lively Rate Thursday at Lily and Bull Ponds, and Resumed Today.

There was no question about the ice cutters settling down to business Thursday. They started marking out at the Lily pond in the morning and by 12:30 the machinery was in motion and ice was being hoisted into the house by the big endless chain. The ice was from 7½ to 8 inches thick and was going up pretty fast. It was cut at the east side of the pond, working to the eastward and toward the house. The men continued at work until 9 o'clock, when they quit and resumed this morning.

The Independent Ice & Cold Storage Company is also cutting ice, on Bull's pond, which is small and has much thicker ice than the larger ponds, running from 9½ to 10 inches. The farmers have a job in carting this to the house on Sherman's wharf. Just how many farmers' wagons were hauling ice was not definitely decided on the wharf, but the number ran up to 37 and they certainly were coming in fast.

LIME KILN KLUB ELECTION AND PRESENTATION.

The Lime Kiln Klub held its annual meeting Thursday evening and elected John Allan president, J. S. Ramlose vice president, Charles S. Williams secretary and treasurer and Junius P. Leonard sergeant-at-arms. Mr. Julius Burdick was awarded the grand prize as the winner in the whist tournament just closed and some of the members contributed to purchase a present for Mr. Leonard, that he should not be disappointed. Mr. William Hamilton made the presentation to the latter, and while in both cases a pair of rubber boots was the gift Mr. Hamilton took the boots which he presented out of his vest pocket. There are times when rubber boots are handy in the section of the city where the clubhouse is located.

Next Thursday the club will have its annual turkey dinner, restricted strictly to club members, and since there is now no skylight in the structure strange guests are not expected that way.

THE SALOTTO OF NAPLES.

[Outlook.]

The word salotto signifies drawing room, or salon. In the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries the word, as used for a meeting place, signified especially a centre of literary and social culture. As used in Italy today it means this and more. It conveys something of what we mean when we say "home." As used in the University of Naples, in particular, it has been applied to the outgrowth of a Bible class of six young men, started eight years ago, not in Naples, but in Rome. The young men studied the Bible, but they also studied Italian social problems as they affect students in their university life. There were lacks in their university life. There was a lack of friendly intercourse between students and professors. There was an absence of dormitories and fraternities. There were false views regarding the dignity of labor. There was a lack of physical education and of sports. Especially in Naples there was an almost oriental exclusion of women, rendering impossible a wholesome social relation between young men and young women. Finally there was a widespread atheism. In the University of Naples, comprising 6,000 students, nine out of every 10 men and atheists. The atrophy of the religious conscience was also accompanied by political apathy.

Confronting these conditions is the work started by an American woman, Miss Leavitt. She began it in Rome. Her means were simple, but she rented a room, provided good literature in different languages, secured good story tellers and speakers, organized conferences and musicals and teas. In a few weeks there was an average attendance of 20 students a day. Invitations were received to come to other university towns. Naples was selected because its university, the second in age, is the first in point of numbers in Italy. The students are mainly in the law and medical schools, with a goodly sprinkling in engineering. The Naples endeavor has been strikingly successful. The single room has long since been exchanged for larger quarters. There is an average daily attendance of no less than 100 students. The various languages are represented by many reviews and journals, and also in the many lectures and conferences. A large library is at the disposition of the students. There are teas and musicals, chorus singing, excursions and Bible classes. Work is in progress for poor children and for emigrants and a more wholesome relation between young men and young women is growing. The Naples "salotto" is distinctly non-sectarian. It deserves to succeed, and we hope that Miss Leavitt's work will spread throughout all the universities of Italy.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

Colonial Theatre.

Mat. 2:30. Evenings 7-8:30.

GRENIER and LaFOSE

Sensational Comedy Acrobats.

Formerly Principal Comedians with 8 Bells Co.

"BRETMA,"

The Male Prima Donna.

THE NATURAL GERMAN DIALECT GERMAN COMEDIAN.

CHAS. A. LODER & Co.

In "A Cobbler's Christmas."

FLICKERLESS MOTION PICTURES.

A Squaw's Bravery.

The Savoy Calvary.

At the Duke's Command, and Others.

—THE—

Methodist Social Union

Will Hold Its

WINTER SESSION

With the

THAMES STREET METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH,

Friday Evening, February 17

Supper will be served at 6:30 o'clock, and a short musical program will follow.

At 8 o'clock, Mr. George W. Peudlman of Boston will speak on "Horace Greeley". This will be the annual meeting of the Union and tickets will be ready for members. A meeting of the executive committee will be held at 6 o'clock at which the names of new members may be presented.

Both the supper and the lecture are open to the public. Supper tickets to non-members of the Union 50 cents each.

"The Bargain Shop."

Try our

Boned Sirloin to roast	.22
1st Cuts Beef, standing rib	.18
2d " " " "	.16
Boston Roll, our own make,	.16-.18
Spice-Cured Corned Beef	.10
Chops ..... 2 lbs for	.25
Spinach, per pk.,	.35

HENRY F. ROONEY, 251 Thames St

"Quality Tells."

NEWPORT BAKERY.

If you need any repairs on your BICYCLE, a pair of PEDALS, a new TIRE, NEW CHAIN or a general overhauling, now is the best time to have it done. We will be pleased to call for your wheel and give you good attention.

Leave your orders at

Griffith's,

158 Thames Street.

Oppo. Boston Store.

HOUSE-CLEANING.

Have your cleaning done by the Vacuum Process. Machine here now.

Tel. 821, or call 14 Bellevue Avenue.

SWENSON'S BICYCLE SHOP.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

BIJOU THEATRE.

Together with Five of the latest Pictures.

JOHN BARRETT & CO., Comedy Singing and Talking Sketch.

MARY DAVIS, Character Comedienne.

ILLUSTRATED TRAVEL-TALK, on "Winter Sports in Montreal."

Miss SIMES-NOWELL Presents

VIRGINIA TANNER

—IN—

Dramatic Dances.

Ancient, Modern, Oriental.

Assisted by

Mrs. Curley-Rooney

Mr. Victor Baxter,

Mr. Ray Groff,

Music and Lyric Song.

Miss Lillian E. Maher,

Dramatic Interpretation.

MASONIC HALL, FRIDAY, FEB. 24, 8:30 o'clock.

Tickets $1 on sale at Barney's and Plummer's.

ATLANTIC CITY CLUB,

Newport Lodge Elks

Masquerade Ball,

Monday, Feb. 20, At Masonic Hall

$50.00 in Gold Prizes.

Grand March 8 o'clock Sharp.

COSTUMES.

Committee will be at Masonic Hall Sunday, Feb. 19, from 1 to 5 P. M., and all day Monday with a full line of costumes for hire.

Basket Ball,

Naval Reserve Tigers vs. Red Sox Of Providence.

State Armory, Friday Night.

Game called 8 P. M. sharp.

Admission 15c.

City Basket Ball League.

Algonkin vs. St. Joseph's

At Hazard Memorial Hall,

SATURDAY NIGHT.

Game called 8 P. M. Sharp.

Admission 15c.

Given Away!

Not quite,

But we have a choice and dainty line to choose from, in

Solid Gold Brooches from $1.00 up.

Signet Rings $1.00 up.

Scarf Pins $1.50 up.

And many other articles in jewelry That will be sure to please, at

GLAZIER'S, 96 Spring Street.

THE NEWPORT JOURNAL

is especially adapted for mailing.

"SPALDING'S" Official Base Ball Record For 1911.

Edited by John B. Foster.

Price 10c.

A. G. Landers & Son,

167 Thames Street.

Strictly Fresh Eggs

25c a dozen.

GOOD COOKING EGGS

18c a dozen.

Landers & Peckham,

142 Thames Street.

Tel. 914.

SETH THOMAS CLOCKS Have been the best for over 90 years.

The new styles in mahogany are fine enough to harmonize with the best furniture.

$10 to $20.

BLAINE,

246 Thames Street.

Boston Store.

NIGHT GOWNS

Of good quality cotton, high neck, long sleeves, and low neck, short sleeves, beautifully made and finished, trimmed lace and Hamburg, excellent value at $1.00. Saturday Special **89c**

SKIRTS

Of good quality cotton, full flounce, lace and Hamburg trimmed, sold regularly at $1.00.

Saturday Special **89c**

GINGHAM APRONS

In large and small blue and white checked gingham, of best grade, full size, and good value at 39c. Saturday Special **25c**

THE KING-McLEOD CO.

The New Spring Models for 1911 Just arrived.

Twenty-five of the latest styles in baby vehicles from the foremost manufacturers in the country, on display in our store today. Prices always the lowest.

Walsh Brothers,

220-222 Thames Street.

FOR PERSONAL REASONS.

Dr. Engler Resigns as President of Worcester Polytechnic Institute.

WORCESTER, Mass., Feb. 17.—Surprise and regret were expressed here today when it became known that Edmund Arthur Engler, for ten years president of the Worcester Polytechnic Institute, had tendered his resignation, to take effect at the close of the present school year, to the broad of trustees at its meeting held last night. Personal reasons prompted President Engler's announcement, his brief note to the trustees merely stating that he felt that he had held his responsible position long enough. Yielding to President Engler's wishes, the trustees accepted the resignation, stating in resolutions which were unanimously adopted:

"In taking this action the trustees desire to express their appreciation of Dr. Engler's devoted service in enlarging the scope and character o. the work of the institute, and to congratulate him on its steady progress and growth during the ten years of his administration, as well as upon the entire harmony with which its affairs have been conducted."

President Engler, who was born in St. Louis, December 23, 1856, took the presidency of Worcester Polytechnic Institute in 1901, coming here from the presidency of the Academy of Sciences at St. Louis. The name of President Engler is familiar in scientific circles. Graduating from Washington University, in St. Louis, Mo., in 1876, with the degree of A. B., he received from his alma mater subsequently the degrees of Ph. B., A. M., Ph. D. and LL. D., and from 1881 to 1901 he was professor of mathematics in that institution. For five years, from 1896 to 1901, he was dean of the school of engineering there, while serving in the meantime, from 1898 to 1901, as president of the Academy of Science in the same city. His work in St. Louis attracted such wide spread attention that in 1901 he was chosen chairman of the jury of the department of manufactures at the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo, N. Y., and three years later he was made chairman of the international jury on instruments of precision at the St. Louis exposition.

BOWLING CONTESTS.

Y. M. C. A. Team No. 5 Wins—Fort Adams Defeats the Royal Arcanum Players.

In the Young Men's Christian Association bowling tournament Thursday evening team No. 5 won two of there strings from No. 5 won two of man was high roller, with a single of 108 and a total of 279. The scores were as follows:

Team No. 5.				
H. M. Sherman,	81	108	90	279
Doe,	80	80	80	240
Thurston,	81	79	91	251
Doe,	80	80	80	240
Johnson,	82	82	81	245
	404	429	422	1255
Team No. 3.				
Brownell,	90	84	89	262
Carry,	85	92	75	252
Doe,	80	80	80	240
W. A. Sherman,	80	87	88	255
Doe,	80	80	80	240
	415	433	411	1249

At Fort Adams the fort team won two of three strings from the Royal Arcanum players. The soldiers took the first string easily, the margin being 59 pins, and the second by five pins. The Arcanum team won the third by 12. Brown of the fort team made the high single, 103, and Martin the high total, 282. The scores:

Fort Adams.				
Jones,	85	94	79	258
Seaman,	70	91	90	251
Fuller,	95	77	90	262
Brown,	103	73	78	254
Martin,	93	99	91	282
	446	434	428	1307
Royal Arcanum.				
Tanner,	80	92	85	257
Ferry,	76	94	92	252
Wilbor,	73	80	87	240
Stepp,	86	81	82	249
Taylor,	71	82	94	247
	386	429	440	1256

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton W. Cary have sailed for Europe.

—Mrs. Clara L. Lake, who has been ill for three weeks, is able to be out.

—Mrs. John Clinton Gray is visiting Mrs. James Andrews Swan on Gibbs avenue.

—Mrs. Bristol, wife of Commander Mark L. Bristol, has gone to visit relatives at Mobile.

—Mrs. Amelia Payne has returned from a two weeks' visit to New York and Washington.

—Mr. William J. Berry and Mr. Michael J. Finnerty, are here from New York for a few days.

—Mrs. Charles F. Hoffman and Miss Anna Sands gave dinners at their New York residences Thursday evening.

—Mr. H. H. Barker and family will leave Saturday night for Norfolk and Savannah, and will possibly go as far as Florida.

—Mr. Walshe, inspector of the seventh district of the Western Union Telegraph Company, is here for a few days on business.

—P. G. Bollinger of New York and G. R. Grant, J. M. Wilson and J. P. Luce of Boston are registered at the United States Hotel.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Jenckes and Miss A. Katherine Jenckes, who are traveling in California, are in Pasadena on their way from Riverside to San Francisco.

—Mrs. G. G. Popple, Mrs. W. H. Langley, Mrs. Hodgson, Mrs. Thomas Gibson, Mrs. MacIver, Mrs. Holland and Miss Melville have gone to New Bedford on a visit to Mrs. Joseph Lewis.

—The family of Postmaster Richard L. Ashhurst of Philadelphia who mysteriously disappeared last week, have advertised his death at Atlantic City January 30. He was the son of the late William H. Ashhurst of this city.

—Miss Doris I. Frye gave a valentine party at her home on Congdon avenue in honor of Mr. and Mrs. John E. Lesage, of Portsmouth, N. H. Instrumental and vocal music was rendered during the evening, followed by a buffet supper.

—Ex-Commodore and Mrs. James, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Slade, Mr. Norman Henderson and Mr. Z. R. Whitney, Jr., sailed today on Mr. James's auxiliary yacht Aloha for Miami, Fla., near which, at Cocoanut Grove, Mr. James has a bungalow.

—Mr. George W. Penniman of Boston, who is to speak before the Methodist Social Union, was formerly private secretary of Governor Bates of Massachusetts. He has given a good deal of attention to the subject of his address, Horace Greeley, and those who have heard Mr. Penniman speak anticipate with pleasure hearing him again.

LINCOLN MONUMENT ASSURED.

Congress Passes Memorial Bill Without National Road Scheme.

Illinois Senator, Associate of Great Emancipator, Has Worked Hard for Measure.

[Washington Correspondence of The News.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—There is to be a monument erected to Abraham Lincoln in Washington, and it is not to be complicated with any national road building proposition. Congress has passed an act which insures a memorial to the Civil War President in keeping with monuments to distinguished men. For several years every movement for a monument to Lincoln has been coupled with a proposition that such a memorial should be a great national highway to Gettysburg, Pa. That such a highway would be a fine thing many people agreed, but it could not get through Congress.

Senator Cullom is entitled to the credit of having inaugurated the plan which is now to bear fruit. The venerable Illinois Senator, the early friend of Lincoln, said that before he passed away he would like to see the Lincoln memorial assured, and Congress has responded to that wish. In the bill as it passed the Senate Senator Cullom did not include his own name as one of the commission, but it was inserted by the House. Cullom is the only man now in public life who was associated with Lincoln.

A score or more of bills have recently been reported from the committee on public buildings and grounds providing for buildings in different parts of the country. Those bills may pass the Senate. It has never been considered Senatorial courtesy for any Senator to object to another Senator's public building bill. But every Senator knows that no public buildings are to be provided at this session. The House committee does not even consider them. They pass the Senate as an evidence of activity on the part of Senators.

Congressman Moore of Pennsylvania is generally on the lookout when bridge bills are passed to see that navigation is not obstructed. A bill was up for a bride across the Mississippi river to St. Paul, and Moore asked Congressman Mann, whose committee reported the bill, if he could tell the depth of water at that point. "Somewhere between two and 40 feet," replied Mann. "It depends upon whether the water is high or low. There is more variation in the depth of the Mississippi than in the Atlantic ocean."

Then Moore asked about the commerce of the river, to which Mann replied, "There is more commerce there than there ever will be on the inland waterway you are advocating." This was a shot at the Atlantic coast inland waterway, which is a pet scheme of the Pennsylvania member.

"The people of Colombia," said an official of this government who has spent several years in that country, "have never forgiven the Americans for taking Panama away from them. They feel that this country not only aided the revolution, but promoted it from the beginning, taking from Colombia the honor of having the canal as well as the money paid for the right of way. I doubt very much whether the life of any unprotected American would be safe in Colombia.

"Our diplomatic and consular officers are protected by the government of Colombia because that government is aware that an assault upon United States officials would accomplish nothing and mean being called severely to account. But the average American traveling in Colombia would do well to look after himself carefully if he wants to preserve his life."

A Senator was talking to an empty chamber. One of his colleagues thought he ought to have more Senators to listen and had a quorum called. As the call was concluded Senator Dillingham of Vermont came out and remarked: "That illustrates the old adage that 'you can lead a horse to water, but you can't make him drink.' They called us in to listen to that speech. We answered to our names, and now the Senate is as empty as before. We have heard all the talk on that subject that we need for this session."

The new Senators are upsetting all traditions. Senator Burton was seen going to his seat the other day with one of those big leather legal bags into which can be packed a large amount of Senatorial paraphernalia. A few years ago the old Senators would have frowned upon such a bag. If it had to be brought in, then one of the employes of the Senate should have toted it to the Senator's desk. The Ohio Senator has introduced an innovation. And, what is a difficult matter in this connection, he is not the sort of a man that takes kindly to Senatorial discipline.

Arthur W. Dunn.

RAILROAD FROM NEW YORK TO PANAMA.

Predicting the completion of the 600 miles of railway necessary to form a continuous line from New York to Panama within five years, Francis B. Loomis, former Assistant Secretary of State, greatly surprised, not to say, startled, the members of the Pan-American Commercial Conference in Washington. Mr. Loomis went on to say that he would be greatly surprised if all the remaining links of the proposed railway which will conflict New York with Buenos Ayres by rail were not either in operation or under construction within 12 years.

Children Love Castor-Lax

because it has banished the terrors of castor oil. Castor-Lax is the ideal laxative for young and old and has the endorsement of physicians because it is just pure castor oil combined with magnesia in powder form, and is absolutely tasteless and odorless.

10 Cents Everywhere.

A generous trial size will be sent post-paid for 10c. Castor-Lax Co., 26 Fulton street, New York.

FOR INVASION OF FRANCE.

Leopold's Deal With Emperor William and Belgium Repudiated by Brussels Cabinet.

[Marquise de Fontenoy.]

London's Pall Mall Gazette is manifestly endowed with a short memory in devoting so much importance to the story of the discovery among King Leopold's papers of a complete plan for the German invasion of France through Belgium, with the assistance of his army and military strongholds. That such a plan existed is no secret, whatever, and it has long been known in every diplomatic chancellery of Europe as well as at the State Department at Washington that 12 or 13 years ago Leopold had concluded an agreement with the kaiser whereby he placed not only his country but also his army at the disposal of Germany in the event of the latter's war with France. The fact was revealed by Leopold himself in a moment of post-prandial exuberance during a visit which he paid on board his yacht, the Alberta, to Emperor William at Kiel in which he referred to the emperor as his "ally" and urging him to visit Brussels, declared that he could promise that his Teuton majesty would be pleased and satisfied with the aspect of "your" troops there. He did not say "my" troops, but "your" troops, intimating that they would be under the command of the kaiser.

So great was the sensation created by this and other remarks of an analogous order, all tending to show that the Belgian army would be co-operating with Germany under the orders of the kaiser in the event of the latter's war with France, that the Paris government felt itself compelled to address very strongly worded inquiries to the Brussels cabinet. The latter, deeply concerned, promptly disavowed and repudiated King Leopold's remarks and the interpretation placed thereon, denying that any agreement of any kind, secret or otherwise, existed between Belgium and Germany, pointing out, moreover, that the Belgian government alone had the right to conclude alliances and treaties with foreign powers, which were subject to parliamentary ratification, and that any private arrangement that King Leopold might have made, admitting that he had done so, would have no binding force on the Belgian government, which was imbued with the friendliest sentiments toward France.

This announcement, which was in so many words a repudiation by the Belgian government of King Leopold, received widespread publicity at the time, as well as the endorsement and the approval of the entire Belgian people, and caused Leopold to become so angry that he was on the point of abdication. His agreement with the kaiser, which he had so indiscreetly revealed, and which is known to have existed, placing his troops and his fortresses at the disposal of Germany in the event of her war with France, was made in order to secure Germany's support against France, England and the United States in connection with their efforts to put an end to his mal-administration of the Congo Free State, and there is no doubt that he would gladly have come at the time to some arrangement for placing the Free State under the protection of Germany, as within the sphere of the Teuton empire, had not the Kaiser realized that it would embroil him in a conflict with France, Great Britain, and probably the United States.

After the repudiation by the Belgian government of any secret arrangements which its king might have made with the kaiser, the latter found it useless to support any longer Leopold's tyranny in the Congo, which had excited the utmost horror and execration throughout the length and breadth of Germany. From that moment forth the emperor had no more use for Leopold, and joined in the boycott to which that monarch was subjected by his brother sovereigns of Europe. The kaiserin, in particular, entertained the most intense aversion to him, and some years later, when the newspapers took on themselves to announce that the emperor and empress would visit Brussels on their way back to Berlin from a stay at Windsor, the kaiser caused an official communication to be published, in the official gazette at Berlin, denying in a matter most insulting to King Leopold, that he had ever had any idea whatsoever of paying a visit to the court of Brussels then or at any other time.

HERE IS A REMEDY THAT WILL CURE ECZEMA

"WE PROVE IT"

Why waste time and money experimenting with greasy salves and lotions trying to drive the eczema germ from underneath the skin when the John M. Callahan Drug Store guarantees ZEMO, a clean liquid preparation for external use to rid the skin of the germ life that causes the trouble? One application will relieve the itching and often times one bottle is sufficient to cure a minor case of eczema.

In over 2,000 towns and cities in America, the leading druggist has the agency for ZEMO and he will tell you of the marvelous cures made by this clean simple treatment. ZEMO is recognized as the cleanest and most popular treatment for eczema, pimples, dandruff and all other forms of skin or scalp affections whether on infant or grown person. Will you try a bottle on our recommendation?

John M. Callahan's Drug Store.

Ice Creepers

For Horses,

$3.50 to close out.

HAND SOAPS

Krystal Soiloff, ½ lb. 8c. 1 lb. 15c

Grimm-off - - 8c

Presto - - - 8c

GRATRIX,

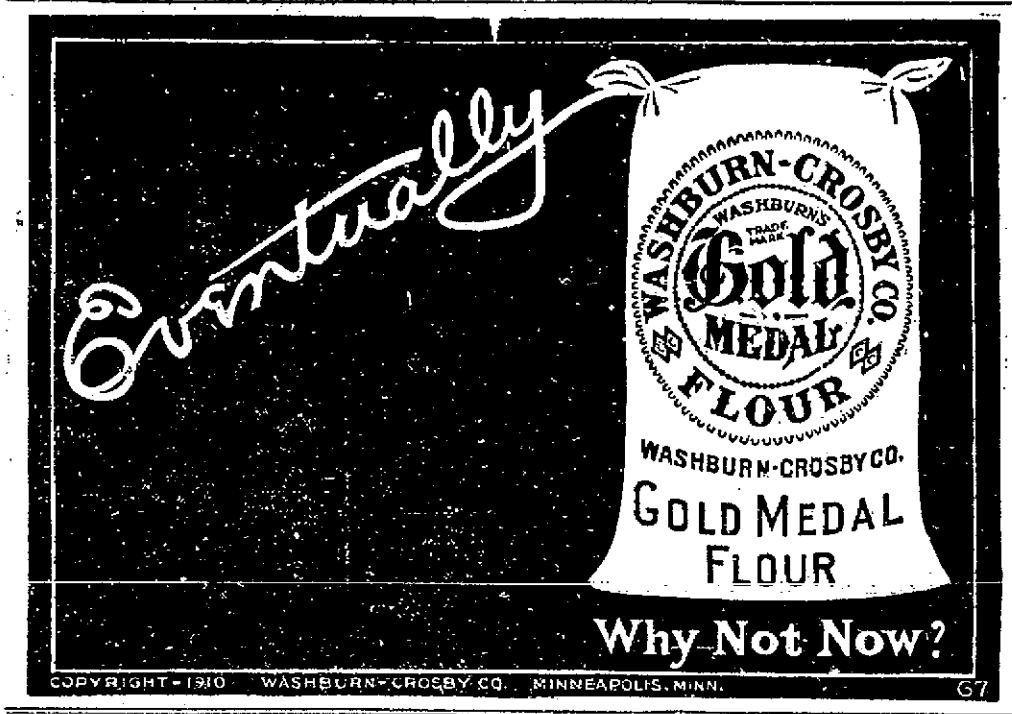
HARNESS AND TRUNKS,

96 BROADWAY.

The Newport Journal

AND WEEKLY NEWS

is especially adapted for mailing.



REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

NEAR BROADWAY.

Eleven-room cottage, newly fitted inside and out, all modern, good lot. For sale for $6,000.

Edward L. Spencer,

REALTY BUILDING.

FOR SALE.

7-room cottage, near Broadway. Price $3,500.

2-tenement house, near Broadway. All modern improvements.

Cottage on Warner street.

Cottage on Hall avenue.

CLARENCE A. HAMMETT CO.,

828 Thames Street.

COTTAGES FOR SALE.

2 on the Point,
1 on Friendship street,
2-tenement house, Fair St.
1 on Mann avenue,
1 on Sheffield avenue,
2 stores and tenements on Thames street.

FOR RENT—A cottage of seven rooms, modern improvements, East Bowery St.

Wm. Loftus, 234 Spring St.

FOR RENT.

Cottage Underwood court, $10 and water rates.

Lower half house, 31 Dearborn street, $16.

North flat, Horgan apartments, Broadway. Modern improvements, including furnace, $26, and water rates.

Large Store, Cor. Thames street and Market square. Particulars on application.

FOR SALE.

10-room house in Broadway section, with modern improvements, with corner lot 80 X 45 feet. Price right.

About 5 acres of land within city limits. Good future to this proposition.

SIMEON HAZARD,

32 FRANKLIN STREET.

1911

HUPMOBILE

Guaranteed for life.

The 4-Cylinder 20 H. P. Car Extraordinary.

Runabout - - -	$ 750
Coupe - - -	1,100
Torpedo - - -	850
Touring Car - -	900

Send for Catalogue.

Open **W. A. MAHER,** Tel.

Evenings, 13 Farewell St. 971.

THE GIRL WHO LOVES GOOD CANDY

Is the one to ask who keeps the best. She will tell you that Koschny's is away ahead of any made. Delicious in all flavors, always uniform in quality and always fresh and pure.

S. KOSCHNY,

MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONER,

232 Thames St. Branch 16 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

For Sale.

Lots on the Wilbar Farm Tract.

This tract is without doubt the best laid out land in Newport; wide streets, good sidewalks, water, gas and sewer pipes in every street. All streets are macadamized. Six lots sold last week. Speak quickly if you want one.

J. B. Parsonage & Son,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

10 Franklin Street.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN,

A well known and popular Summer Boarding House fully furnished. Has just closed an excellent season having been filled from June 15 to September 15. One half the purchase money can remain on mortgage at 5 per cent.

C. E. WEEDEN, Agt.,

Jamestown, R. I.

AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE.

We are writing this business in such strong Companies as the

AETNA OF HARTFORD.
ROYAL OF LIVERPOOL.
QUEEN OF AMERICA

DEBLOIS & ELDRIDGE,

152 Bellevue Avenue, Newport, R. I.

WASHINGTON

Houses for rent for the

WINTER SEASON

Full particulars given.

Frederick H. Paine,

Real Estate and Insurance.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

DR. BATES'S SANITARIUM,

Maplewood,

JAMESTOWN, R. I.

Open all the year.

The sanitarium is up-to-date in all its appointments. Electricity; massage, baths, etc. are used. Trained nurses are in attendance. A limited number of guests are received. Long distance 'phone. Send for catalogue.

Address, Dr. W. Lincoln Bates, Jamestown, R. I.

UNITED STATES HOTEL.

American Plan.

Comfortable Rooms—With or Without Meals.

256 THAMES STREET.

PERRY HOUSE.

American and European Plan.

Restaurant strictly first class. Open after the theatre.

DWYER & PURCELL, Props.

The HOF-BRAU,

22 State Street.

European Plan. Grill Room. Cafe. Every room with hot and cold water, gas and electric lighting.

Special rates for long term patrons.

W. PETERSEN, Prop.

THE NEW CENTRAL HOTEL

Is lighted by electricity.

PROVIDENCE,

7 & 9 Canal St.

NOTICE.

This is the time when everybody can be made happy in the line of Cut Flowers, Flowering Plants, Wreaths, etc.

All are invited to come in my store,

H. J. HASS,

196 Thames St.

THE NEWPORT JOURNAL

is especially adapted for mailing.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

GO TO Bermuda

Forty hours from frost to flowers.

$20 up Round Trip from New York

Twin Screw S. S. "Bermudian," 5580 tons, sails every

Wednesday, 10 a. m.

Bilge keels; electric fans; wireless telegraphy. Fastest, newest and only Steamer landing passengers at the dock in Bermuda.

WEST INDIES

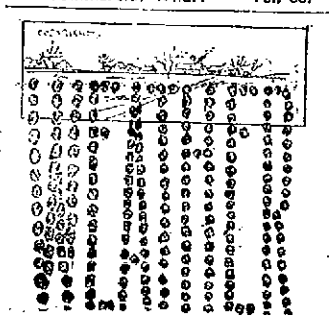
New S. S. "Guiana" sails Jan. 10th, Feb. 18th, and other steamers fortnightly for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadaloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes and Demerara. For illustrated pamphlets apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Gen'l Agts. Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; J. I. Greene, 320 Thames St., or any Ticket Agent, or Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., Quebec.

Order Your Awnings early and avoid the spring rush.

We have hundreds of patterns to select from.

McLellan & Heald,

10 Commercial Wharf Tel. 887



COAL WEATHER

comes once a day the year round, and the same time on other years. That's why

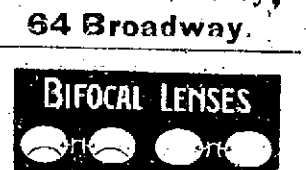
YOU WANT COAL THIS COLD WEATHER.

Keep tab on your coal bin, and order before you get to the bottom. We will deliver on the day you say.

DON'T LET YOUR COAL RUN LOW, BUY IT HERE.

Gardner S. Perry,

64 Broadway.



EVERY TIME YOU STOP

To change your near sight glasses to put on the pair to see at a distance you inconvenience yourself unnecessarily!

The better and convenient way is to wear glasses fitted with Kryptok Invisible Bifocal Lenses, the Near and Far Lense in ONE with no dividing line!

Can we furnish you with a pair?

L. N. VAUGHAN,

Manufacturing Optician,

104 BROADWAY.

If you wish to purchase or hire a

SLEIGH

—OR—

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pays to get it at

LAWTON'S,

TOURO STREET.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

FOR NEW YORK... ALL WATER ROUTE.

FALL RIVER LINE. Leave Long Wharf, Newport, Every day, 9:15 P. M. Steamers PROVIDENCE AND PLYMOUTH. Orchestra on each.

For New York and Points on the New York, New Haven & Hartford R.R., via Wickford Junction.

WICKFORD LINE... WATER and RAIL ROUTE

Steamer GENERAL

From LONG WHARF.

Week days only	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Newport (Str.) lv	8.50	1.05	4.00	5.40
Wickford Jun. ar.	11.15	2.15	5.15	8.25
Wickford Jun. lv.	11.40	2.32	7.01	8.40
New London ar.	12.45	3.33		9.40
New Haven ar.	1.55	4.56		10.50
New York arr.	4.00	7.00	11.00	1.35
	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.

A arrives Harlem River Station.

FOR BLOCK ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE

All Water Route

Steamer New Shoreham

"MEAL SERVICE A LA CARTE"

Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays leave Long Wharf, Newport, 11:15 A. M. Due Block Island 1:15 P. M. Returning leave Block Island 3.00 P. M. Due Newport 4.45 P. M. Providence 6:45 P. M.

For tickets, staterooms and parlor car seats, apply at City ticket office, 320 Thames St., at Wharf Office and Purser's office on steamers.

C. C. Gardner, Agent, Newport, R. I.

A. H. Seaver, A. G. P. A., New York.

SHORT LINE

—TO—

PROVIDENCE

VIA

Newport & Providence Railway,

In effect Sept. 19th, 1910.

Cars leave Washington Square, Newport, for Bristol Ferry, Bristol and Providence—7:00 A. M., to Bristol Ferry only—7:50, 8:50, 9:50, 10:50, 11:50 A. M. 12:50, 1:50, 2:50, 3:50, 4:50, 5:50 P. M. 6:50 7:50 P. M. to Union street, 8:10 P. M. to Bristol Ferry, 10:30, 12:10 to Union street.

Cars leave Union Station, Providence, for Newport via Bristol Branch, 5:45, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15, A. M., 12:15, 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:15.

9:40 from Bristol Ferry to Newport. Theatre Trip leave Union Street and One Mile Corner, 7:55 arrive at Theatre 8:05 P. M.

SUNDAY TIME TABLE.

Leave Washington Square, Newport, for Bristol Ferry, Bristol and Providence, 8:50, 9:50, 10:50, 11:50 A. M. 12:50 1:50, 2:50, 3:50, 4:50, 5:50, 6:50, 7:50 P. M., 8:50 P. M. to Bristol Ferry, 10:30, 11:15 to Union street.

Leave Union Station, Providence, for Newport—9:15, 10:15, 11:15 A. M. 12:15, 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:15, 7:15 P. M. 9:40 from Bristol Ferry to Newport.

Training Station cars leave Washington Square—7:00 A. M. Cars run hourly until 10:30 P. M.

G. M. TOWLE, Supt.

PROVIDENCE, FALL RIVER AND NEWPORT STEAMBOAT CO.

Steamer Leaves Newport for

PROVIDENCE

Week days only 5:30 A. M. Returning leave Providence 4 P. M. Stops at Prudence Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, Conanicut, Mondays only.

H. E. WINDSOR, Supt.

Jamestown & Newport Ferry Co.,

Foot of Mill St. (Market Square)

IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 8TH 1910.

Will run the following schedule between Jamestown and Newport.

STEAMER CONANICUT.

LEAVE JAMESTOWN—6:15, 7:10, 8:20, 9:20, 10:30, 11:30 A. M.; 1:20, 2:30, 3:40, 4:50, 5:50, 7:30 P. M.

*Saturdays only

LEAVE NEWPORT—6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:50, 11:00 A. M.; 12:00, M.; 2:00, 3:10, 4:10, 5:20, 6:20, *11:00 P. M.

SUNDAYS,

LEAVE JAMESTOWN—8:45, 10:30 A. M.; 12:00 M., 2:00, 4:20 P. M.

LEAVE NEWPORT—9:15, 10:30 A. M.; 12:30, 2:30, 5:15 P. M.

Office of N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. on wharf, Jamestown.

Telephone Ticket Office, 2474 ring 3, Jamestown. Freight 2414 ring 4, Newport. Freight 683.

THE MUENCHINGER-KING AND COTTAGES.

NEWPORT, R. I.

NEWPORT TAXICAB COMPANY,

359-367 Thames Street.

Telephones 151 and 150.

Day and night service

Bellevue Laundry,

HOMER STREET.

We Make a Specialty of Starch Work.

All our shirts are starched and ironed by hand.

Work called for and delivered in any part of the city.

POLICE REPORT FOR 1910.

Continued from Tenth Page.

ing U. S. Navy uniform 3, using indecent language 3.

The record of warrants issued with their disposition is as follows:

	Issued.	Convictions	Not Sustained.	Discontinued.	Pending.
Abandoning wife	1	1			
Adultery	5	4		1	
Assault and battery	91	79	2	10	
Assault with dangerous weapon	6	5	1		
Barber not registered	2			2	
Breaking and entering night	3	2	1		
Bicycle taking and using	1	1			
Carnal knowledge, attempt	1		1		
Carrying concealed weapons	9	9			
Common drunkard	19	19			
Common prostitute	6	6		1	
Common railer and brawler	6	5		1	
Concealing death of child	1	1			
Drunkenness	273	259		7	1
Embezzlement	1				1
Entering dwelling at night	4		1	3	
Evading fare	1	1			
Evading payment of food	10	10			
Exposing person indecently	1	1			
Fast driving horse	3	2			1
Fornication	4	4			
Hack ordinance violation	1				1
Idle person	17	17			
Insane person	20	20			
Junk dealer buying from minor	2	1		5	
Junk dealer buying without license	1	1			
Junk gathering without license	4	4			
Keeping unlicensed dog	1			1	
Larceny grand	3	3			
Larceny petit	84	77	2	5	
Larceny of domestic fowl	4	3	1		
Lewd and wanton	11	11			
Lobster law violation	2		2		
Malicious mischief	13	12		1	
Manslaughter	1			1	
Maintaining common nuisance	1	1			
Exceeding speed limit motor	1			1	
Operating motor without license	1	1			
Reckless operation of motor	2	2			
Motor standing in street	1	1			
Tampering with motor	3	3			
Night walking	7	7			
Non-support	11	11			
Obstructing officer	1	1			
Privy vault keeping	1	1			
Receiving stolen goods	2	2			
Revelling	72	72			
Roller skating on sidewalk	1	1			
Slaughtering without license	1		1		
Sleeping out	15	14		1	
Soliciting alms	2	3			
Street lounging	1	1			
Sturdy beggar	2	2			
Throwing missiles	7	7			
Unlawful wear U. S. uniform	3	3			
Using indecent language	3	2		1	

Total warrants 755, convictions 702, not sustained 12, discontinued 37, pending 4.

Penalties.

Newport county jail, days 129, Providence County jail days 2,265, state workhouse years 33.50, state reform school years 52. Fines and costs imposed in district court and paid $2,414.-70, not paid $1,236.90. Commitments—to Newport County jail 198, to Providence County jail 72, to state workhouse 56, to state reform school 10 to state hospital for the insane 20. Total 355.

Amount of property stolen $6,748.27; amount recovered in city $3,633.38, outside of city $921.86. Amount taken from and restored to prisoners $2,210.-55.

Accidents reported 61, attempts to break and enter prevented 3, breaks and enters reported 55, defective wires reported 9, defective lamps reported 1,553, nuisances reported 1, dead bodies 4, false alarms of fire 2, fire extinguished without alarm 1, injured persons provided for 12, larcencies reported 151, lights hung on obstructions 436, lost children restored 18, patrol wagon calls 436, runaway horses reported 6, runaway horses stopped 8, robberies reported 1, sick conveyed to hospital 12, sidewalks reported for repairs 37, stores found open and secured 43, street obstructions reported 17, stray teams put up 6, stolen bicycles recovered 44, store windows found open 2, water running to waste and owners notified 19.

Lodgers.

Owing no doubt to the lack of up-to-date accommodations and the meagreness of the menu, soldiers of fortune or misfortune, grant to us the pleasure of their company only occasionally. During the year we extended the hospitality of the city to 93 wayfarers one of whom was a female.

Licenses.

Dogs—During the year licenses were issued for 1,172 dogs, 202 female dogs and 21 kennels, netting $2,392 which amount was paid to the city clerk.

Vehicles—Licenses were issued for 251 hackney carriages, 147 hackney carriage drivers, 64 wagons and 68 wagon drivers netting the sum of $337.25 which amount was paid to the city clerk.

The Force.

During the year just passed the personnel of the force, by reason of death and retirement, has altered. Patrolman Maurice E. Crane, an officer of sterling worth, whose application to any duty made him a valuable member of this department, and whose cheerful personality attracted many friends, has crossed the Great Divide. James T. Casey was appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Patrolman Crane.

Alexander Steele, retired, joined the silent majority October 12. Steele was elected a patrolman by the City Council June 5, 1871, continuing in the service until retired for disability April 1, 1898. He was a brave, energetic officer, displaying considerable detective ability, and sharing with his old colleague, Captain Edward S. Hammond, the credit of detecting, apprehending and convicting criminals of note.

Captain Allen C. Griffith, elected a patrolman by the City Council in 1879, holding successively and successfully the rank of sergeant, inspector and captain was, at his own request, and on account of physical disability, retired September 8, 1910, from further active duty in the department in which he had faithfully and intelligently served for 30 years. His mentality, integrity and accuracy were above the average and his knowledge of the methods of criminal procedure was a valuable acquisition to this department.

Sergeant William J. T. Northup, whose many years of service and rigid observance of duty were worthy of recognition, was promoted to the rank of captain, and the sergeancy left vacant by reason of his advancement was filled by the promotion of Patrolman Michael J. Conroy, whose ability as a policeman is unquestioned.

Robert C. Scott was appointed to fill the vacancy in the ranks caused by the advancement of Conroy.

To my brother officers I desire to express the gratitude I feel toward them for their application to their various duties, hoping that the new year will bring them health and prosperity and be as free from crimes of a serious nature as was the one just passed. That out efforts to make our city a safe and pleasant abode go unappreciated is not a cause for surprise or discouragement when we consider that the majority of people know little or nothing of police business, the intricacies that exist in the ferreting out of crime, the difficulties encountered in the endeavor to fit the scraps of evidence to the interpretation of the statute governing the offense, the combat with the usually reluctant, indifferent or shifty witness, or the many machinations that are thrown in the way of the efforts of the department in its endeavor to punish an offender.

The average citizen apparently considers that a policeman is a sort of necessary incubus, a parasite waxing corpulent at the municipal staff and rendering no equivalent for his fat living. They wot not of the long hours of routine spent within the narrow confines of a post wearisome even during the day and under the best conditions, thrice wearisome and dreary at night, nor of the exposure to all sorts of weather, nor to the double duty made necessary by reason of holidays, elections and fetes, nor do these same good people seem to consider that a policeman is liable to have his anatomy punctured by a bullet or knife or dented by a brick.

When a man clothes himself in the vesture of blue and brass he immediately becomes a target for the slings and arrows of his fellows, who safely entrenched behind grandiose sobriquets, shoot his character and peace of mind to tatters. We who are of the force are familiar with our limitations notwithstanding the illimitable power and authority ascribed to us by rampant nom de plumes. Let us never lose sight of the fact that we are the servants of the city and subject to the constituted authority placed at our head by a majority of its citizens.

New Police Station.

The building of a police station is still a subject for discussion—that a station should be built is generally conceded—the selection of a site both central and unobjectionable seems to be somewhat of a difficulty, a difficulty we trust not insurmountable.

Patrol Wagon and Horse.

The patrol wagon has been in commission since 1902 and is in need of extensive repairs. The horse has been with us about six years and is likewise in a somewhat dilapidated condition, and I would respectfully suggest that a motor patrol wagon be installed when the present outfit becomes unfit for service.

Sidewalks.

Again I recommend the adoption of an amendment to the ordinance in relation to the removal of snow and ice from sidewalks and respectfully suggest that the highway department or police department be vested with authority to remove the snow and ice or otherwise make safe the sidewalks abutting the estates of owners or occupants who neglect to comply with the provisions of the existing ordinance, and in said amendment provide that the expense incurred be chargeable to the estate attended to and collectable as are taxes.

Traffic.

The demand for the regulation of traffic is quite general and I recommend the passage of a concise and specific ordinance.

Experience has taught me that the practice of keeping unemployed and unattended vehicles standing for hours at a stretch on Thames street is the principal cause of the congestion of that narrow and much used thoroughfare and that the remedy for congestion and blockades is possessed in a considerable degree by the merchants whose places of business are on Thames street. If the merchants whose shops are located on the west side of Thames street will arrange to have their own vehicles and the vehicles of their customers stand, while unemployed, on the wharves adjacent to said shops and grant the privilege to do likewise to their neighbors on the east side of Thames street then congestion and blockades would be unknown.

The ordinance provides that the chief of police shall designate places where unemployed vehicles shall stand, but, not being desirous of appearing arbitrary and endeavoring to avoid the necessity of imposing a hardship on any shopkeeper I suggest the foregoing arrangement as an easy and convenient solution of existing difficulties.

All vehicles, on all streets, should stop with their right side toward the curb, and no vehicle should stop or stand at the intersection of any street, nor within 10 feet of a street corner, nor should any horse be left unattended on any street unless he is securely tied to a post or weight, or unless one or more of the wheels of the vehicle to which he is harnessed are securely tied, fastened or chained.

Every driver having charge of any horse or vehicle should, while on any public street or wharf, remove the same to another place on such street or public wharf when directed to do so by any policeman in uniform or who shall display his badge, and, in case of refusal or neglect to comply with such direction, such officer should be empowered to remove the same and leave the same in such other place or street, and he should also have authority to remove, in his discretion, any horse or horses, vehicle or vehicles left upon any street or public wharf not in the apparent charge of any driver or other person, to another place on such street or to another street, or to the city yard, and there leave the same.

Slow moving vehicles should be obliged to keep as close as possible to the curb on the right, so as to allow faster moving vehicles free passage on the left, and every driver of a vehicle should be obliged, in slowing up, or stopping, to give a signal to those behind by raising a whip or hand or in the event of starting to turn from a standstill or while in motion to give a signal by raising whip or hand, thereby indicating the direction in which the turn is to be made and from the fifteenth day of June to the fifteenth day of October each year vehicles on Bellevue avenue, so called, in this city, shall, between Bath road and Bowery street, head in the general direction of the traffic on the side of the street upon which they are driving and proceed as far south as Bowery street and as far north as the south side of Bath road before attempting to turn, except when delivering or taking on merchandise or passengers, and this same regulation should apply to that section of Bellevue avenue located between Pelham street and Touro street, and that, except for the reasons previously stated, all vehicles should proceed as far south as Pelham street and as far north as Touro street before attempting to turn.

No person should be permitted to crack or use a whip so as to annoy, interfere with or endanger any person or excite any horse other than the one which he is using, and no one should be permitted to enter on, go upon, ride upon, cling to or support himself, wholly or in part, upon any vehicle or part thereof while such vehicle is standing upon or passing over any part of any street without the express permission of the owner or the person in charge of such vehicles.

Vehicles should keep to the right except when passing a vehicle ahead, and upon meeting another vehicle it should pass to the right, and in overtaking another vehicle it should, in passing, keep to the left and should not leave the line on the right unless there is a clear space of at least 50 feet in advance on the left, and this regulation should apply to vehicles passing a street car which has stopped to take on or allow passengers to alight.

A vehicle turning to the right into another street should keep as near to the right curb as possible and in turning to the left into another street shall, so far as the vehicle will permit, pass to the right and beyond the centre of the intersecting street before turning, and a vehicle crossing from one side of the street to the other should do so by turning to the left and heading in the general direction of the traffic on that side of the street.

No person having charge of a vehicle on a street should refuse on neglect to stop the same or place the same when and as directed by a police officer, notwithstanding any regulations to the contrary.

The ordinance should provide a substantial penalty for non compliance with the regulations embodied.

Unclassified.

This document contains a correct record of the apprehension and disposition of offenders who are arraigned before the honorable court but makes no mention of the almost innumerable complaints that are investigated and disposed of without such arraignment.

Husbands, charged by their wives, who can ill afford to have them prosecuted because in the event of conviction the wife and family would suffer most, with intemperance, cruelty and insufficient support, are sent for and talked to and usually induced to mend their evil ways.

Erring youths and maidens are constrained to follow more closely the straight and narrow path, chauffeurs possessed of the speed mania are warned that an additional complaint will result in prosecution, family and neighborhood quarrels are amicably settled and scores of juveniles accused of petit larceny, malicious mischief, fighting, playing ball, throwing missiles and discharging air rifles on the highways and violating the provisions of the curfew ordinance are rounded up, compelled to make good the damage committed, divested of rifles, admonished, and released.

Conclusion.

To the mayor, the Honorable Patrick J. Boyle, for his unfailing consideration and impartiality we give our heartiest thanks, congratulating him on having for associates a Board of Aldermen composed of men of ability, affairs and sound business acumen.

We thank the Honorable Representative Council for the much needed advance in the pay of patrolmen and for the interest displayed in their efforts to provide a suitable police station.

To the dwellers in the city and to the administrators of its government we wish a successful, prosperous and happy new year.

Very respectfully,
James R. Crowley,
Chief of Police.

OIL-BURNING LOCOMOTIVES.

New Haven Road's Tests Successful and Experiments to be Further Extended.

It is reported in Boston that orders have been given by the New York, New Haven & Hartford for converting 22 locomotives into the type for burning oil instead of coal. In a small and quiet way the New Haven road has been experimenting with oil fuel for some time past. For a month or so the Cape train from Boston has been drawn by an oil-fed locomotive. The new Haven has had the benefit of the Boston & Maine's experience in running oil-fed locomotives through the Hoosac Tunnel, to get rid of the smoke and coal-dust nuisance. From an indirect source it is reported that the Cape train locomotive has made a saving of approximately $12 a day in running expenses. Furthermore, it is said to have kept closer to the schedule on running time than was true of the runs with coal as fuel.

It is reported that the trains which run to the Cape in the summer months, when the service is increased, will be handled entirely by oil-fed locomotives, teh ostensible reason being to prevent forest fires. One of the big items handled by the claims department of the New Haven is that regarding losses sustained, according to the claimants for damages, through fires started from a locomotive spark. The Cape district abounds in thickly wooded lands and and many serious forest fires in that region have been laid at the door of the railroad. From the oil-fed locomotives there are no sparks, hence the annual saving in this particular might go a long way toward making oil a more economic and satisfactory fuel than coal on this one branch of the road at least.

People who live along the route traveled by the Cape train, and who have known for some time of the experiment being tried, have watched the passing of the train with considerable interest. They say that there is only a small volume of smoke from the engine's smokestack and that is of a light shade, almost white, with a tinge of blue. When a little of the oil escapes into the fire box it flashes up brilliantly. The oil fuel makes considerabe noise, much after the same effect an automobile without a muffler for the exhause.

WHY THE WIND BLOWS.

Tendency of Hot Air to Rise Forming Vacuum for Cooler Currents is Basic Principle.

[St. Nicholas.]

The wind, like other things of every day life, rarely invites notice, unless it is unusually "high," and rarely do we hear the questions, "Why does the wind blow?" "Why doesn't the wind blow?" What is this wind that rushes "out of the nowhere into the here?" Why should it blow at all, or why sometimes so gently and at other times with the resistless force of the hurricane?

The wind could have no power, it could not even exist, if the air had no weight, this weight having been shown to be about 31 grains for each 100 cubic inches of air. When air is put in motion the effect is like that obtained by throwing a ball against an object. The harder you throw the ball the harder it will strike, and the greater the number of balls thrown at one time the greater will be the force of the blow. When the wind is blowing, it strikes what it blows against, and the harder it blows (that is, the greater the speed of the air) the harder it will strike against the resisting object.

What causes the wind to blow or why the air should be in motion is not easy to explain. Simply stated, it is caused by the tendency of hot air to rise, and thus to form a partial vacuum into which the cooler surrounding air rushes, in much the same way as water will rush downward to seek its level. If the earth were smooth, if it did not rotate, and if there were no sun, the air would be motionless. When the sun shines on a wide space of the earth, the air of that region becomes heated, this great volume of warm air rises, and the cooler, heavier, surrounding air flows in to take its place. As the earth rotates, there tends to be formed a ring of heated and rising air with currents inflowing at the bottom and at both sides. This is the condition that prevails near the equator and causes the trade winds that blow so steadily. The rotation of the earth causes the wind south of the equator to flow toward the northwest, and that north of this line to flow toward the southwest.

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Unquestionably Offers the Greatest Values Ever Given in the City.

The extremely low prices make it of decided interest to every person to do all the shopping possible for present and future needs.

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Ladies' 15c. Hose, regular and outsizes, ribbed tops 10c
Ladies' 50c. Cashmere Hose .. 29c
Lot Misses' Black and Tan Hose, formerly 25c., broken sizes, now 15c
Misses' Fine Ribbed Black Cotton Hose, sizes 5 to 7, our 17c. quality 12½c
Children's 10c. Fine Ribbed Hose, small sizes 5c
Infants' 25c. Cashmere Hose, black and colors, 4 and 4½ 15c
Men's 17c. Tan Cotton Hose 12½c
Men's White Wool Underwear medium weight, usually $1 79c
Men's 50c. Medium Weight Underwear, in white and camel's hair, sale price 42c
Boys' 26c. Fleece-Lined Underwear, all sizes 19c
Ladies' 50c. Union Suits 39c
Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Underwear, medium weight, fine quality, regular and extra sizes, regularly $1.00 79c

FOOTWEAR.

Children's Shoes, sizes 5 to 8 regular price 79c. 59c
Misses' Shoes, all styles, formerly $1.39 $1.19
Misses' $1.59 Shoes $1.39
Little Gents' Shoes, usually $1.10 98c
Little Gents' $1.00 Shoes 89c
Ladies' $3.50 Shoes, patent or gun metal $2.79
Ladies' Rubbers, low heel, plain or storm, sale price 49c
Lot Men's Shoes, broken sizes, for this sale $1.79
Men's Heavy Working Shoes, sizes 9 to 11, regularly $2.00, now $1.49

Rugs, Carpets, Mattings, Oilcloths and Linoleums at 25 per cent Discount.

FURNITURE.

Quartered Oak Library Table, oval top, 23x48 inches, reduced from $10.00 $7.00
Imitation Mahogany Library Table, 4 feet long, 28 inches wide, regularly $12.00 $9.00
Quartered Oak Library Table, 2 feet long, 23 inches wide, formerly $9.50 $6.50
$12.00 Sectional Bookcase, of quartered oak, 6 sections $8.50
$13.50 Quartered Oak Morris Chair, large size $10.00
$2.89 Parlor Table, of quartered oak, 20 inch round top $2.00
3-Piece Parlor Suit, removable cushions, usually $30.00 $17.00
$25.00 Office Desk, of light quartered oak, 32x54 inch flat top, double row drawers $18.00
$19.50 Oak Wardrobe, double doors, stands 6½ feet, 3 feet wide $7.50
$16.50 White Enamel Bureau, large oval bevel edge mirror, sale price $12.00
$8.50 Solid Oak Dining Table, 6 foot extension $6.50
$6.50 Serving Tables, of American quartered oak, now $4.75
$1.25 Oak Dining Chairs, high back 89c.
$1.25 Oak Book Cases, 21 inches long, 3 shelves 89c.
Folding Book Case, 30 inches high, 3 shelves, $1.50 grade $1.19
Folding Book Case, 40 inches high, formerly $1.89 $1.49
Oak, Imitation Mahogany, and Leather Upholstered Rockers at very unusual reductions.
Coat and Hat Wall Racks, all metal, suitable for bungalows, $1.50 quality, 1.00
Coat and Hat Wall Racks, of oak, with mirror, hooks of stag horn, regularly $1.98 $1.50
75c. Oak Wall Racks, 9 hooks, 50c.
89c. Oak Wall Racks, stag horn hooks, now 69c.
$2.25 Fire Screens $1.50
$16.00 Cooking Stove $10.00
Oakland Belle Range, No. 7, nickel trimmed, with shelf, former price $27.00 $20.00
$7.50 Coal Heater, 48 inches, high, reduced to $4.75

SKIRTS and WAISTS.

Ladies' Dress Skirts, in black and colors, formerly $4.50 and $5.00 $3.98
Ladies' Black Sateen Petticoats, regular $1.00 quality 79c.
Ladies' Black Silk Petticoats, formerly $2.19, $3.29, and $4.98, now $1.98, $2.75, $3.98
Ladies' Colored House Waists, regularly 50c. 39c.
Lot Ladies' White Lawn Waists, reduced from 79c. and 98c., some slightly soiled 59c.
Ladies' $1.00 Wrappers and House Dresses, sale price 85c.
Ladies' Eiderdown Bath Robes, usually $3.98 and $5.00 $2.98, $3.50
Ladies' $1.98 White Wool Coat Sweaters, to close at 98c.
$10.00 Black Caracul Fur Set, reduced to $7.50
Children's Tams and Stocking Caps, 50c. value 35c.

NOTIONS.

10c., 12½c. and 15c. Box Stationery, 24 sheets and 24 envelopes 8c.
Ladies' 89c. and 75c. Pocketbooks, sale price 59c.
Ladies' $1.00 Pocket Books 79c.
500-yd Spool Basting Cotton 3c.
6 doz. Hooks and Eyes, black or silvered, for 5c.
Black Darning Cotton 1c. ball
Ladies' 50c. Pad Hose Supporters, sale price 39c.

HAMBURGS and LACES.

Heavy All-Over Venise Laces, in white and cream, $1.00 value 79c.
All-Over Lace Tucking, 32 inches wide, white only, $1.00 kind 79c.
Lot 35c. and 39c. Hamburg Embroideries 25c.
Lot 19c. and 25c. Hamburg Embroideries 12½c.
Lot Colored Silk Trimming Braids, always 25c. 17c.
Ladies' 25c. Initial Handkerchiefs, all linen 19c.

BOOKS.

Children's 12½c. and 15c. Picture Books 8c.
Boys' and Girls' 25c. Books 19c.

TOILET ARTICLES.

15c. Bottle Tooth Powder 10c.
10c. Cake Soap and 15c. Aluminum Soap Box, both 10c.
Assorted Lot 10c. Soaps 5c.
Finola Polish, sale price 2c.
Ladies' Shell Back Combs, set with stones, sale price 19c.
39c. Hair Brushes, reduced to 25c.

RIBBON DEPT.

5-inch Black Silk, Satin, and Taffeta Ribbons, our regular 25c. quality 17c.
No. 2 Satin Back Velvet Ribbons, in colors, for this sale 7c.
Lot Ladies' Kid Gloves, imperfect only by being spotted, formerly 75c. and $1.00, now 25c.
Fleisher's Knitting Worsted, in natural, mixed, large skeins, usually 29c., sale price 22c.
Lot 10c. Yarns, ball or skein 5c.

DOMESTICS.

36-inch Brown Cotton 8c.
Bleached Cotton, 1 yd. wide, fine soft finish 9c.
12½c. Domet Flannel, 1 yd. wide, reduced to 10c.
Small lot Cheese Cloth, slightly damaged 3½c.
Romanis's Turkey Red Damask, now 21c
Turkey Red Damask, Hate's best quality, usually 50c. 42c.
1 piece White Linen Suiting, 36 inches wide, 50c. grade 39c.
Scrim Curtains, 3 yards long, antique edge and insertion, regular $4.00 quality $3.25

COTTON UNDERWEAR.

Ladies' $1.25 and $1.39 Skirts, lace or Hamburg trimmed 98c.
Ladies' $1.00 Skirts, 3 rows lace insertion, and lace trimmed, sale price 75c.
Ladies' 50c. Corset Covers, of fine nainsook, low neck 39c.
Ladies' Muslin Drawers, lace or Hamburg trimmed, formerly 50c. and 75c. 39c.
Ladies' $2.50 and $2.98 Gowns, prettily trimmed, sale price $1.69
Ladies' Combination Short Skirt and Corset Cover, regularly $2.49 $1.69

169-163 Thames Street.

ONLY ONE

The Record in Newport is a Unique One.

If the reader has a "bad back" or any kidney ill and is looking for relief and cure, better depend on the only remedy endorsed by people you know. Doan's Kidney Pills relieve quickly—cure permanently—Newport citizens testify to this. Here is a case of it:

P. S. Bosworth, 35 Spring St., Newport, R. I., says: "My experience with Doan's Kidney Pills occurred two or three years ago. At that time my kidneys were very weak and resulting from this was an almost constant pain in my back. The kidney secretions were also irregular in passage and added greatly to my annoyance. Hearing Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended, I was led to procure a supply at Wright & Hay's Drug Store and I can say that the results of their use were very satisfactory. Should I ever have need of a kidney remedy again, I would at once get Doan's Kidney Pills, knowing that good results would follow their use. Several weeks ago I gave this remedy to a friend who was suffering from kidney complaint and its use proved exceedingly beneficial."

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Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

New Wall Paper.

Our new line is now complete in all styles and grades. Chambrays, papers with cretonnes to match. Crown papers and cut out borders.

Special attention is called to our inexpensive chamber papers in florals and stripes.

JOSEPH GRAHAM
68-70 Spring St., Mayer Build'g
Largest Wall Paper House in Town.

FERNS.

We have some exceptionally large and nice Ferns, Boston & Whitmain, which we are selling very cheap.

SEEDS.

Our new and reliable seeds from the celebrated seed house of J. M. Thorburn and Company, have arrived and we are able to fill your wants for early plants.

HOUSE HOLD GOODS.

We carry at all times wash Boilers (both tin and copper), tubs, (galvanized, fibre and wood) all sizes Coal Hods, Ash Sieves, all kinds of Tin and Enamel Ware, Nickle, Enamel and Stone Tea and Coffee Pots.

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Animal basis, supplying the lacking elements in barnyard manure, seaweed, and for best results should be used in connection with it.

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5 ton orders .50 per ton less.
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Terms C. O. D. Orders now, no goods carried in stock.

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Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works 3 West Marlborough street. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

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Prepared, delivered,
36 bushels - $4.50
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Price at Works,
Prepared, 11c a bushel
Common! 9c a bushel

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In order to better accommodate the increased and constantly increasing use of the public telephone, the Daily News has added another wire to its editorial and reportorial rooms The numbers for that floor will be 783 or 783. The lines are keyed so that if one is busy the other may be used.

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Scallops, Eels, Finnan Haddie and Salt Cod

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Large Navel Oranges

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The Newport Journal
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is especially adapted for mailing.

FATE OF OLD ASTOR HOUSE.

Continued from Second Page.

In the Aster in the Allen and Dam days. At the end of the day, the two partners opened the cash-drawer, paid off their servants, and what debts had been run up during the day, and pocketed what was left over. They kept no bank account. Each man took half of the day's net profits. At any time they could have closed the hotel and gone out of business ahead of the game.

Allen—his full name was Flaylus J. Allen—was a great one for keeping scrap books. It was from these books that most of the Aster House's early history has been gleaned. After Allen died, in 1901, his widow became lessee, and her nephew, Alfred H. Thurston, is the present manager. Thurston treasures those scrap books Allen kept more than anything else in the office.

How Daniel Webster, in his dressing gown, received a Whig committee bearing news of his defeat in the convention of 1852; how Henry Clay received word of his nomination with Frelinghuysen in 1844; how Lincoln "put up" there on the occasion of his Cooper Union speech; how Pierce, Van Buren, Buchanan, Taylor, Seward, Choate Douglas, Andrew Jackson, Jefferson Davis, used to stop there when they came to New York; how Hawthorne, Dickens, and Washington Irving once foregathered there; how Black Hawk, standing on the front steps marvelled at the passing throng; how Edgar Allen Poe used to pick up news items in his corridors, when he was editing Graham's Magazine; how Jenny Lind, Rachel, Fanny Elsler, Macready stayed there when they played in New York; how Thackeray chose it as his stopping place; how Walt Whitman, Kossuth, the Prince de Joinville, Grand Duke Alexis, and Edward VII (then Prince of Wales) were among its patrons at one time or another—all these are incidents in the life story of the Aster House.

To tell the hotel's history from the beginning, you must delve back into Revolutionary days. Just before the war, there lived in a double dwelling on the corner of Vesey street and Broadway two English army officers, Colonel Axtell and Major Rutherford. Next doo o Broadway, there was a vacant lot used as a garden. On this plot, Rufus King, once minister to England, built a home after the war. Next door on Broadway, there was a and further on, near the corner of Barclay street, was Richard Harrison's house. When they confiscated the Axtell and Rutherford dwelling after the war, it became the home of Lewis A. Scott, secretary of state.

Around the corner, a No. 8 Vesey street, lived John Jacob Astor. He started to acquire what is now the site of the Astor House by buying Rufus King's house in the garden, and then renting it to Edward Livingston, mayor of New York. Later he occupied it himself, and they say he frequently entertained Washington Irving, Fitz-Greene Halleck, and other authors there. Little by little Mr. Astor added to his land holdings, until he owned the entire block. In 1830 he engaged an architect, Isaiah Rogers, to draw plans for what was to be the most elaborate hotel in the land. Rogers took a whole year working up his design, and it was not until 1832 that they laid the cornerstone. People doubted the wisdom of Mr. Astor's venture at the time, for the northwestern limits of the business districts were at Chambers street. The hotel cost $350,000 and was finished in 1835. The next year it was opened, under the management of Frederick Boyden, who had been running the Tremont House in Boston. He brought with him Charles A. Stetson to be his clerk.

The new hotel had a hard struggle to keep alive in those early years. They couldn't make it pay. Boyden, after the first year, formed a partnership with Stetson and Robert H. Coleman. Three heads were no better than one, and Boyden finally gave it up; so did Coleman. Stetson stayed. Stetson was not much of a hand at managing a hotel, but he had a lot of friends and he always made them feel at home in the Astor House. He got his son-in-law, John E. Devlin, to help him, and later he turned over the reins to his son. Under the firm name of Charles A. Stetson's Sons, the hotel lasted four more years. Then, in 1875 the auctioneer stepped in and ended the Stetson regime.

Webster was one of Stetson's best friends. When Webster put up at the Astor House, he always got the best rooms in the house—a parlor, bedroom, and dining room—just across the hallway from No. 11, the room Stetson reserved for his especial friends. Stetson never would let Webster pay for his lodgings. They were his whenever he came to town if there was anybody else there when Webster arrived unexpectedly, somebody had to pack up and get out. They were cronies, were Daniel Webster and Charles A. Stetson. The last time Webster left town for his home in Marshfield, he turned to Stetson and said: "Farewell, old friend. We have known and loved for more than 20 years. You will find a little present from me in the office."

It was in the Webster suite that the memorable interview was held between Webster and the Whig delegates for had failed to cause his nomination for President at the convention in Baltimore. Webster had set his heart on being the Whig candidate in 1852. The Baltimore convention gave him only 29 votes, to 131 for General Scott, and 133 for Millard Fillmore. The 29 Webster delegates finally swung over to Scott and gave him the nomination. Webster was crushed. He left Washington and returned home by way of New York, stopping off to seek consolation from his old friend Stetson of the Astor House. It happened that John C. Calhoun and Silas Wright were stopping there at the time. They knew how hard Webster had taken defeat, and when the Whig delegates called to explain how it all happened, they led the visitors to Webster's room. It was past midnight and the defeated candidate came to the door in his dressing gown and slippers. He did not give their spokesman time to open his mouth.

"Gentlemen," he told them, "my public life is ended. I go to Marshfield to sleep with my fathers, carrying with me the consciousness of duty done. When perilous times come to you, as come they will, you will mourn in bitterness of spirit your craven conduct and your base ingratitude. Gentlemen, I bid you a good night."

Next day Webster left for home, and it was the last they saw of him at the Astor House. He died two weeks later, and they tore down the partitions of the Webster suite in the hotel where he used to hobnob with Stetson, who never would let him pay a cent for anything. Stetson lived in what used to be his friend's bedroom, declaring that no stranger should ever make his quarters there.

It was at the Astor House that Henry Clay received formal notification of his nomination for President with Frelinghuysen in 1844. Clay was a regular patron of the place. He was another of Stetson's close friends. They tell how Clay went to hear Jenny Lind sing in Castle Garden one night, and the next day walked down the Astor House steps just as the singer was being escorted to her carriage by her manager, P. T. Barnum. The two were formally introduced by Mr. Barnum, there in front of the hotel. Barnum's museum stood near a the way, and they say that Thackeray liked to sit outside the hotel and study the pictures of the big show.

There were some great men at the Astor House in the Civil War days. William H. Seward was a great friend of Stetson, and in the dark times before the war the pair held many conferences at the hotel. Thurlow Weed and his little coterie used to meet there. In the campaign of 1856, General Fremont and his family lived in the hotel, and both Admirals Farragut and Porter registered there many times after the war. Andrew Jackson's name appears on the old register four times. At his death, as at the death of Webster, Clay, Garfield, Harrison, and a number of other public men, the front of the Astor House was draped in black.

A FIGHT TO A FINISH.

Fierce Struggle Between a Nubian Lion and a Polar Bear, in Which the Former Won.

A furious fight to a finish between a fierce Nubian lion and a monster Polar bear took place at Mundy's Animal Show, in Jacksonville, Fla. The bear was badly beaten, but everybody admitted that he had made a splendid fight. Both beasts were absolutely game all the way through. The lion carried on the fight under considerable difficulties, as toward the close the keepers were shooting him and jabbing him with redhot irons. The bear owed his defeat to his weakness in offensive tactics. In strength, weight and endurance he was fully equal to his opponent.

The fight naturally divided itself into rounds, although, of course, no time rule was observed. After a fierce bout the monsters would rest for a few moments and then go at it again. The fight lasted ten rounds.

The Polar bear had angered the lion in some way, possibly by his color or his cold and reserved manner. The keepers were first aware of the trouble when the lion smashed the partition of iron bars that separated him from the bear.

The lion is a magnificent beast, 6 years old, which is the prime of life in his family. He has a very thick mane and a horrid roar. When he roars he turns up his nose and his upper lip and displays two rows of glistening fangs. He weighs 500 pounds. The name Roosevelt was given him because he was so fierce and handsome. The Polar bear is an equally fine specimen of his family. He tramps around his cage all day in a restless manner, but rarely utters a sound. He weighs 560 pounds. He is called Peary, in honor of the Arctic explorer.

Roosevelt started the fighting by landing with the left paw on Bruin's right shoulder. Owing to the enormously thick fur on the bear the blow did little damage, although the fur flew. Peary showed a desire to get to close quarters. Roosevelt preferred to use his agile feet, delivering quick, vicious blows and hopping aside with lightning swiftness. The first round was principally open fighting of this kind, Peary losing much fur.

In the second round Roosevelt landed heavily on Peary's nose, knocking off a considerable portion of it. Peary seemed groggy, and Roosevelt seized the oportunity to throw in a dozen savage blows. Peary, however, had plenty of stamina. He backed up against the bars and rose on his hind legs. When Roosevelt leaped at his throat he caught the lion a fearful blow on the side of his head, knocking him to the floor with a great thud. Both then needed a rest.

In the third round Roosevelt went at once for Peary's injured nose. The latter, however, dodged cleverly. While Roosevelt was rushing past Peary the latter squeezed him against the bars and began clawing and chewing at his relatively uncovered hind quarters. Roosevelt was unable to hit back effectively, but finally succeeded in dragging himself away, uttering fearful howls and roars as he did so.

Roosevelt opened the fourth round in a sensational manner by leaping high into the air and landing on Peary's back. This worried the rather slow bear, and Roosevelt was left at liberty to dig into his back for some seconds. By a terrific effort Peary threw Roosevelt sideways off his back, so that the lion landed on the floor with a great crash.

The proprietor of the show and all the keepers were now around the cage doing what they could to separate the fighters. The owner realized that every time the lion landed on the bear he knocked $50 worth of value off him, not to speak of the possibility that both might be killed. At first the keepers tried long poles and iron rods on the raging beasts, but these were utterly disregarded. They smashed the poles like matches and knocked the iron rods back so that the men holding them were injured.

In the fifth round the lion appeared a little groggy as the result of his furious and breathless fighting. He panted heavily and trembled as he hit out at Peary. The latter pressed his opponent steadily. He tore large patches of skin from his body and seemed very nearly victor. Suddenly the lion roused himself and gave the bear a fearful blow on his already much damaged nose. Peary stepped back. That was the signal for a brief return to their corners.

The lion began hostilities in the sixth round by fixing his teeth in Peary's left hind leg. The bear tried to shake him off but the lion hold on like death.

One of the keepers here intervened by jabbing a red hot iron against the lion's muzzle. A fearful stench of burning flesh and hair filled the air. The lion was at last compelled to let go of the bear. He jumped back snarling horribly at the human intruder. The bear seized the opportunity to throw himself on the lion and bury his teeth in the latter's back. The keeper then turned the iron on the bear and the fight was stopped for a few moments.

Roosevelt quickly recovered from the weakness he had shown and began the seventh round with a great rush. He tore Peary's coat until he was nothing but a shapeless mass of bloody tattered fur. The unfortunate bear tried to hug the lion, thinking no doubt that would stop his jabs, but the lion did not care for this method of fighting. Peary rose up on his hind legs and Roosevelt dealt him a right paw smash that tore most of the fur off his chest.

The two fighters danced around and rolled over one another so rapidly that the keepers were unable for the time to make any attempt to separate them.

The ninth round began with both fighters groggy, but still in the ring. The lion had had his right paw bitten through. His mane was nearly all torn away. His back and hind quarters were badly damaged. His left leg was nearly useless. He could not see out of his right eye.

The bear was much more badly off. There was not a space on him as large as a man's hand that was not torn and bloody. His head was in such a deplorable condition that his nose and eyes were unrecognizable. All his paws were bitten through. His back was literally ploughed by the lion's claws. Still, they kept on fighting. They growled, roared, shrieked, moaned and muttered as they did so.

The bear now accomplished what he had been trying all along to do. He got the lion in his deadly embrace. He got a fair grip. But this move proved after all to be Peary's ruin. The bear hugged the lion until the by-standers could hear the feline fighter's bones creak and groan. The lion gasped almost breathless, but still he managed to get his teeth into the under side of the bear's throat, one of the most vulnerable parts of his body.

In this deadly embrace the tenth round was fought out. The bear kept on squeezing, the lion kept on gripping with his teeth. The throat grip was more than the bear could stand. Slowly he relaxed his grip and sank on his back beaten and half dead.

The lion stood over him snarling as if he meant to eat him. At this moment a courageous keeper stepped up and smote Roosevelt between the eyes with an iron bar. He then seemed to think he had had enough and dragged himself back to his cage quietly, where he was barred in.

The circus men secured the animals with ropes, and four veterinary surgeons were set to work on their wounds. They bound them up with antiseptic dressings wherever they could and in other places used large strips of plaster.

The lion will probably recover, but the condition of the bear is desperate.

A New Summer Foulard.

This foulard is in violet of two shades, with a trimming of violet colored satin. The lavender parasol has a border in violet tones and the white Neapolitan hat is simply trimmed with a garland of violets and white gardenias.

THIEVES BREAK INTO A JAIL.

Two masked burglars broke into the jail of a small town in Pennsylvania, and bursting open the door of the cell in which the only prisoner was confined robbed him at the point of a revolver of $20. The burglars then escaped and the prisoner who was being held on a trivial charge, went out and notified the police.

LONG TRIP WITHOUT COALING.

Battleship Delaware Reaches Rio de Janeiro on Economy Speed of Ten Knots an Hour.

Report has been made to the Navy Department of the long leg covered by battleship Delaware in transporting the body of Senor Don Anibal Cruz, the late minister from Chili, to his native country. The Delaware left Hampton Roads January 31, arriving at Rio de Janeiro Thursday. In these 16 days the Delaware covered 4,600 miles. This was a daily progress of approximately 288 miles, or 12 miles an hour.

On extended steaming radius, such as this, where no stop is made, economy speed is regarded as 10 knots an hour. Should a vessel increase this speed her supply of coal is liable to run low. The Delaware will leave Rio de Janeiro February 23 for Valparaiso, where she is due about March 11.

AMERICAN CATHOLICS NUMBER 14,618,761.

There are at present 14,618,761 Roman Catholics in the United States, according to the 1911 Wiltzius official Catholic directory, which is now in press. The figures do not include the Catholics in the Philippines, Porto Rico or Hawaiian islands.

EGZEMA BROKE OUT ON BABY

"When my baby was two months old, she had eczema and rash very badly. I noticed that her face and body broke out very suddenly, thick, and red as a coal of fire. I did not know what to do. The doctor ordered castile soap and powders, but they did no good. She would scratch as it itched, and she cried, and did not sleep for more than a week. One day I saw in the paper the advertisement of the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, so I tried them at once. My baby's face was as a cake of sores. When I first used the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, I could see a difference. In color it was redder. I continued with them. My baby was in a terrible condition. I used the Cuticura Remedies [Soap and Ointment] four times a day, and in two weeks she was quite well. The Cuticura Remedies healed her skin perfectly, and her skin is now pretty and fine through using them. I also use the Cuticura Soap to-day, and will continue to, for it makes a lovely skin. Every mother should use the Cuticura Remedies. They are good for all sores, and the Cuticura Soap is also good for shampooing the hair, for I have tried it." (Signed) Mrs. Drew, 210 W. 15th St., New York City, Aug. 28, 1910.

Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the world. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, Mass., for free booklet on the skin.

THE NEWPORT JOURNAL
Is especially adapted for mailing.

A Wise Precaution

Is taken every day by thousands of sagacious housewives. They save themselves labor, insure perfect cleanliness and expel disease from their homes by adding a tablespoonful of that wonderful germicide and "Liquid Cleanliness,"

Cabot's Sulpho-Napthol

to every pail of water which they use in making their homes clean and healthy.

Besides lessening their labor one-half and cleaning better, this wonderful antiseptic dispels and kills all germs of disease and makes the homes in which it is used delightfully refreshing and positively healthful.

Sold only in yellow packages by druggists and grocers, 10c., 25c., 50c., 75c. and $1.00. Beware of imitations.

SULPHO-NAPTHOL COMPANY
Torrey Building, 14 Medford Street
SAWYER CRYSTAL BLUE CO., Selling Agts.
83 Broad Street, Boston, Mass.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.

UPHOLSTERING
AND
DRAPERY WORK

In all its Branches.

Furniture Stored, or Packed and Shipped to All Parts of the World.

J. W. HORTON & CO.,
42 Church Street.

MATTRESSES

Made over.

Upholstering, Furniture Covering.

W. F. SPINGLER,
BELLEVUE AVENUE.

"HIGHLAND."

A particularly fine Lehigh Coal. Very economical for furnace use.

FOR SALE BY

PINNIGER & MANCHESTER CO.

341 Thames Street.

Tel. 144.

"The Ideal of Perfection"

one eminent authority says, "Pears' Soap realizes more closely than any other." "Most refreshing and agreeable of balms for the skin" says another. Try Pears yourself and you will agree that this famous soap sold

At An Ordinary Price

is of the highest quality in every particle. It cleanses thoroughly—repairs the harm common soaps may have done and is matchless for the complexion. Pears is economical, goes farthest, lasts longest. In every particular your good taste and your judgment will approve

Pears' SOAP

15c. a Cake for the Unscented.

The Sirolin Sentinel

Sirolin (Pronounced Sir-o-lin): The celebrated Swiss remedy for coughs and colds.

NEWPORT, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1911.

To Avoid Colds

Keep Your Feet Dry

It is better to go out without your hat and coat on a damp and raw day than to walk around in the wet and slushy streets in thin-soled or low shoes.

The first thing to do to prevent colds is to keep your feet dry.

Then wear the right kind of clothing—and that means the kind that is loose warm and comfortable.

Then get into the habit of sleeping with your windows open. Fresh air has never killed anybody—but foul air has killed millions.

Then eat the proper food—nourishing food, and plenty of it.

Then always have a bottle of **Sirolin** at hand, and take it regularly in cold or damp weather, and whenever you have been exposed.

If these directions are followed until they grow into a habit, you will never be bothered by colds, or bronchitis, or coughs, and the grippe epidemics will pass you by

What Sirolin Is

Sirolin is not only the world's standard remedy for colds, coughs, influenza, bronchitis, grippe, and other pulmonary affections, but it is tonic and reconstructive in its action, as well.

It stimulates the appetite, improves the digestion, aids the assimilation of food, nourishes the tissues, and is potential in retarding that waste of tissues and that poverty of blood which are among the most prominent features of progressive consumption.

Sirolin contains no morphine, codeine, habit-forming or constipating drug

Sirolin for Coughs and Colds

THE SIROLIN COMPANY, 365 & 367 Canal Street, New York

CLOTHING.

Dinner Suits, Dress Suits,

The Latest Styles and Materials,

Otto, Men's Tailor, 244 Thames St.

FURRIER.

LADIES—
Why do you send your fur coat out of the city to be remodeled and repaired, when you can have it done here by an experienced furrier.

PINTO The Tailor.
116 SPRING STREET.
Tel. Connection.

NEW PERFECTION

Wick Blue Flame Oil Cook-Stove

The stove for quick summer cooking and a cool kitchen. Fine for baking-day, ironing-day and wash-day. On or off, high or low as required. Clean and simple. Three sizes.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(Incorporated)

The Traveling Man Telephones.

"HELLO! This is John—I've just come in all right. How are all the folks?"

On his arrival the traveling man seeks the nearest Bell Telephone Station.

His first thought is for the loved ones at home, and he hurries to assure them of his safety.

Over five million telephone stations comprise the Bell System. Every man's home should be included in the universal system.

PROVIDENCE TELEPHONE CO.

Contract Department.
142 Spring Street.

THE TRADES.

Benj. F. Tanner,
Contractor and Builder.
Distributing Agent for
THE CELEBRATED ASBESTOS CENTURY ROOFING, SLATES AND LUMBER.
These slates or shingles can be applied by your own builder. The expense to all builders the same.
Storehouse, Bridge St.
Telephone 561.

J. Joseph M. Martin,
MASON CONTRACTOR.
Mason work in all its branches, Brick Work, Cement Work, Plastering, etc. Tel. 1116
13 NARRAGANSETT AVE.

Daniel J. Mahoney, Mason Work
I will give you an estimate to take down your old ceilings, replacing them with new ones, or concrete your cellar, repairing your chimneys, tiling your bathroom, fireplaces, vestibules, etc. Jobbing of all kinds attended to.
Residence 18 Pond Avenue.

HEADQUARTERS
For First-Class
PLUMBING
STEAM and GAS FITTING
ELECTRICAL WORK.
LINCOLN HAMMETT,
Tel. 848 Mary Street.

Alexander Nicol,
GENERAL CONTRACTOR.
If your roof leaks have me to look it over and I will repair or renew at a small cost. Repairs of all kinds promptly attended to.
Shop 25 Newport avenue. Telephone 1649. All calls noon or after 5 o'clock promptly attended to.

M. A. McCORMICK,
General Contractor and Builder
Concrete Building Blocks, Boards for Jig Saw Work,
MILL WORK
IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
Plans and Estimates Furnished.
Office and Mill 4 Sherman Street.

R. L. OMAN, JR., & CO.,
Successors to Goddard and Barlow,
Tin and Sheet Iron Workers,
General Jobbing.
Near 100 Thames Street.
Telephone 1113.

CEMENT WORK PLASTERING
TILE SETTING BRICKLAYING
JAMES M. MEIKLE,
Agent for CORK TILE,
Estimates given on Jobbing Promptly.
All kinds of work attended to.
OFFICE MORTON AVENUE.

MORGAN BROTHERS
Contractors and Builders
All kinds of Mason Work, Bricklaying, Plastering, etc., at short notice and lowest prices.
6 DEAN AVENUE.
Telephone 1488

Chas. M. Hughes,
Carpenter and Builder.
General Jobbing a Specialty.
Residence 7 Francis St. Tel. 1[illegible]

BANISH PLUMBING WORRIES
The next time any part of your plumbing refuses to work, springs a leak or needs repairing or replacing, take the shortest cut to satisfaction and PEACE OF MIND by phoning or consulting
T. B. Connolly,
Contracting Engineer,
Plumbing, Heating and Ventilating.
A large supply of pipe fittings and valves of every kind always on hand.
239 THAMES STREET,
Perry Mill Building.
Phones—Office 106. Residence 1[illegible]

Lynch Brothers Machinists
KINSLEY'S WHARF.
Our new machine shop is now fully equipped with machinery for carrying on a general machinist business.
ENGINES and MACHINERY Overhauled and Repaired.
Steam and Water Piping, etc.

HUDSON RIVER Blue Crushed Stone
For paths and driveways.
J. K. SULLIVAN

THE NEWPORT JOURNAL
Is especially adapted for mailing.

Talk to the point, and stop when you have reached it. Be comprehensive in all you say or write. To fill a volume about nothing is a credit to nobody.—John Neal.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Chambermaid and waitress; hours of employment from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. Must sleep at home. Address Box 22, Daily News Office.

WANTED—An apprentice and also young girl to sew with dressmaker. Apply 11 Spring street.

WANTED—A girl or woman (white or colored) for general housework, two or three a week. Address Box 9, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply at 108 John street.

WANTED—Girl to do cooking, washing and ironing, where upstairs girl is kept. Apply 45 Everett street.

WANTED—Agents between ages 25 and 45; guaranteed salary $10.00 per week and commissions. Married men preferred. Address Box 50 Daily News Office.

GENERAL WANTS.

BARGAINS IN STOVES. A large assortment of new and second-hand heating stoves from $2.50 up. Call and examine them. The I. X. L. Company, 126 Broadway. Tel. 1605.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A gray sweater at "Idle Hour" Dance in Realty Hall last evening. Return to 9 Broadway.

FOR RENT, ROOMS AND BOARD.

In the Daily News Building.

There is a front office in the Daily News building and a connecting one which will be rented together or single. They have good light, steam heat and care of janitor and tenants have use of lavatory. Apply at Daily News Counting Room.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Modern improvements; steam heat. Rooms from $1.50 a week and up; meals if desired.

WM. HANSON, Prop., 22 Prospect Hill street.

WANTED—To rent, a small cottage, or apartment, in good neighborhood, for adults. Address Box 16, Daily News Office.

TO LET—Cottage 13 Bliss road (ten rooms and bath; all improvements,) apply J. A. Barker, 346 Thames street.

TO RENT—Lower tenement 45 Elm street, near Washington. Modern improvements. Apply at 45 Elm street.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICES.

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, Mrs. N. McMahon, 19 John street near Spring. First-class help supplied at short notice. Tel. 946.

MRS. HODGSON, INTELLIGENCE OFFICE, Broadway Opposite City Hall. ENGAGEMENTS WANTED. Tel. 788.

MASSAGE AND CHIROPODISTS.

DR. E. C. HOLLOWAY, Foot Specialist and Electrolysian, Ingrowing Nails, Hair Moles and Warts removed. Treatment painless. Massage. Open evenings. Tel. 841 Office 79 Spring St.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Invalid's Rubber Tired Wheel Chair. We pay highest price for House or Office Furniture. The I. X. L. Company, 126 Broadway, Tel. 1605.

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE. ONE ON DARTMOUTH AND ONE ON SUMMER STREET. The Barker Building & Realty Co. 105 BRADWAY.

FOR SALE, Plot No. 28 in the Island Cemetery. Address Box B, Daily News Office.

AUCTION SALE Every Thursday at 10 A. M. AQUIDNECK HALL, 83 MILL ST. Goods received daily (except Thursday). Cash paid for all kinds of household goods. Lower tenement to let off Broadway, all modern improvements. W. F. ADAMS, Auctioneer. Tel. Hall 937. House 1218.

MILLINERY.

SCHREIER'S. 143 THAMES STREET.

GREAT MILLINERY SALE.

All our untrimmed hats in felt, satin, velvet and smooth beaver reduced to .98, $1.50, $1.98.

Trimmed hats reduced to $1.98, $2.98, $3.98, $4.98.

Ostrich Plumes to be sold at greatly reduced prices.

Phone 1132.

Architect Johnston, 59 MILL STREET, Prepares plans and estimates for buildings, and alterations of all kinds.

LUMBER, all kinds—Flooring, Sheathing, Finishing, Sash, Doors, Storm Sash, Hotbed Sash, Blinds, Windows, Mill Work all kinds—Cabinets, Mantels, Screens, Hardware, Nails, Locks, Hinges, etc. Ready-Mixed Paint, Shellac, Oil, Lead, Colors, Glass, Varnish, Wax, Gasoline, etc.

SHINGLES, Extra, $4.00 a 1,000. Clears $3.15 a 1,000

KINDLINGS DRY—1 Barrels delivered $1.00. 59 MILL STREET

The Newport Journal AND WEEKLY NEWS, is especially adapted for mailing.

A SUCCESS FOR REVOLUTIONISTS.

[Continued from First Page.]

Mexicali is without telegraphic communication eastward.

NAVARRO REMAINS IN JUAREZ.

Infantrymen and Cavalry Leave in Direction of Guadaloupe.

EL PASO, Feb. 17.—After 60 hours of inactivity, following his arrival from Chihuahua, General Navarro's forces marched out from Juarez this morning. The 500 infantrymen, 200 cavalry and two field pieces went east in the direction of Guadaloupe, where Madero, Gonzales, and the insurgent chiefs are located. They should reach Madero's location in about five hours. Navarro remained in the city.

Officials of the Mexican Northwestern Railway report that Orozco and Blanco, the two insurrecto leaders, have finally effected a junction of their forces and are located near Ascencion, about 60 miles southwest of Juarez. The insurrectos cut all the telegraph wires on the Mexican Northwestern between Guzman and Casas Grandes.

Brigadier General Joseph Duncan, commanding the department of Texas, arrived here from San Antonio. He will inspect the United States patrols on the river today.

IN A HYDRO-AEROPLANE.

Glenn Curtiss Alights on Water Alongside Cruiser Pennsylvania.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Feb. 17.—Using one of his hydro-aeroplanes Glenn Curtiss alighted today on the water alongside armored cruiser Pennsylvania and was hoisted on board. Soon afterwards the aeroplane was dropped back into the water and the aviator flew away to his hangar on North Island.

The test was made to show the Navy Department that an aeroplane equipped like that of Curtiss does not need a specially constructed platform on a ship's deck to make it of practical use to the navy.

PASTOR FOR TWO YEARS.

Rev. Alfred Budd of Barington Receives a Call.

BARRINGTON, R. I., Feb. 17.—Rev. Alfred W. Budd, pastor of the Barrington Congregational Church, has received a call to the pastorate of the First Congregational Church at North Brookfield, Mass. Mr. Budd is a graduate of the Yale Divinity School and has occupied the pulpit of the church here for two years.

MORMON CHURCH ATTACKED.

Tabernacle Choir of Salt Lake Give Up Proposed Trip to New York.

SALT LAKE, Utah., Feb. 17.—On account of the attacks on the church in magazine articles, the first president of the Mormon Church has forbidden the proposed visit of the Tabernacle choir to New York, next fall. The choir had been offered a large sum to sing an irrigation ode before the national land show next October. The edict was delivered by Anton H. Lund, first councilor to President Smith. He informed the choir that, in view of the bitter attitude of the eastern magazines toward the Mormons, the first president did not think the choir would meet with a cordial reception at this time, and would not approve of its tour.

STRIKE IN TWO FACTORIES.

Knights of Labor Cutters in Lynn Demand Increase in Price List.

LYNN, Mass., Feb. 17.—For the first time in eight years a strike of the Knights of Labor Cutters was declared in two Lynn shoe factories today, when 46 cutters quit at the factory of the Thomson—Crooker Company, and at the factory of Timson & Co. The strikers demand an increase in the price list for certain grades of work. It is understood the firms had conceded other demands.

The strike followed quickly on the recent election in the cutters' assembly of the Knights of Labor, when the so-called insurgent element defeated the conservative element. As a result of this election Stephen M. Walsh, an "insurgent" succeeded to the leadership of the organization, defeating I. Boyden Armstrong, the national master workman of the organization. The executive board of the cutters' assembly, which called the strike, is "insurgent" in its personnel.

NEW TEXTILE INDUSTRY.

Weave Factory to be Erected by Dunn Worsted Mills in Woonsocket.

WOONSOCKET, Feb. 17.—An increase to the textile industry of this city is expected in the erection of a new weave shop by the Dunn Worsted Mills. The mill now employs about 350 operatives and the new building, work on which is soon to be begun, will substantially increase that number.

RAGING OVER GERMAN COAST.

A Number of Vessels Damaged by Hurricane Put in at Cuxhaven.

CUXHAVEN, Germany, Feb. 17.—A hurricane has raged on the German coast since last night. A number of vessels in a damaged condition have taken refuge here. Several craft have grounded in the Baltic sea.

SUFFERING FROM LUMBAGO.

William Rockefeller, Ill in New York, Expected to be About Soon.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—William Rockefeller, brother of John D. Rockefeller, and active for many years in the management of the Standard Oil Company, is confined to his home on Fifth avenue with an attack of lumbago, following a cold which he contracted a few days ago. First reports had it that Mr. Rockefeller was suffering from pneumonia, but it was said at the Rockefeller residence today that his ailment was nothing more serious than lumbago, resulting from his cold settling in the muscles of his back, producing a painful but not dangerous condition. No symptoms of pneumonia had developed, it was said, and it was expected that Mr. Rockefeller would be about as usual in two or three days.

THREE TYPES OF DISEASE.

Rochester Suffers from an Epidemic of Grip and Influenza.

ROCHESTER, N. Y. Feb. 17.—Rochester is suffering from an epidemic of grip and influenza, physicians estimating that there are 4,500 cases in the city. There are three types of the disease and the after effects are said to be more serious than the disease itself, frequently terminating into pneumonia. Factory, office, and store forces are depleted by the large number of employes affected.

HOBSON BILL IN THE HOUSE.

An Act to Encourage Development of the American Marine.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The Hobson bill to encourage the development of the American marine and to promote commerce and the national defense was reported favorably to the House today by the committee on merchant marine, by a vote of 9 to 3.

MANTELS AND FIREPLACES.

The Ornamental Hearths of Today Should Have Some Elements of Attractiveness

An eminent architect is once reported to have said that he gauged the temperament and character of a new client's views as to mantels. He held that a man to whom a fireplace was a fireplace and nothing more, a mere hole in the wall, was a person barren of artistic instincts and devoid of anything save utilitarian principles. Said a less famous but by no means humble craftsman, speaking in this connection: "I should enthusiastically undertake a commission wherein ideas of exterior and interior embellishment, as well as general design, are left entirely to me, but if I am to respect my client he must display some individuality in the matter of mantels and mural tones, because so far as I am concerned his failure in this respect stamps him as a Philistine. It's all a little fancy of mine, and, of course, I am now referring to more or less expensive houses where the question of decoration is not altogether limited by financial expediency."

So far as mantels are concerned, no great outlay, as a matter of fact, is required in the indulgence of taste. Nothing, indeed, lends itself so effectively to simplicity and cheapness. Many a settler of Colonial days went out into the fields, dug up the material for his mantel and then, quite unconsciously constructed a masterpiece which became a model for future generations of architects. From this it must not be inferred that all "old" mantels deserve to be copied. Many and grievous are the sins which builders of new houses are daily committing in the way of mistaking age for art; one is by no means a corollary of the other. For it must be remembered that in Colonial times fireplaces were necessities; today in a large sense they are luxuries, ornaments. Taking our forefathers by and large, as the nautical saying is, they were not of a mind to go to the trouble of enhancing their necessities, and, in the case of exceptions, the results more often than not were hardly qualified to enlist the pride of discerning descendants.

Nowadays unless a mantel has at least some elements of attractiveness the owner thereof is regarded as a man who neglected an opportunity, for, after all, in these days of furnaces and steam heat a fireplace has no excuse for presence in a room if it be not beautiful. This is not to say that they are to be considered only as ornaments; indeed, it is difficult to consider with equable mind those creations whose spurious suggestions of comfort and assumption of cosey virtues they do not possess offer false allurement.

One of the most stunning mantels in this city is that in the Georgian dining room of the Harvard Club, the stones, of which and the woodwork above it have turned black with the smoke of several genial winters. Like the great fireplace at the Hotel Nassau at Long Beach, Long Island, with its roaring driftwood flames, the Harvard Club mantel holds one of those whole-souled hearths which are no less useful in the way of disseminating good cheer to man than in dominating an apartment with an artistic atmosphere. Not all fireplaces do this, even when enhanced by glowing logs or coal. There is a fine art in adjusting a mantel to a room. A fireplace copied life size from a mantel that did service in a baronial hall and placed in anything but a large high apartment produces the anomalous effect of a small man with a large hat. The hat may be a fine one, but it doesn't fit.

The architect quoted in the foregoing also stated that our wisest home builders were they who sought inspiration from mantels of the Georgian era, in England; of the Early French Renaissance, or of old Florence and other Italian cities. Perhaps he has never been in Virginia, or in Middlesex county, Massachusetts.

PROTECTION OF CHAMPAGNE WINE.

The French government bill for the certification and protection against all counterfeits of the champagne veritably manufactured in the true champagne district is before the chamber, and expected to become law. The protection of the genuine champagne wine is rendered easy by reason of the peculiar processes of its manufacture, and likewise by the fact that the industry is conducted only in a small number of centres. Since it is practically impossible to adulterate champagne wine when once it has been bottled, it is considered sufficient to superintend and to isolate the genuine product from the moment that it comes from the vineyard until it is put into bottles. In order to effect this purpose, a system of state control is to be instituted for the transport of the wine from the presses of the growers to the cellars of the manufacturers, and the latter are to be bound to store all "alien" wines in cellars which are to remain separate and distinct from the champagne cellars. A tax of 5 centimes a bottle, payable by the manufacturer, is to be imposed in order to cover the cost of state control. These regulations, a breach of which will be punishable by fines up to $1,000, are to come into force three months after the promulgation of the law. "Vouchers of origin" are to be issued to the growers and manufacturers in respect of all wine grown in the champagne region, and the name "champagne" is to be used to denote solely sparkling wines grown and manufactured in that region.

NEIL M'LENNAN, Ladies' and Men's Tailor, 114 Broadway, Opp. Mann Ave.

ATTRACTIVE GOODS, ATTRACTIVE PRICES. Special prices for December and January.

Do Your Savings Earn Four Per Cent? Are Your Investments Absolutely Safe?

Any amount deposited in THE ISLAND SAVINGS BANK Draws interest from the first of each month.

THE ISLAND SAVINGS BANK, 38 Washington Square.

Savings Bank of Newport. INCORPORATED A. D. 1819.

Wm. H. Hammett, President. G. P. Taylor, Treasurer. H. G. Wilks, Assistant Treasurer. Wm. P. Carr, Secretary.

Deposits - - - -	$8,502,728.86
Guaranty Fund - - -	500,000.00
Other Profits - - - -	257,216.89

GIVEN AWAY FIVE-PIECE SILVER TEA SET

Drawing April 15, 1911.

One Coupon with every 25c. purchase.

THE LEDDY CO., SPECIALTY SHOP, Sherman Building, 140-142 Thames St.

B. Altman & Co.

ANNOUNCE THAT CATALOGUE No. 103, FOR THE SPRING AND SUMMER SEASONS, IS NOW READY FOR DELIVERY AND A COPY WILL BE MAILED ON REQUEST.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

LEAKY ROOFS.

If your roof leaks cover it with Regal or J—M Asbestos Roofing. These are made from the best materials obtainable, the Regal is guaranteed by a $3,000,000 concern, the 1-ply for 5 years the 2-ply for 7 years and the 3-ply for 10 years, the Asbestos needs no paint or coating for its protection and is the only absolutely fire-proof ready roofing. Samples and prices gladly given.

Tarred Roofings. Amatite. Asbestos Shingle

S. W. COGGESHALL, 201 THAMES ST.

BAUSCH & LOMB BALOPTICON.

For the School, Home, Church and Lodge $68.50.

Brilliant results are obtained with the lantern slide attachment. With the Opaque attachment one can show on the screen Photographs, Maps, Diagrams, Drawings and Post Cards in their natural form and color.

Demonstration to anyone interested from 5 to 6 o'clock at my store, any afternoon.

GEO. H CHASE. - 33-35 Broadway. Phone 644

THE DAILY NEWS TELEPHONES. When calling the Daily News Office on business use number 17 or, if that is busy, 9008. If the editorial or reportorial rooms are to be reached or information is desired on current news, call 782 or 782.

HAYMAN & NASON PAINTERS and DECORATORS 16-17 FRANKLIN STREET. Dealers in Painters' Supplies.

February Fifteenth.

Deposits in our Participation (Savings) Account on or before February 15 draw interest from the 1st instant.

Industrial Trust Company, Capital $3,000,000. Surplus $3,000,000. NEWPORT BRANCH, 303 Thames Street.

Insist on Your Bank Living Up to Its Pledges

All right—but let us remind you to live up to your own pledges of thrift and economy and have your own bank account.

Best of all, be assured that the bank you select for your needs meets every requirement of service and character.

A little investigation will determine this for you. Worth while, surely?

AQUIDNECK NATIONAL BANK, NEWPORT, R. I.

Tel. 1096, 1097.

HORNBLOWER & WEEKS, 33 Bellevue Avenue.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

We execute investment orders of all kinds, from one share up.

We also deal in inactive securities, both local and otherwise.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17. Wall Street—The market opened with Amalgamated Copper 63⅛, American Cotton Oil 59⅝, American Smelting and Refining 77⅝, Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe 105⅝, Baltimore & Ohio 104½, Canadian Pacific 210½, Chesapeake & Ohio 83⅝, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul 125½, Erie 31, Great Northern preferred 128, Interborough-Metropolitan 19⅝, Interborough-Metropolitan preferred 53½, Missouri Pacific 56⅝, Missouri, Kansas & Texas 34, New York Central 110⅞, Northern Pacific 126¾, Pennsylvania 126⅞, Reading 157 to 156⅝, Rock Island 31½, Southern Pacific 118, Southern Railway 27½, Union Pacific 177 to 176⅝, United States Steel 78⅞ & 79, Lehigh Valley 176⅝

11—Speculation was nervous and with a yielding tendency. Following the opening there was a general improvement in which Chesapeake & Ohio made up its initial loss, but the higher prices, as has been frequently the case of late, brought out abundant offerings and the market sagged sharply. Reading, United States Steel and Union Pacific were sold extensively, but these issues, and the market in general, returned to last night's level or above before the expiration of the hour. Missouri Pacific rebounded from 56⅛ to 58. Wisconsin Central broke 2¾.

Noon—The feature of the market during the morning session was its resistance to continue selling in contrast with the marked weakness displayed yesterday under similar conditions. Bear pressure was met with support of a significant character and the shorts hastily covered, carrying prices substantially above yesterday's closing. Some selling was induced by the announcement of the illness of a leading capitalist, but when an authoritative statement was issued, declaring that it was not of a serious nature, the upward movement assumed greater headway. Stocks in which the family interest is reported to be very large were the strongest in the list. Amalgamated Copper, New York Central and St. Paul gained about 1 point and United States Rubber more than 2. Bonds were steady. Money on call steady at 2⅝ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4 to 5 per cent. Exchanges $318,161,383; balances $13,113,095.

[Furnished by Hornblower & Weeks —33 Bellevue Avenue.]

Amalgamated Cop	64½
Am Car & Foundry	55½
Am Locomotive	41
Am Smelt & Ref	78½
Am Woolen	33½
Anaconda Ming	39¾
Atch Top & San Fe	105⅞
Atantic Coast Line	122
Baltimore & Ohio	104¾
B'kln Rap Trans	78¾
Canadian Pacific Ry	212
Chesapeake & Ohio	84⅝
Chic Mil St. Paul	126½
Chic & Northwestern	147½
Col Fuel & Iron Co	34⅛
Consolidated Gas	141½
Can Pfd	80¾
Denver & Rio Grande	33¾
Erie	31⅝
General Electric	153½
Great Northern pref	128½
Gt Northern Ore	62¼
Interboro Met	19⅝
Interboro Met pref	54
Lehigh Valley	176
Louisville & Nash	146¾
Mo, Kan & Tex	34⅞
Missouri Pacific	58
National Lead	56⅝
N. Y. Cent. & Hudson	111½
N. Y. Ontario & West	43⅝
Norfolk & Western	105⅞
Northern Pacific Ry	126⅝
Pennsylvania R. R.	127½
Pressed Steel Car	35
Reading	157⅝
Republic Iron & Stl	34⅝
Rock Island	23
Southern Pacific	118
So Ry	27½
Texas & Pacific	28½
Union Pacific	178
Utah Copper	45½
U. S. Rubber	44¼
U. S. Rubber 1st. Pfd.	112⅞
U. S. Steel	79⅞
U. S. Steel Pfd.	010
Va-Carolina Chem	65½
Wabash	16½

BOSTON MARKET.

Cal & Hecla	595
Greene Copper	8½
E Butte	17⅝
North Butte	23
North Butte	29
Shoe Mach	57
U S Fruit	188
Nevada Cons	19
Utah Cons	12¾
Swift	101½
Franklin	10
Am Tel & Tel	145⅝
N Y N H & H	[illegible]

If anyone away from Newport desires to keep thoroughly posted in all the news of his home town both great and small let him subscribe to

THE NEWPORT JOURNAL —AND— WEEKLY NEWS.

The paper contains each week several pages of HOME NEWS that no one at all interested in Newport affairs can afford not to know.

Subscriptions at $2.00 may begin at any time.

To get the most hot water, and use the least coal buy a

Spear's Range

The best range sold in every respect.

Sole Agent,

Wm. K. Covell,

163 Thames Street.

DON'T QUARREL With Your Watch.

Probably your watch isn't to blame, it would keep good time if you would let it.

Every watch needs cleaning, regulating and a little repairing now and then.

You can't expect a watch to keep good time forever without any attention.

Bring your watch to us when there is anything wrong with it. We keep only the **MOST SKILLED WORKMEN** and guarantee to repair any watch made. **As it should be repaired** and at a reasonable cost.

HERRMANN,

JEWELER, 204 THAMES ST.

Abram Almy Co.,

Coal and Wood.

170 THAMES STREET.

Telephone 957.

Candy Bargains.

We are putting on sale the famous "Delatour" Chocolates in fancy twos, ones and half-pound boxes, regular 60c quality.

1-2-lb boxes	-	20c
1-lb boxes	-	40c
2-lb boxes	-	80c

JAMES H. DRURY & CO.

245 and 245 Thames Street.

STRAWBERRIES,
Pineapple Oranges,
Sweet Florida Oranges,
Pears, Figs and
Fancy Greening Apples.

Burlingame & Carry.

"Meet Me at Barney's."

The TWENTIETH CENTURY CIRCULATING LIBRARY

Contains 300 of the latest books at this station.
20 per day is the only charge.

There is but one

PIANOLA,

And it is sold in Newport at BARNEY'S.
The PIANOLA $250 up and the PIANOLA PIANO $450 and more.

BARNEY'S MUSIC STORE,

140 Thames Street.

BAVARIA BEER, per dozen, $1.00
MUIRS SCOTCH ALE, per dozen, 2.15
WHITEBREAD STOUT, per dozen, 2.00
NARRAGANSETT ALE, per dozen, 1.00

F. P. GARRETTSON & CO

18 and 20 WASHINGTON SQ.

Telephone 68, 69.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.

FRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Friday 7:45 P. M. Last of the series. Third Reading from the book of Job by Wm. D. Goddard (Elihu's Bombast).

FOR COMMANDER MARBLE.

Simple Funeral Service, Followed b Full Naval Honors and Escort.

Large Gathering of Officers and Friends at the War College, Preceding the Burial in Portsmouth.

The late Commander Frank Marble was buried with full naval honors today. Funeral services were held in his former quarters in the War College building this forenoon, followed by an escort of the body to the One Mile Corner, via Third street, Van Zandt avenue and Broadway, by the band and an apprentice seaman battalion of six companies. From there the party went by carriage, the interment taking place at St Mary's cemetery, Portsmouth.

Long before the hour for the service to begin the funeral party was drawn up on the parade ground in front of the War College, and there waited in the chilling blast for the order to move. Assembled in the house was a large gathering of naval officers, members of their families, representatives from Fort Adams and the Newport Reading Rooms, and others, including the full civilian staff of the Naval War College. Among those present were Admiral F. E. Chadwick, the deceased's commander during the war with Spain; Admiral S. B. Luce and Brigadier General William Ennis. The rooms were crowded.

The service was conducted by Rev. Stanley C. Hughes of Trinity Church and was confined to the strict reading of the ritual. The body bearers then entered the house and bore the body to the hearse, while the battalion did the usual honors. Carriages were filled and the journey to the cemetery was begun. The firing party were in carriages, and the body bearers were likewise provided for when the escort left the procession. In addition to the bearers a number of naval officers went to the grave as official mourners. There was a great quantity of flowers, which were transported in a separate carriage, there being nothing but the Union Jack on the casket.

The bearers were Commander Frank K. Hill, Commander W. P. Rourigan, Commander Mark L. Bristol, Lieutenant Commander C. T. Volgelgesang, Major L. H. Moses, marine corps, and Medical Inspector O. Diehl. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Commander William V. Pratt and Lieutenant Frank T. Evans was in command of the battalion, with Mate William McKay as adjutant.

Commander Marble was the son of Manton Marble of New York, a former owner of the New York World, and while of a trifle younger generation much in the same class as Horace Greeley, James Gordon Bennett and Charles A. Dana. The father is still living, at present being abroad, residing with Lady Conway, his stepdaughter.

AS TO PUMPING STATIONS.

Letter Regarding Those at Morristown, N. J., Throws Light on Gibbs Avenue Proposition.

To the Editor of the Daily News:

Dear Sir: The enclosed letter may help to throw some light on the North Gibbs Avenue sewerage proposition, and as such is respectfully presented through your columns for the individual consideration of the members of the Representative Council. Morristown, N. J., is the all-the-year-round home of a greater number of wealthy people than Newport has at any time, and its manner of handling municipal affairs, if inquired into, might prove at least a revelation if not an inspiration to some of our representatives.

John Mason.

Newport, Feb. 16, 1911.

Mr. John Mason, 45 Gibbs avenue, Newport, R. I.

Dear Sir: Mr. McIntyre has just handed us your letter of February 8, and requested that we give you what information we could about the pumping stations in Morristown.

There are four pumping stations in Morristown, all of the ejector type and operated by compressed air. Two of these stations deliver 2,000 gallons per hour each, one station delivers 7,000 gallons per hour, and the other delivers 12,000 per hour. The lifts vary from 50 to 75 feet, the force mains in all cases are six-inch and a little over 1,000 feet long.

There is no necessity of our giving you a detailed description of the construction and operation of these plants, for you can get a much better idea from the drawings and explanations in the catalogue of the Ansonia Manufacturing Company, Hudson Terminal Building, New York city.

We have the contract for operation of these plants, and since they were put in use last September they have given us practically no trouble and their operation has been entirely automatic, our man visiting two of the stations every day and the other two on every other day.

The pumping stations were designed and constructed by Clyde Potts, civil engineer and sanitary engineer, 30 Church street, New York city. The contractors were the Ansonia Manufacturing Company.

Very truly yours,
Williams, Proctor & Potts,
Engineers.

TOURISTS' BAGGAGE RULING.

Collector Loch of New York has had a conference with Assistant Secretary Curtis at the Treasury about the new personal baggage regulations, which will soon be promulgated by the customs authorities. The new regulation will leave no opportunity for varied construction as, it is claimed, the present does, it is understood that those who have been claiming that the present rule allows a returning tourist to bring in free of duty $100 worth of anything will lose their argument. The new regulation will limit the exemption strictly to personal effects.

SPOUTING ROCK AND COGGESHALL'S POINTS, FROM ACROSS HAZARD'S BEACH.
Showing the Warren, Cushing and Clews Cottages, with the Lippitt Castle at the Right, and Mrs. Pomeroy's in the Foreground.

WIN FOR THE THIRD TIME.

Algonkins Defeat the Galahads in Their Own Hall, After a Sharply Contested Game.

In the City Basket Ball League Thursday evening the Algonkins defeated the Galahads for the third time in the series, the score being 37 to 25. The game was played in the Galahad hall, and was sharply contested throughout. The Algonkins had the better of the contest at all times, but the Galahads put up a stiff fight and the former won on their superior shooting for baskets and individual play.

In the first half the Algonkins excelled in passing and shooting, the two new players, Dawley and Fitz, as forwards, showing up well. The scoring from fouls was better than usual, the Galahads counting on five of six chances and the Algonkins scoring three baskets from fouls. The period ended with the score 21 to 15 in favor of the Algonkins.

The second was much like the first so far as the score went, the Algonkins having at the end a lead of six points for the half. This period, however, was made interesting by the efforts of the Galahads to cut down the lead, at one time being within three points of their opponents. The Algonkins, however, made a final brace and scored 12 more in the last part of the period. In this half they made 16 and the Galahads 10 points.

Dawley and Underwood did excellent work for the Algonkins, while Fludder and Wrenquest did the best for the Galahads, their defense work standing out prominently. The line-up was as follows:

Algonkins.	Galahads.
Fitz, r. f.,	l. b., Fludder
Dawley l., b.,	r. b., Wernquest
Maher, c.,	c., Curtis
Kyle, r. b.,	l. f., Gibson
Underwood, l. b.,	r. f., Robinson

Score—Algonkins 47; Galahads 25. Goals from floor—Fitz, Dawley, Maher 3, Kyle 2, Underwood 9; Wernquest, Curtis, Gibson 2, Robinson 6. Goals from fouls—Maher, Kyle 3, Fitz; Fludder, Wernquest, Curtis, Gibson, Robinson. Referee—McMahon. Umpire—Brown. Scorer—Johnson. Timer—Hickey. Time—Two 20-minutes halves.

The standing of the teams in the league is as follows:

	Won	Lost	Percentage
St. Joseph's,	9	3	.750
Father Mathew,	8	5	.615
Tigers,	6	4	.600
Algonkins	7	5	.583
Galahads,	5	7	.417
Y. M. C. A.,	0	11	.000

The Algonquin Blues defeated the Galahad Pages by a score of 12 to 10 at the Algonquin club. F. Hieken was the star of the game, making 10 points.

The Peerless Athletic Club five went to Fall River Thursday evening and was beaten by a team from the Boys' Club of that city.

The Providence papers are claiming the state basket ball championship for the Red Sox five of that city. This is disputed by the Naval Reserve Tigers, who will try to defeat them when these two teams meet at the armory. The Red Sox are a much heavier team than the Tigers, but the latter are in hopes of overcoming this handicap by hard work. It is said that the Red Sox centre is more than six feet tall and the other men nearly as tall. This in itself gives them quite an advantage over the Naval Reserves. The Tigers do not hold their opponents lightly and are going into the game with the determination to win against odds. They are playing the style of game which made the old Naval Reserve team famous throughout the East and are in hopes that with continual practice they will be able to put up the same kind of a game.

FIVE SCHOOL LEAGUES MEET.

Calvert division, League of Good Citizenship, held its monthly meeting Thursday afternoon, Mrs. Alfred G. Langley in charge and Vice President Isabel Fludder in the chair. The report of the last meeting was read by the secretary, Miss Marian Manuel, the good order officers reported, and Misses Josephine Sproul and Leonora Roll were elected good order officers for the coming month. Four new members were elected and Mrs. Langley spoke on the city ordinance for the months. There were several reports in the letter box, on the condition of affairs in the city

Mumford division also met Thursday afternoon, Mrs. William S. Sherman being in charge and President David Johnson in the chair. After the reading of the minutes of the last meeting by the secretary, Benjamin Morgan, Rose Huntington and John Johnson were appointed good order officers for the coming month. The ordinances for the month were discussed and an expression of sympathy was extended to Miss Catherine Cottrell, in charge of Mumford, who is confined at home by a sprained ankle.

Coggeshall division, Mrs. Everett Howe in charge, and Carey division, Miss Austin in charge, also met. At the latter President Frederick Franco was in the chair and William Hummell and Annie Boghalt were chosen good order officers for the month. Lenthal division met. Mrs. William Kendall in charge and President Harry Vaughan in the chair.

"LAURA"

The barge Laura from Port Johnston has arrived in again with another cargo of that good old Pennsylvania Coal

"PERRY'S WILKESBARRE"

Thousands of tons of this gilt edge coal distributed throughout the city. Have you tried it? Call up

THE PERRY COAL COMPANY.

COAL TEST ABANDONED.

Bid of the Rhode Island Company Withdrawn and New Contract Awarded.

Protest Against a Broadway Billboard as a Danger and as a Nuisance.

The Board of Aldermen at its regular meeting Thursday evening practically abandoned the Rhode Island coal trial. The test was not conclusive, but so far as it went the evidence was against the coal. The engineer of the City Hall was still of the opinion that it was not suited for that work. Mr. Welch, who had been firing at the city Hall, said it did the work; also, that the Pennsylvania coal furnished to compare with the Rhode Island coal was better than any before used at the City Hall. This Engineer Martland acknowledged was correct. Of seven places to which the overseers of the poor sent coal only two were reported, and both were unfavorable.

Mayor Boyle explained to Mr. Welch that the board must base its conclusions on the evidence submitted by the users of coal. Even if the members should use the coal successfully in their own homes, they could not base their action on that experience, for that would be using their own money. In the case of orders for the overseers of the poor they are using the city's money and must consider whether or not the coal supplied can be readily used by the poor people to whom it is sent. The board depends on reports for this information.

All the members were present.

The weekly pay rolls were approved for the following sums: Streets and highways $777.16; police, $807.76; fire department, $199.95; city officers, $235.-04; firemen in theatres, $48.

A petition signed by Elizabeth H. Bryer and a large number of others was read, protesting against the billboard at the corner of Broadway and Bedlow avenue. It stated that it had recently blown down, narrowly missing a passer-by, and had been again propped up and is likely to fall again, endangering any who chance to be passing. It is also used as a public convenience and is a danger and a nuisance. The complaint was twofold and the petition was referred to the inspector of buildings to look into the matter of safety and to the inspector of nuisances to look into the matter of nuisance.

A communication was received from the overseers of the poor in regard to the use of the Rhode Island coal. There were five orders sent on which no report was received. One sent down town proved unsatisfactory, according to the recipient, who said he was obliged to use coke to start the fire. One sent up town was also unsatisfactory, because it was hard to kindle and the coal was dirty.

The Newport Artillery Company invited the mayor, members of the board and ladies to attend the Washington Day social of the company. The invitation was accepted.

The city solicitor reported favorably on the deed of the abutters on Albro street and the deed was accepted and Albro street declared a public highway. There was some talk before this was done. Those who knew stated that it was a regularly used way, a short cut to the Coggeshall school. Mr. Mahoney said if a street is not laid out the city should not accept it, for then it becomes liable for damages which may be incurred by passers-by. Also, it was a case of the city helping land promoters, who should do certain work to benefit their land and not look to the city for it.

Alderman Mahoney from the committee on the extension of the street car tracks on Easton's beach and to Harrison avenue, reported that the committee had a meeting with General Superintendent Seibel. The conditions and needs of the city were gone into quite fully and Mr. Seibel promised to bring the matter to the attention of the board of directors at the earliest opportunity and would present the situation as stated to him. He has since received a letter from Mr. Seibel, saying he expected to be able to write him the result in a few days.

Then the coal question came up. Engineer Martland said he could not see that the coal was fitted for use in the City Hall. The fire fouled and would not produce steam. The coal burned well enough and was not difficult to start going, but with the furnace in use it did not seem possible to make and hold steam. The draft had to be put on and this results in clinkers, which stop the draft. He thought the coal started and burned as well as any, but as the man who had come from the mines had said, there did not appear to be enough grate surface to give it the right burning chance, and when the draft was put on it did not suit the burning conditions of the coal and did not seem to produce the heat for steaming purposes.

Mr. Welch, who had been firing at the City Hall, trying the coal, stated that the coal kindled all right and burned all right, but did make some clinkers and ashes. It was not so good as the coal in the other bin, which was an extra grade and was put there for a purpose.

Engineer Martland said the other coal, Pennsylvania coal, was an extra good grade, the best he ever had. Mr. Welch said there was no slate in the Portsmouth coal. While the coal was used in the City Hall there had been no trouble about keeping the building heated. Mr. Martland said no over-night trial had been had since it clinkered so badly the first time.

There was some talk about the overseers of the poor report. Mr. Welch said he had put some chestnut and stove coal in at Dr. Clarke's and the girl had found it very satisfactory, Dr. Jacoby also reported that it had been satisfactory for his furnace.

Mayor Boyle said the board had been given two weeks for a trial of the new coal and could not act except on the reports received. As Mr. Welch saw, the reports were not satisfactory. He asked him what he would do were he a member of the board. He might be perfectly right in what he said about the coal, but apparently it did not, just now, suit the people whom the city supplies. It might be that later, when the mining goes deeper, the coal would give better satisfaction. If the members of the board tried the coal at home and found it satisfactory, that would not be a good reason for sending it to people who could not use it. The board is spending, not its own but the city's money, for this and should act in the interests of all.

Mr. Martland said they had to clean the fire three times, when two cleanings were all that were necessary with other coal. There were 11 barrels of ashes, when six was the ordinary number. Besides, it had not been real cold weather.

Mr. Mahoney said Mr. Martland's experience had been different from that of those who said it was difficult to start the fire with this coal. Mr. Martland said it was as easy to start as any coal, but it did not seem to make much steam.

It was suggested that Mr. Welch withdraw his bid for supplying coal, and he did so. This disposed of that part and the contract for supplying coal for the City Hall and orders of the overseers of the poor was then awarded to the Bowen heirs, the next lowest bidders. They also received the contract for the wood, as it was desired to have the coal and wood sent together.

There being no further business, the board adjourned.

THE ENGLISH ARISTOCRACY.

Mr. Wilkinson's First University Extension Lecture on Modern Social Conditions.

The first lecture in the University Extension course was given Thursday evening in the Rogers High School hall. In the absence of Dr. C. F. Barker, chairman of the Newport Centre, Rev. William Safford Jones, the secretary, introduced the lecturer, Louis Unfreville Wilkinson, N. A., Cambridge University, who is to give the course on "Social Conditions of Modern England," the opening subject being "The Aristocracy."

Introducing his subject, Mr. Wilkinson said he would speak of the conditions of his country from an Englishman's point of view, and invited discussion and questions. Since the course deals with present aspects of a nation's life, few text-books are of value, the reading of the British daily and weekly papers and the works of George Meredith, Thomas Hardy, Mr. Humphry Ward, E. F. Benson, and Somerset Maugham being recommended.

The course might well be called "The Social Conditions of Modern England, with Special Reference to Poverty," since the measure of a nation's greatness is the measure of the standard of living of its people. The aristocracy of England is more highly valued than that of any other country, for this reason: If a man is noble, his children are not necessarily noble, as in Germany and France. The oldest son will succeed to the peerage of the realm and to a seat in the House of Lords, but the other sons will be simply lords by courtesy and their sons will not have that title even.

The aristocrats as a whole have shown their sympathy with the lower classes, an English revolution having never been possible, as was the French Revolution. The aristocracy still has social influence, but does not countenance the vulgar display which would be indulged in by the "nouveaux riches" if they did not feel it was not "good form." The House of Lords has now not so much political influence on the Commons as formerly.

There are no rigid barriers in English society, the best blood being often found among the peasants. The fact that most people in England can refer to an ancestor of noble birth accounts for the fact that the country is called a "hobbed snobbery." Because of the lack of cohesion in the English social system there never has been and never will be a noble class, pure and simple, in England.

Mr. Wilkinson spoke of the feeling between the aristocracy and the peasants as more friendly that that between the middle class and the peasants, and characterized Oxford and Cambridge Universities, Oxford producing a type and Cambridge a well defined individuality. He also spoke of the public or boarding schools—Eton, Harrow, Winchester—as in need of reform.

At the close of the lecture, which was instructive and entertaining, questions were asked the speaker and an opportunity was given to meet him personally in the library.

RAN FROM CHANNING STREET TO OCHRE POINT.

There was a dearth of business before the court at the police station this morning. However, the blotter was not altogether idle, for about 8 o'clock it was reported that a horse had broken away from John P. Fritz's stable on Channing street, clad only in a halter. About half an hour later Mr. John T. Allan reported that he had caught a horse arrayed only in a halter, at the Drexel place at Ochre Point. It was the same horse and the same halter, and the horse had quite a run. No damage was done.

STRUCK BY AN AUTOMOBILE.

There are indications at the south window of the Titus store that something out of the ordinary happened on Thames street. There is a broken panel at the corner and some red paint or varnish or both has been rubbed from something which had the shape of an automobile wheel hub. Close by and just under the corner of the plate glass window the brass sign is dented and there is more red enamel, varnish or paint. It was certainly a close call for the plate glass, and it would have been an exciting time for any pedestrian passing the Titus store when that automobile ran on the sidewalk and struck the shop front.

POLICE REPORT FOR 1910.

Chief Crowley's Record Relating to Operations of Department.

Recommendations for Motor Patrol Wagon and Better Regulation of Street Traffic.

The annual report of Chief of Police Crowley, giving an account of the work of the police for the year 1910, is an interesting document, containing also suggestions worthy of careful consideration. It is as follows:

To His Honor the Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

Gentlemen: I respectfully submit for your consideration the following report of the operations of the police department for the year ending December 31, 1910.

Arrests.

First quarter, 227, second 298, third 314, fourth 194, total 1,033. Males 943, females 90, Adults 833, minors 200. Foreign born 277, native born 756. Residents 585, non-residents 448, on warrants 187, for violations of city ordinances 540, for violations of state laws 466, for violations of United States laws 27.

Nature of Crime.

Abandoning wife 1, adultery 5, assault and battery 93, assault with dangerous weapon 6, arson 1, non registered barber 2, breaking and entering in night-time 12, in day-time 3, suspicion of breaking and entering 2, attempt at carnal knowledge 1, carrying concealed weapons 9, common drunkards 20, common railer and brawler 5, violation of curfew law 1, common prostitutes 6, concealing death of child 1, deserters from U. S. Navy 8, disorderly person 1, drunkenness 420, embezzlement 1, evading fare 1, evading payment of food 11, fast driving of horse 3, exposing person indecently 1, fornication 6, fugitive from justice 8, fugitive from Rhode Island Home and School 1, violation of hack ordinance 1, driving horse on wrong side of street 1, idle persons 18, insane persons 22, junk dealer buying from minor 2, gathering junk without a license 4, buying junk without a license 1, keeping unlicensed dog 1, larceny of domestic fowl 4, grand larceny 3, petit larceny 90, suspicion of larceny 2, lewd and wanton persons 11, violation of lobster law 2, loitering 1, malicious mischief 16, manslaughter 1, motor vehicle exceeding speed limit 1, motor vehicle operating without a license 1, motor vehicle standing on street more than ten minutes 1, motor vehicle not properly numbered 1, reckless operating of motor vehicle 2, tampering with motor vehicle 3, maintaining common nuisance 1, night walking 8, non-support of family 12, obstructing officer 1, maintaining privy vault 1, receiving stolen goods 2, revelling 87, roller skating on sidewalk 1, safe keeping 30, runaways from home 2, sleeping out 18, slaughtering without a license 1, soliciting alms 4, stragglers U. S. Navy 20, suspicious persons 9, street lounging 2, sturdy beggar 1, taking and using horse 1, taking and using bicycle 1, throwing missiles 7, truancy 1, unlawfully wear-

Continued on Seventh Page

AUCTION SALES.

TO BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION

Two Condemned

HORSES OF THE FIRE DEPT.

SATURDAY MORNING, at 11 O'CLOCK, ON WASHINGTON SQUARE.
FRED W. GREENE, Auctioneer.
Horses may be seen daily at Fire Department Headquarters, from 10 to 5.
Conditions of sale cash.
Per Order
BOARD OF FIREWARDS.

INCUBATORS, BROODERS & HATCHERS AT AUCTION,

Saturday, Feb. 18,

at 11 o'clock, Washington Square, immediately following sale of Fire Dept. horses.
FRED W. GREENE, Auct'r.

COAL

OF ALL SIZES.

Clean Coal a Specialty.

Heirs of George Bowen,

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Flat Irons,
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Best Work in Every Branch of the Business.

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Indelible Ink,

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Tel. 304.

Carr's List

Root of Evil, by Thomas Dixon
Phantom of the Opera, by Gaston Leroux
Horseman of the Plains, by Alfred Henry Lewis
When God Laughs, by Jack London
The Bolted Door, By Geo. G. Shinn

Also **VALENTINES.**

DAILY NEWS BUILDING

3 THREE 3 CLOAK AND CAPE SPECIALS.

An Opportunity to Economize.

1st lot **$3.98**
Opera Capes of superfine broadcloth, button trimmed, with high military satin collars. New shades of purple, grey, green, tan and blue. Our regular price on this lot was $7.98. Only five garments left.

2nd lot **$7.98**
This lot is also of broadcloth with satin collars and Grecian braid trimmings. The shades are canary yellow, violet, Alice and light blue, just one of each color. The value of this garment was $10.98.

3rd lot **$9.50**
These are cloaks of French broadcloth with shawl collar, and trimming of Grecian band braid, a most exquisite garment. The shades are dove grey, violet, old rose and light blue. Only four garments in this lot, and the regular price was $14.98. These and many other desirable articles of dress are being repriced with a view to a speedy clearance as we're determined to clean up all lots before going to purchase our New Spring Styles.

The LAPPIN Store,

147 THAMES STREET.

Telephone 343.